

Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) Highlights - 2003

National Admissions to Substance Abuse Treatment Services

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration
Office of Applied Studies

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HIGHLIGHTS

This report presents summary results from the Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) for 2003. The report provides information on the demographic and substance abuse characteristics of the 1.8 million annual admissions to treatment for abuse of alcohol and drugs in facilities that report to individual State administrative data systems.

This Summary Report is issued in advance of the full TEDS Report for 1993-2003. It includes demographic data and all items from the TEDS Minimum Data Set. The Annual Report also will include data from the Supplemental Data Set, State data, and State rates.

TEDS is an admission-based system, and TEDS admissions do not represent individuals. Thus, for example, an individual admitted to treatment twice within a calendar year would be counted as two admissions.

TEDS does not include all admissions to substance abuse treatment. It includes admissions to facilities that are licensed or certified by the State substance abuse agency to provide substance abuse treatment (or are administratively tracked for other reasons). In general, facilities reporting TEDS data are those that receive State alcohol and/or drug agency funds (including Federal Block Grant funds) for the provision of alcohol and/or drug treatment services.

Major Substances of Abuse

- Five substances accounted for 96 percent of all TEDS admissions in 2003: alcohol (42 percent), opiates (18 percent; primarily heroin), marijuana/hashish (15 percent), cocaine (14 percent), and stimulants (7 percent; primarily methamphetamine) [Table 1b].

Alcohol

- Alcohol as a primary substance accounted for just over two-fifths (42 percent) of all TEDS admissions in 2003, down from almost three-fifths (57 percent) in 1993. However, 44 percent of primary alcohol admissions reported secondary drug abuse as well [Tables 1a and 1b].
- About three-quarters of admissions for abuse of alcohol alone and for abuse of alcohol with secondary drug abuse were male (75 percent and 74 percent, respectively) [Table 2a].

- Almost three-quarters (70 percent) of alcohol-only admissions were White, followed by Blacks and Hispanics (13 percent and 12 percent, respectively). Among admissions for alcohol with secondary drug abuse, 59 percent were White, followed by 26 percent who were Black and 11 percent who were Hispanic [Table 2a].

- For alcohol-only admissions, the average age at admission was 39 years, compared with 35 years among admissions for primary alcohol with secondary drug abuse [Table 2a].

Heroin

- TEDS admissions for primary heroin abuse increased from 12 percent of all admissions in 1993 to 15 percent in 2003, exceeding the proportion of admissions for primary cocaine abuse for the fifth consecutive year [Table 1b].

- About two-thirds (68 percent) of primary heroin admissions were male [Table 2a].
- Nearly half (48 percent) of primary heroin admissions were White, followed by 25 percent who were Black and 24 percent who were Hispanic [Table 2a].
- For primary heroin admissions, the average age at admission was 36 years [Table 2a].
- Sixty-one percent of primary heroin admissions reported injection as the route of administration; 34 percent reported inhalation, and 2 percent reported smoking [Table 3].

Other Opiates

- TEDS admissions for primary abuse of opiates other than heroin increased from 1 percent of all admissions in 1993 to 3 percent in 2003 [Table 1b].
- Just over half (53 percent) of primary non-heroin opiate admissions were male [Table 2a].
- Most primary non-heroin opiate admissions (89 percent) were White [Table 2a].
- For primary non-heroin opiate admissions, the average age at admission was 34 years [Table 2a].
- Almost three-quarters (74 percent) of primary non-heroin opiate admissions reported oral as the route of administration; 12 percent reported injection, and 11 percent reported inhalation [Table 3].

Cocaine/Crack

- The proportion of admissions for primary cocaine abuse declined from 17 percent in 1993 to 14 percent in 2003 [Table 1b].
- Smoked cocaine (crack) represented 72 percent of all primary cocaine admissions in 2003 [Tables 1a and 1b].

- Fifty-nine percent of primary smoked cocaine admissions were male, compared with 66 percent of non-smoked cocaine admissions [Table 2a].
- Among primary smoked cocaine admissions, 55 percent were Black, 35 percent were White, and 7 percent were Hispanic. Whites predominated (49 percent) among primary non-smoked cocaine admissions, followed by Blacks (31 percent) and Hispanics (16 percent) [Table 2a].
- For primary smoked cocaine admissions, the average age at admission was 37 years, compared with 34 years for non-smoked cocaine admissions [Table 2a].
- Among primary non-smoked cocaine admissions, 76 percent reported inhalation as the route of administration; 13 percent reported injection, and 9 percent reported oral [Table 3].

Marijuana/Hashish

- The proportion of admissions for primary marijuana abuse increased from 7 percent in 1993 to 15 percent in 2003 [Table 1b].
- Three-quarters (75 percent) of primary marijuana admissions were male [Table 2a].
- Over half (55 percent) of primary marijuana admissions were White, followed by 29 percent who were Black and 12 percent who were Hispanic [Table 2a].
- For primary marijuana admissions, the average age at admission was 23 years [Table 2a].

Methamphetamine/Amphetamine and Other Stimulants

- The proportion of admissions for abuse of methamphetamine/amphetamine and other stimulants increased from 2 percent to 7 percent between 1993 and 2003 [Table 1b].

- Over half (55 percent) of primary methamphetamine/amphetamine admissions were male [Table 2a].
- Almost three-quarters (73 percent) of primary methamphetamine/amphetamine admissions were White, followed by 16 percent who were Hispanic and 3 percent each who were Black and Asian/Pacific Islander [Table 2a].
- For primary methamphetamine/amphetamine admissions, the average age at admission was 31 years [Table 2a].
- Fifty-six percent of primary methamphetamine/amphetamine admissions reported smoking as the route of administration; 22 percent reported injection, and 15 percent reported inhalation [Table 3].
- Among persons of Puerto Rican origin, opiates (48 percent) were the most frequently reported substance at admission. They were followed by alcohol (28 percent), marijuana (11 percent), and cocaine (10 percent). Stimulants were reported as a primary substance by less than 1 percent [Table 2b].
- Among persons of Cuban origin, alcohol (34 percent) was followed by cocaine (23 percent), opiates (20 percent), marijuana (16 percent), and stimulants (3 percent) [Table 2b].
- Among Alaska Natives, alcohol (62 percent) was followed by opiates (17 percent), marijuana (9 percent), cocaine (6 percent), and stimulants (5 percent) [Table 2b].
- Among American Indians, alcohol (62 percent) was followed by marijuana (14 percent), stimulants (9 percent), opiates (7 percent), and cocaine (5 percent) [Table 2b].
- Among Asian/Pacific Islanders, alcohol (33 percent) was followed by stimulants (26 percent), marijuana (19 percent), cocaine (11 percent), and opiates (9 percent) [Table 2b].

Race/Ethnicity

Among all racial/ethnic groups except Puerto Ricans, primary alcohol use (alone or in combination with other drugs) was the most frequently reported substance at treatment admission. However, the proportion reporting use of the other four most common substances varied considerably by racial/ethnic group.

- Among Whites, alcohol (46 percent) was followed by opiates (16 percent), marijuana (14 percent), and stimulants and cocaine (9 percent each) [Table 2b].
- Among Blacks, alcohol (33 percent) was followed by cocaine (28 percent), marijuana (19 percent), and opiates (16 percent). Less than 1 percent reported stimulants as a primary substance [Table 2b].
- Among persons of Mexican origin, alcohol (39 percent) was followed by stimulants (18 percent), opiates and marijuana (17 percent each), and cocaine (8 percent) [Table 2b].

Type of Service

- Sixty-one percent of TEDS 2003 admissions were to ambulatory treatment, 22 percent were to detoxification, and 17 percent were to residential treatment [Table 4].
- Admissions for primary marijuana had the largest proportion of admissions to ambulatory treatment (84 percent) [Table 4].
- Primary heroin admissions had the largest proportion of admissions to detoxification (35 percent), followed by tranquilizers (34 percent), alcohol only (31 percent), and opiates other than heroin (29 percent) [Table 4].

- Admissions for primary smoked cocaine had the largest proportion of admissions to residential treatment (28 percent), followed by admissions for methamphetamine/amphetamine and PCP (26 percent each), non-smoked cocaine (25 percent), hallucinogens (24 percent), and sedatives and inhalants (23 percent each) [Table 4].
- More than one-third (34 percent) of 2003 TEDS admissions represented self- or individual referrals. Primary heroin admissions had the largest proportion of self- or individual referrals (59 percent), followed by admissions for opiates other than heroin (50 percent) and smoked cocaine (40 percent) [Table 4].

Opioid Treatment

- Overall, opioid treatment (treatment with the medications methadone, LAAM, or buprenorphine) was planned for 6 percent of 2003 TEDS admissions. Opioid treatment was planned for 32 percent of primary heroin admissions and for 17 percent of admissions for opiates other than heroin [Table 4].

Source of Referral to Treatment

- More than one-third (36 percent) of 2003 TEDS admissions were referred to treatment through the criminal justice system. Primary marijuana admissions had the largest proportion of admissions referred through the criminal justice system (57 percent), followed by PCP (52 percent) and methamphetamine/amphetamine (51 percent) [Table 4].

Employment Status

- Among 2003 TEDS admissions, admissions for alcohol only were the most likely to be employed (42 percent). Admissions for smoked cocaine and heroin were the most likely to be unemployed (39 percent and 38 percent, respectively). Admissions for inhalants, tranquilizers, and sedatives were the most likely to report that they were not in the labor force (53 percent, 49 percent, and 46 percent, respectively) [Table 5].

Educational Level

- Among 2003 TEDS admissions, educational level was highest (more than 12 years of education) among admissions for opiates other than heroin and sedatives (31 percent each), and alcohol only and tranquilizers (28 percent each) [Table 5].

Table 1a
Admissions by primary substance of abuse: TEDS 1993-2003
Number

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions.]

<i>Primary substance</i>	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Total	1,618,597	1,671,039	1,680,697	1,643,731	1,607,957	1,712,268	1,725,885	1,782,141	1,794,980	1,909,569	1,841,522
Alcohol	921,029	882,480	858,287	832,844	796,674	828,252	824,641	824,888	795,663	818,003	767,998
Alcohol only	558,516	518,334	494,212	473,536	445,699	462,692	461,532	459,541	436,142	450,263	426,720
Alcohol w/secondary drug	362,513	364,146	364,075	359,308	350,975	365,560	363,109	365,347	359,521	367,740	341,278
Opiates	210,008	232,063	244,110	240,971	251,417	267,010	280,145	302,673	316,864	334,983	323,886
Heroin	195,865	216,452	227,989	224,366	235,143	247,069	257,508	273,952	278,693	289,056	272,815
Other opiates/synthetics	14,143	15,611	16,121	16,605	16,274	19,941	22,637	28,721	38,171	45,927	51,071
Non-RX methadone	1,292	1,414	1,350	1,302	1,209	1,576	1,606	1,863	2,033	2,550	2,614
Other opiates/synthetics	12,851	14,197	14,771	15,303	15,065	18,365	21,031	26,858	36,138	43,377	48,457
Cocaine	281,736	297,408	278,421	263,896	236,770	254,365	242,143	240,756	231,219	245,332	249,556
Smoked cocaine	204,729	220,614	207,608	195,751	174,900	186,973	176,507	175,904	168,814	178,820	180,851
Non-smoked cocaine	77,007	76,794	70,813	68,145	61,870	67,392	65,636	64,852	62,405	66,512	68,705
Marijuana/hashish	111,418	142,906	171,344	192,918	197,840	220,173	232,105	252,728	267,121	289,299	284,532
Stimulants	28,931	45,181	63,244	52,964	68,166	71,356	73,568	84,614	101,081	127,276	136,964
Methamphetamine	20,776	33,443	47,695	41,045	53,694	56,517	58,801	67,467	82,005	105,754	116,604
Other amphetamines	7,238	10,979	14,699	10,940	13,737	14,010	13,890	15,893	17,637	20,172	19,133
Other stimulants	917	759	850	979	735	829	877	1,254	1,439	1,350	1,227

Continued. See notes at end of table.

Table 1a (continued)
Admissions by primary substance of abuse: TEDS 1993-2003
Number

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions.]

<i>Primary substance</i>	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Other drugs	21,348	21,592	21,040	19,452	18,942	21,718	26,702	31,296	33,330	30,620	29,169
Tranquilizers	4,459	4,661	4,399	4,540	4,796	5,369	5,913	6,679	7,496	8,337	7,993
Benzodiazepine	2,991	3,257	3,222	3,528	3,835	4,524	5,048	5,799	6,514	7,345	7,227
Other tranquilizers	1,468	1,404	1,177	1,012	961	845	865	880	982	992	766
Sedatives/hypnotics	3,704	3,480	3,293	3,308	3,240	3,459	3,459	3,640	3,975	4,478	4,134
Barbiturates	1,602	1,569	1,486	1,438	1,278	1,232	1,148	1,241	1,289	1,552	1,265
Other sedatives/hypnotics	2,102	1,911	1,807	1,870	1,962	2,227	2,311	2,399	2,686	2,926	2,869
Hallucinogens	2,859	2,689	3,040	2,839	2,672	2,378	2,789	3,178	3,200	2,805	2,190
PCP	3,331	3,442	3,515	2,504	1,896	1,846	2,321	2,813	3,135	3,911	4,086
Inhalants	2,883	2,676	2,311	1,974	1,819	1,603	1,423	1,334	1,271	1,219	1,170
Over-the-counter	527	583	543	550	506	486	1,091	775	636	647	695
Other	3,585	4,061	3,939	3,737	4,013	6,577	9,706	12,877	13,617	9,223	8,901
None reported	44,127	49,409	44,251	40,686	38,148	49,394	46,581	45,186	49,702	64,056	49,417

SOURCE: Office of Applied Studies, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 4.11.05.

Table 1b
Admissions by primary substance of abuse: TEDS 1993-2003
Percent distribution

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions.]

<i>Primary substance</i>	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Alcohol	56.9	52.8	51.1	50.7	49.5	48.4	47.8	46.3	44.3	42.8	41.7
Alcohol only	34.5	31.0	29.4	28.8	27.7	27.0	26.7	25.8	24.3	23.6	23.2
Alcohol w/secondary drug	22.4	21.8	21.7	21.9	21.8	21.3	21.0	20.5	20.0	19.3	18.5
Opiates	13.0	13.9	14.5	14.7	15.6	15.6	16.2	17.0	17.7	17.5	17.6
Heroin	12.1	13.0	13.6	13.6	14.6	14.4	14.9	15.4	15.5	15.1	14.8
Other opiates/synthetics	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.6	2.1	2.4	2.8
Non-RX methadone	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Other opiates/synthetics	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.5	2.0	2.3	2.6
Cocaine	17.4	17.8	16.6	16.1	14.7	14.9	14.0	13.5	12.9	12.8	13.6
Smoked cocaine	12.6	13.2	12.4	11.9	10.9	10.9	10.2	9.9	9.4	9.4	9.8
Non-smoked cocaine	4.8	4.6	4.2	4.1	3.8	3.9	3.8	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.7
Marijuana/hashish	6.9	8.6	10.2	11.7	12.3	12.9	13.4	14.2	14.9	15.1	15.5
Stimulants	1.8	2.7	3.8	3.2	4.2	4.2	4.3	4.7	5.6	6.7	7.4
Methamphetamine	1.3	2.0	2.8	2.5	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.8	4.6	5.5	6.3
Other amphetamines	0.4	0.7	0.9	0.7	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.0
Other stimulants	0.1	*	0.1	0.1	*	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1

Continued. See notes at end of table.

Table 1b (continued)
Admissions by primary substance of abuse: TEDS 1993-2003
Percent distribution

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions.]

<i>Primary substance</i>	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Other drugs	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.8	1.9	1.6	1.6
Tranquilizers	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Benzodiazepine	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4
Other tranquilizers	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	0.1	*	0.1	0.1	*
Sedatives/hypnotics	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Barbiturates	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Other sedatives/hypnotics	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2
Hallucinogens	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
PCP	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Inhalants	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Over-the-counter	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	*	*	*	*
Other	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.5	0.5
None reported	2.7	3.0	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.9	2.7	2.5	2.8	3.4	2.7

* Less than 0.05 percent.

SOURCE: Office of Applied Studies, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 4.11.05.

Table 2a
Admissions by primary substance of abuse, according to sex, race/ethnicity, and age at admission: TEDS 2003
Percent distribution and average age at admission

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions.]

Sex, race/ethnicity, and age at admission	All admissions	Primary substance at admission														
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Stimulants		Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route		Methamphetamine/amphetamine	Other stimulants						
Total	1,841,522	426,720	341,278	272,815	51,071	180,851	68,705	284,532	135,737	1,227	7,993	4,134	2,190	4,086	1,170	59,013
Sex																
Male	69.2	75.5	73.8	67.9	53.3	59.2	66.3	74.6	55.3	60.1	47.3	47.8	73.9	67.1	74.3	61.0
Female	30.8	24.5	26.2	32.1	46.7	40.8	33.7	25.4	44.7	39.9	52.7	52.2	26.1	32.9	25.7	39.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,840,915	426,568	341,196	272,749	51,058	180,807	68,663	284,432	135,723	1,227	7,993	4,133	2,188	4,085	1,169	58,924
Race/ethnicity																
White (non-Hispanic)	58.7	70.4	58.9	47.5	88.8	35.1	49.3	54.5	72.7	62.6	85.0	81.0	69.6	20.0	68.8	66.5
Black (non-Hispanic)	23.7	12.8	25.9	25.0	4.8	55.4	30.9	28.5	2.6	17.2	5.3	7.5	16.0	54.1	7.3	24.2
Hispanic origin	13.0	11.6	10.6	24.2	3.4	6.9	16.3	12.4	15.8	14.1	7.5	8.4	8.8	20.0	17.2	5.9
Mexican	5.2	6.1	3.3	5.7	1.1	2.3	5.5	5.6	12.4	7.9	1.6	3.3	3.4	11.7	12.9	1.4
Puerto Rican	4.4	1.9	4.3	13.8	1.2	2.4	5.7	3.2	0.4	1.7	3.9	2.4	2.4	4.3	0.6	1.5
Cuban	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.1	0.5	1.0	0.4	0.2	0.8	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.7	0.1	0.3
Other/not specified	3.1	3.3	2.7	4.2	1.0	1.8	4.2	3.2	2.9	3.7	1.8	2.2	2.8	3.4	3.6	2.6
Other	4.6	5.2	4.6	3.3	3.0	2.6	3.5	4.5	8.9	6.0	2.2	3.1	5.6	5.9	6.8	3.4
Alaska Native	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	*	0.1	0.2	0.1
American Indian	1.8	2.8	2.4	0.5	1.3	0.6	1.0	1.6	2.2	2.0	0.7	1.2	1.4	1.0	5.4	1.7
Asian/Pacific Islander	1.0	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.6	0.9	0.6	1.2	3.4	1.3	0.5	0.8	2.2	0.9	0.2	0.5
Other	1.6	1.2	1.3	2.1	0.9	1.0	1.8	1.7	3.2	2.5	0.9	0.9	1.9	3.9	1.0	1.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,827,252	423,533	339,268	271,012	50,728	179,958	67,995	282,301	135,110	1,207	7,941	4,117	2,167	4,071	1,153	56,691

Continued. See notes at end of table.

Table 2a (continued)

Admissions by primary substance of abuse, according to sex, race/ethnicity, and age at admission: TEDS 2003
Percent distribution and average age at admission

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions.]

Sex, race/ethnicity, and age at admission	All admissions	Primary substance at admission														
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Stimulants		Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route		Methamphetamine/amphetamine	Other stimulants						
Age at admission																
Under 15 years	1.6	0.4	0.8	*	0.2	0.1	0.3	5.9	0.5	3.2	0.8	1.3	1.6	0.3	19.3	11.5
15 to 19 years	11.0	4.2	8.5	2.8	4.9	1.9	6.0	39.7	9.4	15.5	8.1	9.1	31.1	9.8	29.5	15.2
15 to 17 years	6.9	2.0	4.7	0.5	1.6	0.6	2.7	29.1	4.5	9.5	4.1	5.4	18.0	3.6	24.4	11.3
18 to 19 years	4.1	2.2	3.7	2.3	3.3	1.2	3.3	10.6	4.9	6.0	4.0	3.7	13.1	6.2	5.1	3.9
20 to 24 years	13.3	8.9	12.7	12.8	17.2	6.2	13.0	21.9	20.2	13.6	13.0	13.0	30.1	28.4	15.4	12.3
25 to 29 years	11.6	8.8	11.0	13.0	15.8	9.5	14.4	11.8	18.3	12.6	11.8	13.9	14.8	21.4	8.9	11.0
30 to 34 years	13.1	11.1	13.8	15.0	14.9	17.6	16.9	7.8	18.1	13.1	12.8	13.0	8.1	14.9	5.7	11.3
35 to 39 years	15.2	14.7	17.7	17.0	14.0	24.3	19.1	5.6	15.1	13.2	13.8	13.5	4.9	11.4	7.6	11.3
40 to 44 years	15.1	18.3	17.7	16.4	14.1	22.2	16.5	4.0	11.2	11.7	14.5	15.1	4.7	8.2	6.2	11.1
45 to 49 years	10.2	14.8	10.8	12.8	10.4	12.0	8.7	2.1	5.0	9.1	13.3	10.7	2.7	3.9	4.3	7.7
50 to 54 years	5.2	9.2	4.7	7.0	5.3	4.5	3.4	0.8	1.5	4.8	6.7	5.9	1.3	0.9	2.2	4.4
55 to 59 years	2.2	5.1	1.6	2.3	2.1	1.3	1.1	0.3	0.5	2.1	3.0	2.4	0.5	0.4	0.6	2.2
60 to 64 years	0.9	2.5	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.7	1.3	0.9	--	0.2	0.3	1.0
65 years and over	0.6	1.9	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	0.5	1.0	1.1	0.2	*	0.1	1.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,837,949	426,011	340,622	272,343	50,909	180,583	68,447	283,915	135,588	1,225	7,960	4,125	2,186	4,081	1,168	58,786
Average age at admission	34 yrs	39 yrs	35 yrs	36 yrs	34 yrs	37 yrs	34 yrs	23 yrs	31 yrs	32 yrs	36 yrs	35 yrs	25 yrs	29 yrs	24 yrs	30 yrs

* Less than 0.05 percent.

-- Quantity is zero.

SOURCE: Office of Applied Studies, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 4.11.05.

Table 2b
Admissions by sex, race/ethnicity, and age at admission, according to primary substance of abuse: TEDS 2003
Percent distribution

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions.]

Sex, race/ethnicity, and age at admission	No. of admissions	Primary substance at admission															Total		
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Stimulants		Tranquillizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified			
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route		Methamphetamine/amphetamine	Other stimulants									
Total	1,841,522	23.2	18.5	14.8	2.8	9.8	3.7	15.5	7.4	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	3.2	100.0	
Sex																			
Male	1,273,801	25.3	19.8	14.5	2.1	8.4	3.6	16.7	5.9	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	2.8	100.0	
Female	567,114	18.4	15.7	15.4	4.2	13.0	4.1	12.7	10.7	0.1	0.7	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	4.1	100.0	
Race/ethnicity																			
White (non-Hispanic)	1,072,055	27.8	18.6	12.0	4.2	5.9	3.1	14.4	9.2	0.1	0.6	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	3.5	100.0	
Black (non-Hispanic)	433,944	12.4	20.2	15.6	0.6	23.0	4.8	18.6	0.8	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.5	*	0.1	3.2	100.0	
Hispanic origin	238,090	20.7	15.1	27.5	0.7	5.2	4.7	14.7	9.0	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	1.4	100.0	
Mexican	95,144	27.1	11.8	16.1	0.6	4.3	3.9	16.6	17.6	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.8	100.0	
Puerto Rican	79,871	10.3	18.2	46.8	0.7	5.3	4.8	11.3	0.6	*	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.2	*	0.1	1.1	100.0	
Cuban	7,069	19.1	14.5	19.3	1.0	13.7	9.4	16.2	3.0	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.4	*	0.1	2.7	100.0	
Other/not specified	56,006	24.9	16.2	20.4	0.9	5.7	5.0	16.2	7.0	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	2.7	100.0	
Other	83,163	26.7	18.9	10.9	1.9	5.6	2.8	15.4	14.4	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	2.3	100.0	
Alaska Native	4,042	40.6	21.9	15.5	1.9	3.7	1.9	8.6	4.5	0.1	0.3	0.1	*	0.1	*	0.1	0.9	100.0	
American Indian	32,473	36.5	25.1	4.5	2.1	3.4	2.0	13.5	9.0	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	3.0	100.0	
Asian/Pacific Islander	17,682	19.6	13.5	6.8	1.8	9.1	2.3	18.6	25.9	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	*	0.1	1.5	100.0	
Other	28,966	18.2	14.9	19.9	1.6	6.3	4.2	16.5	14.9	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.5	*	0.1	2.3	100.0	

Continued. See notes at end of table.

Table 2b (continued)

Admissions by sex, race/ethnicity, and age at admission, according to primary substance of abuse: TEDS 2003
Percent distribution

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions.]

Sex, race/ethnicity, and age at admission	No. of admissions	Primary substance at admission															Total
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Stimulants		Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/nonespecified	
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route		Methamphetamine/amphetamine	Other stimulants							
Age at admission																	
Under 15 years	29,628	6.3	9.0	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.6	56.6	2.3	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	*	0.8	22.7	100.0
15 to 19 years	201,527	8.9	14.3	3.8	1.2	1.7	2.0	56.0	6.3	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	4.4	100.0
15 to 17 years	126,567	6.7	12.8	1.1	0.7	0.9	1.5	65.2	4.8	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.2	5.3	100.0
18 to 19 years	74,960	12.7	17.0	8.2	2.3	3.0	3.0	40.3	8.9	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.1	3.1	100.0
20 to 24 years	245,085	15.4	17.6	14.2	3.6	4.6	3.6	25.3	11.2	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.1	2.9	100.0
25 to 29 years	212,890	17.6	17.5	16.6	3.8	8.0	4.6	15.7	11.7	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.4	*	3.0	100.0
30 to 34 years	241,507	19.6	19.4	16.9	3.1	13.2	4.8	9.1	10.1	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.3	*	2.7	100.0
35 to 39 years	279,157	22.5	21.6	16.6	2.6	15.7	4.7	5.7	7.3	0.1	0.4	0.2	*	0.2	*	2.4	100.0
40 to 44 years	277,372	28.1	21.8	16.1	2.6	14.4	4.1	4.1	5.5	0.1	0.4	0.2	*	0.1	*	2.4	100.0
45 to 49 years	186,781	33.8	19.7	18.6	2.8	11.6	3.2	3.1	3.6	0.1	0.6	0.2	*	0.1	*	2.4	100.0
50 to 54 years	95,314	41.2	16.8	19.9	2.8	8.5	2.4	2.5	2.1	0.1	0.6	0.3	*	*	*	2.7	100.0
55 to 59 years	40,896	53.1	13.7	15.5	2.6	5.8	1.9	1.9	1.5	0.1	0.6	0.2	*	*	*	3.1	100.0
60 to 64 years	16,656	64.7	10.0	10.7	2.1	4.1	1.6	1.4	0.8	0.1	0.6	0.2	--	0.1	*	3.6	100.0
65 years and over	11,136	72.5	6.9	7.2	2.0	2.4	0.8	1.3	0.5	0.1	0.7	0.4	*	*	*	5.0	100.0

* Less than 0.05 percent.

-- Quantity is zero.

SOURCE: Office of Applied Studies, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 4.11.05.

Table 3
Admissions by primary substance of abuse, according to frequency of use, route of administration, age at first use,
and number of prior treatment episodes: TEDS 2003
Percent distribution

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions.]

Frequency of use, route of administration, age at first use, and number of prior treatment episodes	All admissions	Primary substance at admission															
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Stimulants		Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified	
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route		Methamphetamine	Other stimulants							
Total	1,841,522	426,720	341,278	272,815	51,071	180,851	68,705	284,532	135,737	1,227	7,993	4,134	2,190	4,086	1,170	59,013	
Frequency of use																	
Daily	42.7	36.0	40.4	78.9	66.7	42.3	28.3	26.8	31.6	36.7	60.7	49.1	18.5	30.0	28.0	35.1	
3-6 times per week	10.8	11.5	11.3	4.7	8.1	15.0	13.6	11.7	11.4	9.4	7.5	11.0	10.3	11.2	15.6	8.8	
1-2 times per week	9.1	12.1	10.0	2.0	3.1	9.9	11.2	10.5	8.6	10.1	5.1	5.6	9.0	11.1	11.0	6.8	
1-3 times in the past month	11.5	14.4	11.8	2.6	4.7	10.2	14.4	16.4	12.3	13.9	7.2	8.4	11.1	14.3	15.4	7.7	
No use in the past month	26.0	26.0	26.5	11.8	17.5	22.6	32.5	34.6	36.3	30.0	19.6	25.9	51.1	33.4	30.0	41.7	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
No. of admissions	1,708,822	405,663	323,293	251,612	49,329	177,800	61,103	276,936	133,781	1,181	7,661	3,955	2,072	3,666	1,115	9,655	
Route of administration																	
Oral	46.7	99.1	98.8	2.0	73.6	--	8.7	2.5	5.7	53.5	94.0	88.3	72.2	6.8	4.5	57.3	
Smoking	31.7	0.6	0.8	2.5	2.7	100.0	--	96.2	56.2	34.4	2.7	4.4	17.0	87.7	4.2	18.2	
Injection	11.6	0.1	0.1	60.9	11.8	--	12.8	0.1	21.6	4.4	0.9	3.4	5.6	1.2	1.3	2.8	
Inhalation	9.5	0.1	0.1	33.7	11.1	--	75.7	0.9	15.1	6.8	2.0	3.0	4.3	3.7	88.8	4.1	
Other	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.9	0.8	--	2.9	0.2	1.4	0.9	0.4	0.9	0.9	0.6	1.1	17.6	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
No. of admissions	1,714,447	406,250	322,416	254,560	49,453	180,851	59,995	278,983	133,418	1,191	7,729	3,970	2,087	3,858	1,133	8,553	

Continued. See notes at end of table.

Table 3 (continued)
Admissions by primary substance of abuse, according to frequency of use, route of administration, age at first use,
and number of prior treatment episodes: TEDS 2003
Percent distribution

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions.]

Frequency of use, route of administration, age at first use, and number of prior treatment episodes	All admissions	Primary substance at admission														
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Stimulants		Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route		Methamphetamine	Other stimulants						
Age at first use																
12 years or under	14.3	14.4	24.3	3.3	3.8	3.8	3.8	25.5	6.1	14.9	5.0	6.6	10.5	6.6	27.5	23.2
13 to 14 years	16.4	16.0	23.7	6.8	4.3	5.0	7.0	30.9	11.3	14.6	7.4	8.2	20.5	12.6	27.5	10.5
15 to 16 years	21.2	27.3	27.2	12.7	9.4	9.6	14.4	24.7	18.1	18.6	12.1	13.4	24.6	23.0	18.7	16.2
17 to 18 years	16.1	22.2	13.9	17.0	11.8	13.0	18.1	11.2	17.1	16.1	10.8	11.8	18.2	21.9	8.8	11.3
19 to 20 years	7.9	7.7	4.3	13.2	10.6	10.8	12.9	3.5	10.8	9.7	8.5	9.2	9.2	12.7	4.8	6.4
21 to 25 years	11.1	8.1	4.0	20.2	19.1	23.1	20.9	2.9	16.6	11.8	14.5	15.0	9.9	15.4	4.1	10.3
26 to 30 years	5.9	2.0	1.3	12.6	14.3	16.2	11.3	0.8	9.8	5.4	11.5	11.3	4.1	4.9	3.5	6.3
Over 30 years	7.0	2.4	1.3	14.2	26.6	18.5	11.6	0.7	10.2	8.8	30.1	24.4	3.1	2.8	5.0	15.7
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,555,853	393,209	308,443	231,680	46,984	159,400	62,706	254,403	72,560	1,065	7,497	3,688	1,995	2,670	1,097	8,456
No. of prior treatment episodes																
None	43.3	50.4	37.2	21.8	40.4	33.2	39.7	58.2	50.1	55.0	43.9	48.3	47.0	42.4	52.7	72.5
1	23.3	22.3	23.3	21.3	25.0	24.0	25.7	24.7	26.7	21.6	22.6	23.5	25.2	26.6	18.3	14.3
2	12.4	10.7	13.9	16.0	13.7	15.3	14.5	9.2	11.9	11.2	12.1	12.1	12.5	15.0	8.4	4.9
3	7.0	5.8	8.4	10.7	7.7	9.5	7.7	3.7	5.4	5.3	7.0	6.1	6.4	6.9	5.8	2.4
4	3.8	3.0	4.7	6.7	4.0	5.3	4.1	1.6	2.3	2.6	3.7	3.0	3.4	3.3	2.5	1.4
5 or more	10.2	7.9	12.5	23.4	9.1	12.7	8.3	2.6	3.6	4.3	10.6	7.0	5.5	5.7	12.3	4.5
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,513,188	338,530	265,099	216,031	43,327	160,690	56,284	252,962	121,526	1,104	6,141	3,509	1,815	3,742	1,025	41,403

-- Quantity is zero.

SOURCE: Office of Applied Studies, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 4.11.05.

Table 4
Admissions by primary substance of abuse, according to type of service, source of referral to treatment, and opioid treatment: TEDS 2003
Percent distribution

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions.]

Type of service, source of referral to treatment, and opioid treatment	All admissions	Primary substance at admission														
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Stimulants		Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route		Methamphetamine/amphetamine	Other stimulants						
Total	1,841,522	426,720	341,278	272,815	51,071	180,851	68,705	284,532	135,737	1,227	7,993	4,134	2,190	4,086	1,170	59,013
Type of service																
Ambulatory	61.2	57.8	56.1	51.4	54.9	51.4	61.6	83.7	64.6	68.1	48.7	55.0	68.1	64.3	61.5	80.6
Outpatient	49.1	48.1	45.7	38.1	40.6	38.3	46.9	68.1	52.0	59.1	37.2	43.3	54.3	52.0	48.4	74.0
Intensive outpatient	10.1	8.8	9.9	4.6	10.5	12.2	13.9	14.8	12.5	8.9	9.8	10.7	13.2	12.1	12.7	5.8
Detoxification	2.0	0.9	0.5	8.7	3.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.1	0.2	1.7	1.0	0.6	0.2	0.3	0.8
Residential/rehabilitation	16.9	11.0	19.8	13.8	15.9	27.9	25.5	13.8	25.6	14.7	16.9	22.8	24.3	25.9	22.7	9.2
Short-term (<31 days)	8.1	6.1	11.6	5.9	9.3	12.2	11.1	5.6	9.3	5.5	9.0	13.1	10.6	7.8	10.3	2.9
Long-term (31+ days)	8.1	3.9	7.3	7.3	5.5	15.2	12.9	7.7	15.8	8.4	6.1	8.5	13.0	17.4	10.9	5.0
Hospital (non-detox)	0.8	1.0	0.8	0.6	1.1	0.6	1.4	0.6	0.5	0.7	1.8	1.2	0.7	0.6	1.5	1.4
Detoxification (24-hour service)	21.9	31.2	24.1	34.7	29.2	20.7	13.0	2.5	9.8	17.2	34.4	22.3	7.5	9.9	15.8	10.2
Free-standing residential	17.3	25.9	18.1	23.9	23.8	18.8	11.3	2.3	9.5	16.2	20.3	16.7	6.6	9.6	15.1	6.4
Hospital inpatient	4.6	5.3	6.0	10.8	5.4	1.9	1.7	0.2	0.3	1.0	14.1	5.5	1.0	0.2	0.7	3.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,841,522	426,720	341,278	272,815	51,071	180,851	68,705	284,532	135,737	1,227	7,993	4,134	2,190	4,086	1,170	59,013

Continued. See notes at end of table.

Table 4 (continued)
Admissions by primary substance of abuse, according to type of service, source of referral to treatment, and opioid treatment: TEDS 2003
Percent distribution

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions.]

Type of service, source of referral to treatment, and opioid treatment	All admissions	Primary substance at admission														
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Stimulants		Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route		Methamphetamine/amphetamine	Other stimulants						
Source of referral to treatment																
Criminal justice/DUI	36.0	40.4	33.8	14.3	15.6	25.8	35.2	57.0	50.9	34.4	19.5	26.7	44.9	52.5	31.3	28.9
Individual	34.0	30.6	31.0	59.3	50.2	40.1	31.5	16.5	24.8	29.5	38.4	36.4	24.4	25.7	29.6	39.7
Substance abuse provider	10.6	9.0	14.3	14.7	14.1	14.3	12.2	5.4	4.9	9.0	16.6	12.6	10.4	7.0	9.0	2.6
Other health care provider	7.1	8.6	7.9	4.8	10.6	7.6	7.5	5.0	5.2	7.4	15.4	11.7	8.7	4.0	13.1	10.7
School (educational)	1.3	0.7	0.9	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.3	4.5	0.4	2.4	0.6	1.2	1.1	0.3	4.5	5.2
Employer/EAP	1.0	1.3	1.0	0.3	1.3	0.7	1.9	1.2	0.5	0.9	0.9	1.1	0.6	0.5	0.5	1.0
Other community referral	10.1	9.4	11.1	6.5	7.9	11.3	11.4	10.4	13.4	16.4	8.4	10.2	9.8	9.9	11.9	11.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,744,858	406,746	323,566	251,697	48,698	176,611	60,803	272,531	131,600	1,179	7,640	3,900	2,060	3,806	1,107	52,914
Opioid treatment¹																
Yes	5.7	0.4	0.3	31.9	17.0	0.4	0.7	0.4	0.3	1.0	1.5	1.3	1.6	0.5	0.8	1.0
No	94.3	99.6	99.7	68.1	83.0	99.6	99.3	99.6	99.7	99.0	98.5	98.7	98.4	99.5	99.2	99.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,744,553	405,553	321,354	268,236	48,676	173,754	66,206	268,138	121,448	1,170	7,666	3,842	1,993	4,039	1,089	51,389

¹ Treatment with the medications methadone, LAAM, or buprenorphine.

SOURCE: Office of Applied Studies, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 4.11.05.

Table 5
Admissions by primary substance of abuse, according to employment status (aged 16 and over) and education (aged 18 and over): TEDS 2003
Percent distribution

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions.]

Employment status (aged 16 and over) and education (aged 18 and over)	All admissions	Primary substance at admission														
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Stimulants		Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route		Methamphetamine/amphetamine	Other stimulants						
Total admissions aged 16 and over	1,774,684	422,101	334,289	272,114	50,669	180,229	67,895	243,931	133,641	1,166	7,808	4,009	2,065	4,028	833	49,906
Employment status																
Employed	28.6	41.6	28.1	16.8	29.3	17.2	29.6	30.8	23.9	30.1	21.8	25.8	27.2	19.9	17.7	31.7
Full time	21.4	33.3	21.0	12.3	22.7	12.4	23.3	20.6	16.1	22.2	15.9	18.8	18.3	14.3	11.4	24.3
Part time	7.2	8.3	7.1	4.5	6.6	4.7	6.3	10.1	7.8	7.9	5.9	7.0	8.9	5.5	6.2	7.4
Unemployed	31.4	27.8	27.6	37.8	34.1	38.7	32.1	28.2	33.7	30.1	29.7	28.1	28.4	37.0	29.1	29.7
Not in labor force	40.0	30.5	44.2	45.4	36.6	44.2	38.2	41.0	42.4	39.8	48.5	46.1	44.4	43.2	53.2	38.6
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Admissions aged 16 and over	1,659,485	395,335	314,913	258,315	47,456	168,250	61,883	232,579	127,304	1,083	7,101	3,810	1,936	3,894	769	34,857
Total admissions aged 18 and over	1,681,754	415,709	321,803	270,855	49,982	179,316	66,415	184,587	128,863	1,070	7,572	3,849	1,757	3,922	658	45,396
Highest school grade completed																
0 to 8	6.7	7.4	5.8	7.6	4.6	5.7	6.9	5.7	6.0	6.5	6.2	4.4	5.3	6.9	13.6	12.7
9 to 11	27.9	19.7	28.7	30.7	19.6	30.0	28.2	38.3	32.4	30.0	24.2	22.9	33.0	43.5	40.5	24.9
12 (or GED)	44.2	45.1	44.2	44.4	44.5	43.7	42.7	42.3	46.4	41.1	41.5	42.1	41.2	39.7	33.3	41.7
More than 12	21.2	27.9	21.2	17.2	31.3	20.6	22.2	13.6	15.2	22.4	28.1	30.6	20.6	9.8	12.5	20.7
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Admissions aged 18 and over	1,624,532	399,476	313,389	266,114	48,209	174,711	64,587	179,931	125,316	1,032	7,316	3,745	1,695	3,875	639	34,497

SOURCE: Office of Applied Studies, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 4.11.05.

Table 6a
Admissions by State or jurisdiction, according to primary substance of abuse: TEDS 2003
Number

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions. Comparisons among States should be made with caution.]

State or jurisdiction	All admissions	Primary substance at admission														
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Stimulants		Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route		Methamphetamine/amphetamine	Other stimulants						
Total	1,841,522	426,720	341,278	272,815	51,071	180,851	68,705	284,532	135,737	1,227	7,993	4,134	2,190	4,086	1,170	59,013
Alabama	21,108	3,862	3,012	176	1,238	3,496	928	6,232	1,713	23	209	41	21	8	11	138
Alaska	4,006	2,108	1,155	16	106	71	70	363	70	1	9	2	1	1	2	31
Arizona	15,879	1,417	2,068	611	71	343	321	1,014	1,625	46	22	9	10	--	10	8,312
Arkansas	13,369	2,493	1,845	62	511	1,964	462	2,800	2,958	--	23	168	20	23	15	25
California	201,525	19,610	24,201	37,961	3,486	19,436	4,056	27,358	61,869	130	296	372	176	1,196	48	1,330
Colorado	63,042	44,473	4,920	1,849	618	1,838	1,098	4,235	3,271	170	219	94	26	12	55	164
Connecticut	45,749	8,111	8,366	17,609	1,236	n/c	5,754	3,286	114	9	192	102	71	193	23	683
Delaware	7,525	990	1,361	1,914	174	1,070	258	1,519	15	1	18	11	6	19	3	166
District of Columbia	4,832	552	330	2,023	13	912	466	336	10	--	1	--	--	189	--	--
Florida	81,446	18,937	9,169	3,989	3,431	12,141	4,346	19,851	1,007	28	581	165	103	18	27	7,653
Georgia	36,226	8,839	4,842	690	980	6,111	2,463	5,445	2,820	20	368	47	21	10	38	3,532
Hawaii	6,172	771	837	179	103	261	56	1,369	2,561	2	9	4	2	--	1	17
Idaho	3,122	748	682	26	48	20	12	722	818	2	2	1	3	--	3	35
Illinois	80,627	15,027	12,081	14,314	734	13,867	2,587	18,729	2,020	178	139	58	71	50	50	722
Indiana	31,693	8,543	7,647	553	1,221	2,794	853	7,843	1,419	31	275	111	47	3	16	337
Iowa	27,197	7,562	5,270	240	298	1,344	456	6,442	5,330	16	54	53	15	11	19	87
Kansas	14,637	2,690	3,805	79	182	2,039	502	3,610	1,465	16	33	23	16	73	45	59
Kentucky	31,149	6,588	5,390	290	1,646	2,300	814	4,614	696	31	559	46	30	8	46	8,091
Louisiana	27,921	3,972	5,244	509	1,949	6,296	1,321	5,848	804	19	246	208	69	15	16	1,405
Maine	13,057	5,156	2,725	1,065	1,565	276	298	1,710	51	10	107	19	20	4	4	47

Continued. See notes at end of table.

Table 6a (continued)
Admissions by State or jurisdiction, according to primary substance of abuse: TEDS 2003
Number

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions. Comparisons among States should be made with caution.]

State or jurisdiction	All admissions	Primary substance at admission														
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Stimulants		Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route		Methamphetamine	Other stimulants						
Maryland	73,684	14,520	11,211	23,763	2,183	6,763	2,848	10,555	142	15	164	152	128	371	31	838
Massachusetts	52,202	9,629	8,589	25,337	2,840	1,769	1,021	2,329	101	16	362	22	29	12	5	141
Michigan	60,960	16,576	13,059	7,672	2,463	8,669	1,711	9,699	567	2	145	100	26	4	48	219
Minnesota	42,679	12,901	8,922	1,056	1,022	2	4,443	8,678	4,293	34	171	52	86	17	40	962
Mississippi	9,140	2,035	1,590	79	536	1,691	505	1,566	561	7	99	17	13	3	3	435
Missouri	38,123	8,049	5,478	1,389	674	6,617	978	9,948	4,037	18	209	82	39	366	84	155
Montana	7,234	2,259	1,979	61	336	40	87	1,356	1,040	4	16	14	20	--	9	13
Nebraska	10,604	4,318	1,678	8	76	557	124	861	1,722	3	15	30	7	2	5	1,198
Nevada	11,675	3,025	1,537	692	233	966	272	1,545	3,250	12	20	11	25	51	3	33
New Hampshire	5,066	1,697	1,137	695	175	258	201	790	17	8	25	1	13	1	6	42
New Jersey	52,241	8,533	6,021	24,533	1,160	3,421	1,863	5,784	131	5	169	57	36	176	8	344
New Mexico	3,835	1,295	854	354	61	185	126	220	155	1	3	3	2	--	1	575
New York	309,172	62,975	93,552	59,037	5,041	30,711	13,451	37,103	697	155	1,691	754	392	479	54	3,080
North Carolina	27,111	9,172	4,616	957	1,135	4,382	1,140	4,690	283	47	240	82	34	4	24	305
North Dakota	2,045	508	542	6	32	6	17	355	240	1	2	1	--	--	6	329
Ohio	48,965	10,899	9,689	3,604	1,386	6,910	1,155	10,217	270	31	177	76	59	99	51	4,342
Oklahoma	16,628	3,556	3,258	154	501	1,312	399	2,878	3,445	10	119	93	23	31	39	810
Oregon	45,461	16,606	8,739	3,329	611	795	330	6,939	7,548	--	11	87	28	4	17	417
Pennsylvania	63,992	14,391	10,805	15,005	2,862	7,641	2,671	9,095	254	42	315	183	81	230	51	366
Puerto Rico	3,709	1,026	85	2,143	--	31	133	287	--	--	--	1	--	--	--	3

Continued. See notes at end of table.

Table 6a (continued)

**Admissions by State or jurisdiction, according to primary substance of abuse: TEDS 2003
Number**

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions. Comparisons among States should be made with caution.]

State or jurisdiction	All admissions	Primary substance at admission														
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Stimulants		Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route		Methamphetamine	Other stimulants						
Rhode Island	13,593	2,666	2,124	4,309	797	1,213	438	1,927	11	--	54	8	27	--	1	18
South Carolina	25,919	9,490	3,666	418	885	2,659	671	4,254	301	5	88	107	17	--	24	3,334
South Dakota	9,111	3,501	2,875	21	43	33	57	1,005	574	--	--	15	5	125	11	846
Tennessee	7,796	2,045	1,018	<i>n/c</i>	934	1,426	343	1,239	301	4	--	117	10	--	13	346
Texas	35,682	5,305	4,783	3,568	1,573	6,100	2,997	7,480	2,968	8	93	346	104	149	121	87
Utah	13,226	2,978	1,881	1,118	471	484	366	2,342	3,430	13	42	24	10	2	13	52
Vermont	7,474	2,667	1,987	701	513	174	185	1,159	19	5	25	9	6	1	1	22
Virginia	33,235	5,153	6,883	2,479	1,106	3,976	1,336	5,463	230	34	181	62	79	104	19	6,130
Washington	49,762	10,629	12,153	5,346	1,197	3,128	1,139	8,224	7,364	1	148	54	138	21	33	187
West Virginia	1,247	644	78	33	125	41	97	171	21	--	13	13	3	--	3	5
Wisconsin	23,853	12,861	4,273	771	408	2,280	414	2,050	238	12	30	14	18	1	8	475
Wyoming	5,816	2,362	1,266	22	82	32	66	997	891	1	4	13	4	--	6	70

-- Quantity is zero.

n/c State does not collect these data. In Connecticut, *Smoked cocaine* admissions are included in *Cocaine - Other route*. In Tennessee, *Heroin* admissions are included in *Other opiates*.

SOURCE: Office of Applied Studies, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 4.11.05.

Table 6b
Admissions by State or jurisdiction, according to primary substance of abuse: TEDS 2003
Percent distribution

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions. Comparisons among States should be made with caution.]

State or jurisdiction	All admissions	Primary substance at admission															Total
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Stimulants		Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified	
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route		Methamphetamine/amphetamine	Other stimulants							
Total	1,841,522	23.2	18.5	14.8	2.8	9.8	3.7	15.5	7.4	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	3.2	100.0
Alabama	21,108	18.3	14.3	0.8	5.9	16.6	4.4	29.5	8.1	0.1	1.0	0.2	0.1	*	0.1	0.7	100.0
Alaska	4,006	52.6	28.8	0.4	2.6	1.8	1.7	9.1	1.7	*	0.2	*	*	*	*	0.8	100.0
Arizona	15,879	8.9	13.0	3.8	0.4	2.2	2.0	6.4	10.2	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	--	0.1	52.3	100.0
Arkansas	13,369	18.6	13.8	0.5	3.8	14.7	3.5	20.9	22.1	--	0.2	1.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	100.0
California	201,525	9.7	12.0	18.8	1.7	9.6	2.0	13.6	30.7	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.6	*	0.7	100.0
Colorado	63,042	70.5	7.8	2.9	1.0	2.9	1.7	6.7	5.2	0.3	0.3	0.1	*	*	0.1	0.3	100.0
Connecticut	45,749	17.7	18.3	38.5	2.7	n/c	12.6	7.2	0.2	*	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.1	1.5	100.0
Delaware	7,525	13.2	18.1	25.4	2.3	14.2	3.4	20.2	0.2	*	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.3	*	2.2	100.0
District of Columbia	4,832	11.4	6.8	41.9	0.3	18.9	9.6	7.0	0.2	--	*	--	--	3.9	--	--	100.0
Florida	81,446	23.3	11.3	4.9	4.2	14.9	5.3	24.4	1.2	*	0.7	0.2	0.1	*	*	9.4	100.0
Georgia	36,226	24.4	13.4	1.9	2.7	16.9	6.8	15.0	7.8	0.1	1.0	0.1	0.1	*	0.1	9.7	100.0
Hawaii	6,172	12.5	13.6	2.9	1.7	4.2	0.9	22.2	41.5	*	0.1	0.1	*	--	*	0.3	100.0
Idaho	3,122	24.0	21.8	0.8	1.5	0.6	0.4	23.1	26.2	0.1	0.1	*	0.1	--	0.1	1.1	100.0
Illinois	80,627	18.6	15.0	17.8	0.9	17.2	3.2	23.2	2.5	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.9	100.0
Indiana	31,693	27.0	24.1	1.7	3.9	8.8	2.7	24.7	4.5	0.1	0.9	0.4	0.1	*	0.1	1.1	100.0
Iowa	27,197	27.8	19.4	0.9	1.1	4.9	1.7	23.7	19.6	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	*	0.1	0.3	100.0
Kansas	14,637	18.4	26.0	0.5	1.2	13.9	3.4	24.7	10.0	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.5	0.3	0.4	100.0
Kentucky	31,149	21.1	17.3	0.9	5.3	7.4	2.6	14.8	2.2	0.1	1.8	0.1	0.1	*	0.1	26.0	100.0
Louisiana	27,921	14.2	18.8	1.8	7.0	22.5	4.7	20.9	2.9	0.1	0.9	0.7	0.2	0.1	0.1	5.0	100.0
Maine	13,057	39.5	20.9	8.2	12.0	2.1	2.3	13.1	0.4	0.1	0.8	0.1	0.2	*	*	0.4	100.0

Continued. See notes at end of table.

Table 6b (continued)
Admissions by State or jurisdiction, according to primary substance of abuse: TEDS 2003
Percent distribution

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions. Comparisons among States should be made with caution.]

State or jurisdiction	All admissions	Primary substance at admission														Total	
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Stimulants		Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants		Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route		Methamphetamine	Other stimulants							
Maryland	73,684	19.7	15.2	32.2	3.0	9.2	3.9	14.3	0.2	*	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.5	*	1.1	100.0
Massachusetts	52,202	18.4	16.5	48.5	5.4	3.4	2.0	4.5	0.2	*	0.7	*	0.1	*	*	0.3	100.0
Michigan	60,960	27.2	21.4	12.6	4.0	14.2	2.8	15.9	0.9	*	0.2	0.2	*	*	0.1	0.4	100.0
Minnesota	42,679	30.2	20.9	2.5	2.4	*	10.4	20.3	10.1	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.2	*	0.1	2.3	100.0
Mississippi	9,140	22.3	17.4	0.9	5.9	18.5	5.5	17.1	6.1	0.1	1.1	0.2	0.1	*	*	4.8	100.0
Missouri	38,123	21.1	14.4	3.6	1.8	17.4	2.6	26.1	10.6	*	0.5	0.2	0.1	1.0	0.2	0.4	100.0
Montana	7,234	31.2	27.4	0.8	4.6	0.6	1.2	18.7	14.4	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	--	0.1	0.2	100.0
Nebraska	10,604	40.7	15.8	0.1	0.7	5.3	1.2	8.1	16.2	*	0.1	0.3	0.1	*	*	11.3	100.0
Nevada	11,675	25.9	13.2	5.9	2.0	8.3	2.3	13.2	27.8	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.4	*	0.3	100.0
New Hampshire	5,066	33.5	22.4	13.7	3.5	5.1	4.0	15.6	0.3	0.2	0.5	*	0.3	*	0.1	0.8	100.0
New Jersey	52,241	16.3	11.5	47.0	2.2	6.5	3.6	11.1	0.3	*	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.3	*	0.7	100.0
New Mexico	3,835	33.8	22.3	9.2	1.6	4.8	3.3	5.7	4.0	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	--	*	15.0	100.0
New York	309,172	20.4	30.3	19.1	1.6	9.9	4.4	12.0	0.2	0.1	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.2	*	1.0	100.0
North Carolina	27,111	33.8	17.0	3.5	4.2	16.2	4.2	17.3	1.0	0.2	0.9	0.3	0.1	*	0.1	1.1	100.0
North Dakota	2,045	24.8	26.5	0.3	1.6	0.3	0.8	17.4	11.7	*	0.1	*	--	--	0.3	16.1	100.0
Ohio	48,965	22.3	19.8	7.4	2.8	14.1	2.4	20.9	0.6	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	8.9	100.0
Oklahoma	16,628	21.4	19.6	0.9	3.0	7.9	2.4	17.3	20.7	0.1	0.7	0.6	0.1	0.2	0.2	4.9	100.0
Oregon	45,461	36.5	19.2	7.3	1.3	1.7	0.7	15.3	16.6	--	*	0.2	0.1	*	*	0.9	100.0
Pennsylvania	63,992	22.5	16.9	23.4	4.5	11.9	4.2	14.2	0.4	0.1	0.5	0.3	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.6	100.0
Puerto Rico	3,709	27.7	2.3	57.8	--	0.8	3.6	7.7	--	--	--	*	--	--	--	0.1	100.0

Continued. See notes at end of table.

Table 6b (continued)
Admissions by State or jurisdiction, according to primary substance of abuse: TEDS 2003
Percent distribution

[Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting States and jurisdictions. Comparisons among States should be made with caution.]

State or jurisdiction	All admissions	Primary substance at admission														Total	
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Stimulants		Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants		Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route		Methamphetamine/amphetamine	Other stimulants							
Rhode Island	13,593	19.6	15.6	31.7	5.9	8.9	3.2	14.2	0.1	--	0.4	0.1	0.2	--	*	0.1	100.0
South Carolina	25,919	36.6	14.1	1.6	3.4	10.3	2.6	16.4	1.2	*	0.3	0.4	0.1	--	0.1	12.9	100.0
South Dakota	9,111	38.4	31.6	0.2	0.5	0.4	0.6	11.0	6.3	--	--	0.2	0.1	1.4	0.1	9.3	100.0
Tennessee	7,796	26.2	13.1	n/c	12.0	18.3	4.4	15.9	3.9	0.1	--	1.5	0.1	--	0.2	4.4	100.0
Texas	35,682	14.9	13.4	10.0	4.4	17.1	8.4	21.0	8.3	*	0.3	1.0	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.2	100.0
Utah	13,226	22.5	14.2	8.5	3.6	3.7	2.8	17.7	25.9	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	*	0.1	0.4	100.0
Vermont	7,474	35.7	26.6	9.4	6.9	2.3	2.5	15.5	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	*	*	0.3	100.0
Virginia	33,235	15.5	20.7	7.5	3.3	12.0	4.0	16.4	0.7	0.1	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.1	18.4	100.0
Washington	49,762	21.4	24.4	10.7	2.4	6.3	2.3	16.5	14.8	*	0.3	0.1	0.3	*	0.1	0.4	100.0
West Virginia	1,247	51.6	6.3	2.6	10.0	3.3	7.8	13.7	1.7	--	1.0	1.0	0.2	--	0.2	0.4	100.0
Wisconsin	23,853	53.9	17.9	3.2	1.7	9.6	1.7	8.6	1.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	*	2.0	100.0
Wyoming	5,816	40.6	21.8	0.4	1.4	0.6	1.1	17.1	15.3	*	0.1	0.2	0.1	--	0.1	1.2	100.0

* Less than 0.05 percent.

-- Quantity is zero.

n/c State does not collect these data. In Connecticut, *Smoked cocaine* admissions are included in *Cocaine - Other route*. In Tennessee, *Heroin* admissions are included in *Other opiates*.

SOURCE: Office of Applied Studies, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 4.11.05.

APPENDIX A

TEDS MINIMUM DATA SET

CLIENT OR CODEPENDENT/COLLATERAL

- **Client:**

- Has an alcohol or drug related problem
- Has completed the screening and intake process
- Has been formally admitted for treatment or recovery service in an alcohol or drug treatment unit
- Has his or her own client record

A person is not a client if he or she has completed only a screening or intake process or has been placed on a waiting list.

- **Codependent/collateral:**

- Has no alcohol or drug related problem
- Is seeking services because of problems arising from his or her relationship with an alcohol or drug user
- Has been formally admitted for service to a treatment unit
- Has his or her own client record or has a record within a primary client record

GUIDELINES: Reporting of *Codependent/collateral* is optional. If a record does not include a value for this field, it is assumed to be a substance abuse client record. If a substance abuse client with an existing record in TEDS becomes a codependent, a new client record should be submitted indicating that the client has been admitted as a codependent, and vice versa.

TRANSACTION TYPE

Identifies whether a record is for an admission or a transfer/change in service.

- **A.** Admission
- **T.** Transfer/change in service

GUIDELINES: For TEDS, a treatment episode is defined as that period of service between the beginning of treatment for a drug or alcohol problem and the termination of services for the prescribed treatment plan. The episode includes one admission (when services begin), and one discharge (when services end). Within a treatment episode, a client may transfer to a different service, facility, program, or location. In some data systems, such transfers may generate admissions records. When it is feasible for the State to identify transfers, they should be reported as transfers, not as admissions. When admissions and transfers cannot be differentiated in a State data system, such changes in service should be reported to TEDS as admissions.

DATE OF ADMISSION

The day when the client receives his or her first direct treatment or recovery service.

TYPE OF SERVICE AT ADMISSION

Describes the type of service the client receives.

- **Detoxification, 24-hour service, hospital inpatient.** 24-hour per day medical acute care services in a hospital setting for detoxification for persons with severe medical complications associated with withdrawal
- **Detoxification, 24-hour service, free-standing residential.** 24-hour per day services in a non-hospital setting providing for safe withdrawal and transition to ongoing treatment
- **Rehabilitation/residential, hospital (other than detoxification).** 24-hour per day medical care in a hospital facility in conjunction with treatment services for alcohol and other drug abuse and dependency
- **Rehabilitation/residential, short-term (30 days or fewer).** Typically, 30 days or less of acute care in a setting with treatment services for alcohol and other drug abuse and dependency
- **Rehabilitation/residential, long-term (more than 30 days).** Typically, more than 30 days of non-acute care in a setting with treatment services for alcohol and other drug abuse and dependency; this may include transitional living arrangements such as halfway houses
- **Ambulatory, intensive outpatient.** As a minimum, the client must receive treatment lasting two or more hours per day for three or more days per week
- **Ambulatory, non-intensive outpatient.** Ambulatory treatment services including individual, family, and/or group services; these may include pharmacological therapies
- **Ambulatory, detoxification.** Outpatient treatment services providing for safe withdrawal in an ambulatory setting (pharmacological or non-pharmacological)

AGE

Identifies client's age at admission. Derived from client's date of birth and date of admission.

- **0.** Indicates a newborn with a substance dependency problem
- **1-96.** Indicates the age at admission

SEX

Identifies client's sex.

- **Male**
- **Female**

RACE

Specifies the client's race.

- **Alaska Native (Aleut, Eskimo, Indian).** Origins in any of the original people of Alaska
- **American Indian (other than Alaska Native).** Origins in any of the original people of North America and South America (including Central America) and who maintain cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community attachment
- **Asian or Pacific Islander.** Origins in any of the original people of the Far East, the Indian subcontinent, Southeast Asia, or the Pacific Islands
 - **Asian.** Origins in any of the original people of the Far East, the Indian subcontinent, or Southeast Asia, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam
 - **Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander.** Origins in any of the original people of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands
- **Black or African American.** Origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa
- **White.** Origins in any of the original people of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East
- **Other single race.** Client is not classified in any category above or whose origin group, because of area custom, is regarded as a racial class distinct from the above categories
- **Two or more races.** For use when the State data system allows multiple race selection and more than one race is indicated

GUIDELINES: If a State does not distinguish between *American Indian* and *Alaska Native*, both should be coded as *American Indian*. If a State does not distinguish between *Asian* and *Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander*, both should be coded as *Asian or Pacific Islander*. For States that collect multiple races: a) when a single race is designated, the specific race code should be used; b) if the State collects a primary or preferred race along with additional races, the code for the primary/preferred race should be used; c) if the State uses a system such as an algorithm to select a single race when multiple races have been designated, the same system may be used to determine the race code for TEDS. When two or more races have been designated and neither (b) nor (c) above apply, the TEDS code for *Two or more races* should be used.

ETHNICITY

Identifies client's specific Hispanic origin

- **Puerto Rican.** Of Puerto Rican origin, regardless of race
- **Mexican.** Of Mexican origin, regardless of race
- **Cuban.** Of Cuban origin, regardless of race
- **Other specific Hispanic.** Of known Central or South American or any other Spanish cultural origin (including Spain), other than Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Cuban, regardless of race
- **Hispanic (specific origin not specified).** Of Hispanic origin, but specific origin not known or not specified
- **Not of Hispanic origin.**

GUIDELINES: If a State does not collect specific Hispanic detail, code *Ethnicity* for Hispanics as *Hispanic (specific origin not specified)*.

NUMBER OF PRIOR TREATMENT EPISODES

Indicates the number of previous treatment episodes the client has received in any drug or alcohol program. Changes in service for the same episode (transfers) should *not* be counted as separate prior episodes.

- **0 previous episodes**
- **1 previous episode**
- **2 previous episodes**
- **3 previous episodes**
- **4 previous episodes**
- **5 or more previous episodes**

GUIDELINES: It is preferred that the number of prior treatments be a self-reporting field collected at the time of client intake. However, this data item may be derived from the State data system if the system has that capability, and episodes can be counted for at least several years.

EDUCATION

Specifies the highest school grade the client has completed.

- **0.** Less than one grade completed
- **1-25.** Years of school (highest grade) completed

GUIDELINES: States that use specific categories for some code numbers should map their codes to a logical number of years of school completed. For General Equivalency Degree, use *12*. For Bachelor's Degree, use *16*.

EMPLOYMENT STATUS

Identifies the client's employment status at the time of admission or transfer.

- **Full time.** Working 35 hours or more each week; includes members of the uniformed services
- **Part time.** Working fewer than 35 hours each week
- **Unemployed.** Looking for work during the past 30 days, or on layoff from a job
- **Not in labor force.** Not looking for work during the past 30 days, or a student, homemaker, disabled, retired, or an inmate of an institution.

GUIDELINES: Seasonal workers are coded in this category based on their employment status at time of admission.

PRINCIPAL SOURCE OF REFERRAL

Describes the person or agency referring the client to the alcohol or drug abuse treatment program.

- **Individual (includes self-referral).** Includes the client, a family member, friend, or any other individual who would not be included in any of the following categories; includes self-referral due to pending DWI/DUI
- **Alcohol/drug abuse care provider.** Any program, clinic, or other health care provider whose principal objective is treating clients with substance abuse problems, or a program whose activities are related to alcohol or other drug abuse prevention, education, or treatment
- **Other health care provider.** A physician, psychiatrist, or other licensed health care professional; or general hospital, psychiatric hospital, mental health program, or nursing home
- **School (educational).** A school principal, counselor, or teacher; or a student assistance program (SAP), the school system, or an educational agency
- **Employer/EAP.** A supervisor or an employee counselor
- **Other community referral.** Community or religious organization or any Federal, State, or local agency that provides aid in the areas of poverty relief, unemployment, shelter, or social welfare. Self-help groups such as Alcoholics Anonymous (AA), Al-Anon, and Narcotics Anonymous (NA) are also included in this category. Defense attorneys are included in this category.
- **Court/criminal justice referral/DUI/DWI.** Any police official, judge, prosecutor, probation officer, or other person affiliated with a Federal, State, or county judicial system. Includes referral by a court for DWI/DUI, clients referred in lieu of or for deferred prosecution, or during pretrial release, or before or after official adjudication. Includes clients on pre-parole, pre-release, work or home furlough, or TASC. Client need not be officially designated as "on parole." Includes clients referred through civil commitment.

SUBSTANCE PROBLEM (PRIMARY, SECONDARY, OR TERTIARY)

These fields identify the client's primary, secondary, and tertiary substance problems.

- **None.**
- **Alcohol.**
- **Cocaine/crack.**
- **Marijuana/hashish.** This includes THC and any other *cannabis sativa* preparations
- **Heroin.**
- **Nonprescription methadone.**
- **Other opiates and synthetics.** Includes codeine, hydrocodone, hydromorphone, meperidine, morphine, opium, oxycodone, pentazocine, propoxyphene, tramadol, and any other drug with morphine-like effects
- **PCP.** Phencyclidine
- **Other hallucinogens.** Includes LSD, DMT, STP, hallucinogens, mescaline, peyote, psilocybin, etc.
- **Methamphetamine.**
- **Other amphetamines.** Includes amphetamines, MDMA, phenmetrazine, and other unspecified amines and related drugs
- **Other stimulants.** Includes methylphenidate and any other stimulants
- **Benzodiazepines.** Includes alprazolam, chlordiazepoxide, clonazepam, clorazepate, diazepam, flunitrazepam, flurazepam, halazepam, lorazepam, oxazepam, prazepam, temazepam, triazolam, and other unspecified benzodiazepines
- **Other non-benzodiazepine tranquilizers.** Includes meprobamate and other non-benzodiazepine tranquilizers
- **Barbiturates.** Amobarbital, pentobarbital, phenobarbital, secobarbital, etc.
- **Other non-barbiturate sedatives or hypnotics.** Includes chloral hydrate, ethchlorvynol, glutethimide, methaqualone, and other non-barbiturate sedatives or hypnotics
- **Inhalants.** Includes chloroform, ether, gasoline, glue, nitrous oxide, paint thinner, etc.
- **Over-the-counter medications.** Includes aspirin, cough syrup, diphenhydramine and other antihistamines, sleep aids, any other legally obtained nonprescription medication
- **Other.** Includes diphenylhydantoin/phenytoin, GHB/GBL, ketamine, etc.

USUAL ROUTE OF ADMINISTRATION (OF PRIMARY, SECONDARY, AND TERTIARY SUBSTANCES)

These fields identify the usual route of administration of the respective substances.

- **Oral**
- **Smoking**
- **Inhalation**
- **Injection (IV or intramuscular)**
- **Other**

FREQUENCY OF USE (OF PRIMARY, SECONDARY, AND TERTIARY SUBSTANCES)

These fields identify the frequency of use of the respective substances.

- **No use in the past month**
- **1-3 times in the past month**
- **1-2 times in the past week**
- **3-6 times in the past week**
- **Daily**

AGE OF FIRST USE (OF PRIMARY, SECONDARY, AND TERTIARY SUBSTANCE)

For drugs other than alcohol, these fields identify the age at which the client first used the respective substance. For alcohol, these fields record the age of first intoxication.

- **0.** Indicates a newborn with a substance dependency problem
- **1-96.** Indicates the age at first use

OPIOID TREATMENT

Identifies whether the use of methadone, LAAM, or buprenorphine treatment is part of the client's treatment plan.

- **Yes**
- **No**