

# **Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) 2005 – 2015**

**National Admissions to Substance Abuse Treatment Services**

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES  
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration

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# HIGHLIGHTS

This report presents national-level data from the Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) for admissions in 2015 and trend data from 2005 to 2015. It provides information on the demographic and substance abuse characteristics of admissions aged 12 and older to treatment for abuse of alcohol and/or drugs in facilities that report to individual state administrative data systems.

TEDS is an admission-based system and TEDS admissions do not represent individuals. Thus, an individual admitted to treatment twice within a calendar year would be counted as two admissions. TEDS, while comprising a significant proportion of all admissions to substance abuse treatment, does not include all such admissions. TEDS is a compilation of data collected through the individual data collection systems of the state substance abuse agencies (SSAs) for substance abuse treatment. Therefore the number and client mix of TEDS admissions do not represent the total national demand for substance abuse treatment or the prevalence of substance abuse in the general population.

States have cooperated with the federal government in the data collection process, and substantial progress has been made toward developing a standardized data set over the years. However, because each state system is unique and each state has unique powers and mandates, significant differences exist among state data collection systems. These differences are compounded by evolving health care payment systems. State-to-state comparisons must be made with extreme caution.

It is important to note that percentages in charts, narrative lists, and percentage distributions in tables may not add to 100 percent due to rounding.

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For 2015, there were 1,537,025 substance abuse treatment admissions aged 12 and older reported to TEDS by 45 states, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

## Major Substances of Abuse

- Five substance groups accounted for 96 percent of the primary substances reported by the 1,537,025 TEDS admissions aged 12 and older in 2015: alcohol (34 percent), opiates (34 percent), marijuana/hashish (14 percent), stimulants (9 percent), and cocaine (5 percent) [Table 1.1b].

## Alcohol

- The proportion of admissions with alcohol as the primary substance of abuse increased from 39 percent in 2005 to a high of 42 percent in 2009, then decreased to a low of 34 percent in 2015 [Table 1.1b].
- Admissions for abuse of alcohol alone represented 19 percent of TEDS admissions aged 12 and older in 2015, while admissions for primary alcohol abuse with secondary drug abuse represented 15 percent of all TEDS admissions. Of those admissions with primary alcohol abuse, 44 percent involved secondary drug abuse [Table 1.1b].

- Almost three quarters of admissions for abuse of alcohol with secondary drug abuse or for abuse of alcohol alone (73 and 71 percent respectively) were male [Table 2.1b].
- The average age at admission among alcohol-only admissions was 42 years, compared with 39 years among admissions for primary alcohol with secondary drug abuse [Table 2.1b].
- Almost two thirds (64 percent) of alcohol-only admissions were non-Hispanic White, 14 percent were of Hispanic origin, and 13 percent were non-Hispanic Black. Among admissions for primary alcohol with secondary drug abuse, 57 percent were non-Hispanic White, 22 percent were non-Hispanic Black, and 14 percent were of Hispanic origin [Table 2.2b].

## **Heroin**

- In 2005, 14 percent of admissions aged 12 or older were for primary heroin. This proportion was steady from 2005 to 2010, fluctuating between 14 and 13 percent; however, the proportion of primary heroin admissions aged 12 and older increased steadily between 2011 and 2015, when it reached 26 percent [Table 1.1b].
- Primary heroin represented 78 percent of all opiate admissions in 2005 and 76 percent in 2015 [Table 1.1a-b].
- Almost two thirds (64 percent) of primary heroin admissions were male [Table 2.1b].
- For primary heroin admissions, the average age at admission was 35 years [Table 2.1b].
- Non-Hispanic Whites accounted for about two thirds (67 percent) of primary heroin admissions, while 14 percent each were non-Hispanic Blacks or of Hispanic origin [Table 2.2b].
- Of primary heroin admissions, 69 percent reported injection as the usual route of administration and 25 percent reported inhalation [Table 2.4b].

## **Opiates Other Than Heroin<sup>1</sup>**

- The proportion of admissions aged 12 or older for primary opiates other than heroin slowly increased from 4 percent in 2005 to a peak of 10 percent in 2011 and 2012, and then slowly decreased to 8 percent in 2015 [Table 1.1b].
- Opiates other than heroin represented 22 percent of all primary opiate admissions in 2005, but rose to 24 percent in 2015 [Table 1.1a-b].
- Males represented just over half (52 percent) of primary non-heroin opiate admissions [Table 2.1b].
- The average age at admission was 34 years for primary non-heroin opiate admissions [Table 2.1b].
- Non-Hispanic Whites accounted for most (82 percent) of primary non-heroin opiate admissions [Table 2.2b].
- Oral use represented 61 percent of primary non-heroin opiate admissions' usual route of administration; 18 percent reported inhalation, and 16 percent reported injection [Table 2.4b].

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<sup>1</sup> These drugs include methadone, buprenorphine, codeine, hydrocodone, hydromorphone, meperidine, morphine, opium, oxycodone, pentazocine, propoxyphene, tramadol, and any other drug with morphine-like effects.

### **Marijuana/Hashish**

- The proportion of marijuana/hashish admissions increased from 16 percent of admissions aged 12 and older in 2005 to 19 percent in 2010, then decreased to 14 percent in 2015 [Table 1.1b].
- Males represented nearly three quarters (72 percent) of primary marijuana/hashish admissions [Table 2.1b].
- The average age at admission was 26 years for primary marijuana/hashish admissions [Table 2.1b].
- Non-Hispanic Whites represented 42 percent of primary marijuana/hashish admissions, while 31 percent were non-Hispanic Black, and 19 percent were of Hispanic origin [Table 2.2b].

### **Cocaine/Crack**

- The proportion of admissions for primary cocaine declined from 14 percent of admissions aged 12 or older in 2005 to 5 percent in 2015 [Table 1.1b].
- Smoked cocaine (crack) represented 72 percent of all primary cocaine admissions in 2005; it was 63 percent in 2015 [Table 1.1a-b].
- Males represented 69 percent of primary non-smoked cocaine admissions and 59 percent of primary smoked cocaine admissions [Table 2.1b].
- The average age at admission among primary smoked cocaine admissions was 44 years; among primary non-smoked cocaine admissions, the average age was 38 years [Table 2.1b].
- Non-Hispanic Blacks represented 54 percent of primary smoked cocaine admissions; 32 percent were non-Hispanic White, and 9 percent were of Hispanic origin. Among primary non-smoked cocaine admissions, 43 percent were non-Hispanic White, 32 percent were non-Hispanic Black, and 20 percent were of Hispanic origin [Table 2.2b].
- Inhalation was reported as the usual route of administration for 81 percent of primary non-smoked cocaine admissions; 11 percent reported injection [Table 2.4b].

### **Methamphetamine/Amphetamines**

- The proportion of admissions for primary methamphetamine/amphetamines aged 12 and older was 9 percent in 2005, 6 percent in 2010, and 9 percent again in 2015 [Table 1.1b].
- Males represented 54 percent of primary methamphetamine/amphetamine admissions [Table 2.1b].
- The average age at admission was 34 years for primary methamphetamine/amphetamine admissions [Table 2.1b].
- Non-Hispanic Whites represented two thirds (66 percent) of primary methamphetamine/amphetamine admissions; 19 percent were of Hispanic origin, and 5 percent were non-Hispanic Blacks [Table 2.2b].

- Smoking was reported as the usual route of administration by 61 percent of primary methamphetamine/amphetamine admissions, while 27 percent reported injection, and 8 percent reported inhalation [Table 2.4b].

### **Adolescent Admissions to Substance Abuse Treatment**

- The proportion of adolescent admissions to substance abuse treatment aged 12 to 17 decreased by 55 percent between 2005 and 2015 (from 145,000 to 65,486) [Table 3.1a].
- Referrals by the court/criminal justice system<sup>2</sup> accounted for 43 percent of adolescent treatment admissions [Table 3.3b].
- Marijuana/hashish was involved in 89 percent of adolescent treatment admissions as a primary, secondary, or tertiary substance in 2015 [Table 3.4b].

### **Trends in Heroin Admissions and Medication-Assisted Opioid Therapy**

- The proportion of non-Hispanic Whites aged 20 to 34 among heroin admissions increased from 28 percent in 2005 to 46 percent in 2015 [Table 3.5b].
- The proportion of admissions injecting heroin between the ages of 20 and 34 increased from 29 percent in 2005 to 43 percent in 2015. [Table 3.6b].
- The proportion of heroin admissions with treatment plans that included receiving medication-assisted opioid therapy had been fairly steady between 2005 and 2014, fluctuating between 30 and 28 percent, before suddenly increasing to 37 percent in 2015 [Table 3.7b].

### **Polydrug Abuse**

Polydrug abuse was reported by 54 percent of all TEDS admissions aged 12 and older in 2015 [Table 3.8].

- Alcohol, opiates, and methamphetamine/amphetamines were reported more often as primary substances (34 percent, 34 percent, and 9 percent, respectively) than as secondary or tertiary substances (15 percent, 10 percent, and 6 percent, respectively).
- Marijuana/hashish and cocaine were reported less often as primary substances (14 percent and 5 percent, respectively) than as secondary or tertiary substances (20 percent and 13 percent, respectively).

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<sup>2</sup> Court/criminal justice system referrals include all admissions that are coded as “Court/criminal justice referral/DUI/DWI” in the Treatment Episode Data Set. These include referrals by any police official, judge, prosecutor, probation officer, or other person affiliated with a federal, state, or county judicial system or other recognized legal entity (e.g., corrections agency, youth services, review board/agency); referrals by a court for DUI/DWI; referrals in lieu of or for deferred prosecution, or during pretrial release, or before or after official adjudication; and referrals for clients on pre-parole, pre-release, work or home furlough, or in a diversionary program such as Treatment Assessment Screening Center (TASC). (Note that clients need not be officially designated as on parole.) Court/criminal justice system referrals also include clients referred through civil commitment.

## Race/Ethnicity

Alcohol was the most frequently reported primary substance at treatment admission among all racial/ethnic groups, except non-Hispanic Whites and those of Puerto Rican origin. However, the proportions reporting primary abuse of the other four major substance groups (opiates, cocaine, marijuana/hashish, and methamphetamine/amphetamines) varied considerably among racial and ethnic groups [Table 2.2b].

- Among non-Hispanic White admissions, opiates (40 percent) were the most common primary substance of abuse. Alcohol admissions for non-Hispanic Whites were 34 percent, marijuana/hashish and methamphetamine/amphetamines (10 percent each), and cocaine (3 percent).
- Among non-Hispanic Black admissions, alcohol (32 percent) was the most common primary substance of abuse. Marijuana/hashish and opiate admissions for non-Hispanic Blacks accounted for 24 percent each, cocaine accounted for 13 percent, and methamphetamine/amphetamines were 2 percent.
- Among admissions of Mexican origin, the most common primary substances of abuse were alcohol (34 percent), methamphetamine/amphetamines (24 percent), marijuana/hashish (20 percent), opiates (19 percent), and cocaine (2 percent).
- Among admissions of Puerto Rican origin, the most common primary substances of abuse were opiates (49 percent), alcohol (25 percent), marijuana/hashish (15 percent), cocaine (6 percent), and methamphetamine/amphetamines (1 percent).
- Among American Indians/Alaska Native admissions, the most commonly reported substances of abuse were alcohol (56 percent), opiates (17 percent), marijuana/hashish (12 percent), methamphetamine/amphetamines (11 percent), and cocaine (2 percent).
- Among Asians/Pacific Islander admissions, the most commonly reported substances of abuse were alcohol (32 percent), methamphetamine/amphetamines (23 percent), opiates (19 percent), marijuana/hashish (18 percent), and cocaine (3 percent).



# CHAPTER 1.

## TRENDS IN SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT ADMISSIONS AGED 12 AND OLDER: 2005-2015

This report presents national-level data from the Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) for admissions in 2015 and trend data from 2005 to 2015. It is a companion to the report *Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS): 2005-2015 State Admissions to Substance Abuse Treatment*. These reports provide information on the demographic and substance abuse characteristics of admissions aged 12 and older to treatment for abuse of alcohol and/or drugs in facilities that report to individual state administrative data systems. Data include records for admissions during calendar years 2005 through 2015 that were received and processed through November 1, 2016.<sup>3</sup> It is important to note that percentages in charts, narrative lists, and percentage distributions in tables may not add to 100 percent due to rounding; figures in the narrative are expressed using the nearest whole number.

TEDS is an admission-based system. TEDS admissions do not represent individuals. Thus, an individual admitted to treatment twice within a calendar year would be counted as two admissions.

TEDS does not include all admissions to substance abuse treatment. It includes admissions at facilities that are licensed or certified by a state substance abuse agency to provide substance abuse treatment (or are administratively tracked for other reasons). In general, facilities reporting TEDS data are those that receive state alcohol and/or drug agency funds (including federal block grant funds) for the provision of alcohol and/or drug treatment services. Additional information on the history and methodology of TEDS and this report, as well as important issues related to state data collection systems, are available in Appendix A.

This chapter details trends in the annual numbers and rates of admissions aged 12 and older from 2005 to 2015. Trend data are invaluable in monitoring changing patterns in substance abuse treatment admissions. These patterns reflect underlying changes in substance abuse in the population as well as changing priorities in the treatment/reporting system.

### **Trends in Primary Substance of Abuse: 2005-2015**

Admissions can report up to three substances of abuse. These represent the substances that led to the treatment episode, and are not necessarily a complete enumeration of all substances used at the time of admission. Most of the information in this report is based on an admission's primary substance of abuse. (See Appendix B for more details.)

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<sup>3</sup> For researchers interested in more detailed analysis, TEDS public use files are available for online data analysis or download at the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Data Archive, which can be accessed at <http://www.datafiles.samhsa.gov>. Summary data for individual states that have submitted the full year of data are available online through the Quick Statistics website at <http://www.dasis.samhsa.gov/webt/newmapv1.htm>.

*Tables 1.1a-b and Figure 1.* The number of all admissions aged 12 and older decreased by 19 percent between 2005 and 2015. The U.S. population aged 12 and older increased by 10 percent during this time period.<sup>4</sup>

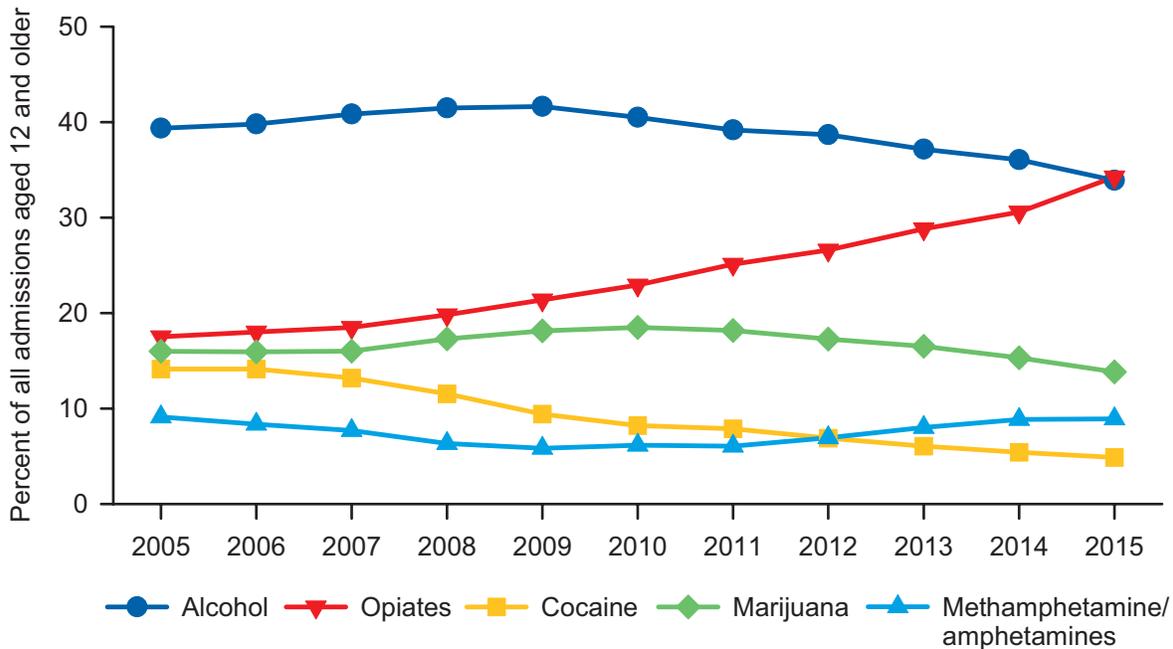
- Between 2005 and 2015, five substance groups accounted for 96 percent of the primary substances of abuse reported by TEDS treatment admissions aged 12 and older: alcohol, opiates, marijuana/hashish, cocaine, and methamphetamine/amphetamines. However, the proportions of admissions by primary substance changed considerably over that period:
- The proportion of admissions with alcohol as the primary substance of abuse increased from 39 percent in 2005 to a high of 42 percent in 2009, then decreased to a low of 34 percent in 2015. Of those admissions with primary alcohol abuse in 2015, 44 percent involved secondary drug abuse [Table 1.1b].
- The proportion of opiate admissions increased from 18 percent of admissions aged 12 and older in 2005 to 34 percent in 2015.
  - The proportion of admissions for primary heroin abuse was steady from 2005 (14 percent) through 2011 (15 percent); however, the proportion of primary heroin admissions increased from 15 percent in 2011 to 26 percent in 2015. Heroin represented 78 percent of all opiate admissions in 2005 and 76 percent in 2015.
  - The proportion of admissions for opiates other than heroin<sup>5</sup> increased from 4 percent of admissions aged 12 and older in 2005 to 10 percent in 2011 and 2012, falling to 8 percent in 2015.
- The proportion of marijuana/hashish admissions increased from 16 percent of admissions aged 12 and older in 2005 to 19 percent in 2010, falling to 14 percent in 2015.
- The proportion of cocaine admissions declined from 14 percent of admissions aged 12 and older in 2005 to 5 percent in 2015. Smoked cocaine (crack) represented 72 percent of all primary cocaine admissions in 2005, and decreased to 63 percent in 2015.
- The proportion of stimulant admissions aged 12 and older (98 to 99 percent of which were for methamphetamine or amphetamine abuse) ranged from 6 to 9 percent of admissions between 2005 and 2015.
- Tranquilizers, sedatives/hypnotics, hallucinogens, PCP, inhalants, over-the-counter medications, and other drugs not previously listed accounted for approximately 2 percent of TEDS admissions between 2005 and 2015.

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<sup>4</sup> U.S. Census Bureau, Population Division, “US-EST00INT-ALLDATA: Intercensal Estimates of the Resident Population by Single Year of Age, Sex, Race, and Hispanic Origin for the United States: April 1, 2000 to July 1, 2010” and “NC-EST2016-AGESEX-RES: Annual estimates of the resident population by single year of age and sex for the United States: April 1, 2010 to July 1, 2016.”

<sup>5</sup> These drugs include methadone, buprenorphine, codeine, hydrocodone, hydromorphone, meperidine, morphine, opium, oxycodone, pentazocine, propoxyphene, tramadol, and any other drug with morphine-like effects.

**Figure 1. Primary substance of abuse at admission: 2005-2015**



SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

### Trends in the Co-Abuse of Alcohol and Drugs

*Table 1.2.* The concurrent abuse of alcohol and drugs continues to be a significant problem. Because TEDS collects a maximum of three substances of abuse and not all substances abused, alcohol abuse among polydrug abusers may be underreported.

- The proportion of admissions aged 12 and older reporting abuse of both alcohol and drugs declined from 39 percent in 2005 to 34 percent in 2015.
- The proportion reporting abuse only of drugs increased from 37 percent in 2005 to 50 percent in 2015, while the proportion reporting abuse only of alcohol fell from 22 percent in 2005 to 19 percent in 2015.

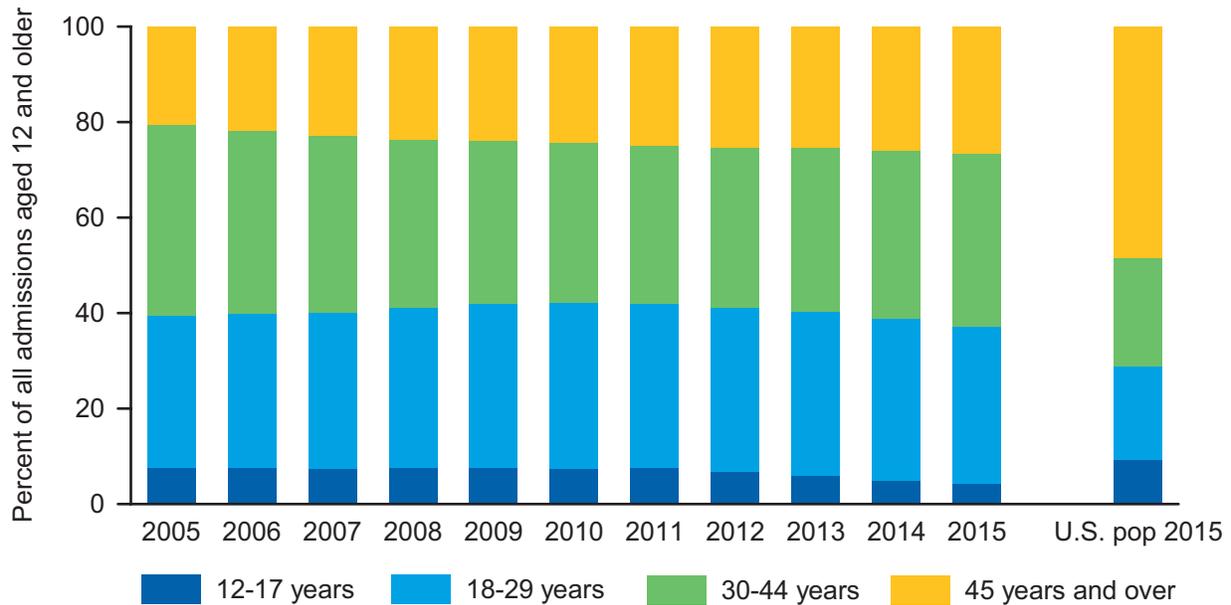
### Trends in Demographic Characteristics

*Table 1.3b.* Males represented 68 percent of TEDS admissions aged 12 and older in 2005 and 66 percent in 2015. In 2015, 49 percent of the U.S. population aged 12 and older was male.

*Table 1.3b and Figure 2.* The age distribution of TEDS admissions aged 12 and older changed between 2005 and 2015.

- The proportion of admissions between the ages of 12 and 17 years old decreased from 8 percent in 2005 to 4 percent in 2015.
- The proportion of admissions between the ages of 30 and 44 years old decreased from 40 percent in 2005 to 36 percent in 2015.

**Figure 2. Age at admission: TEDS 2005-2015 and U.S. population 2015**



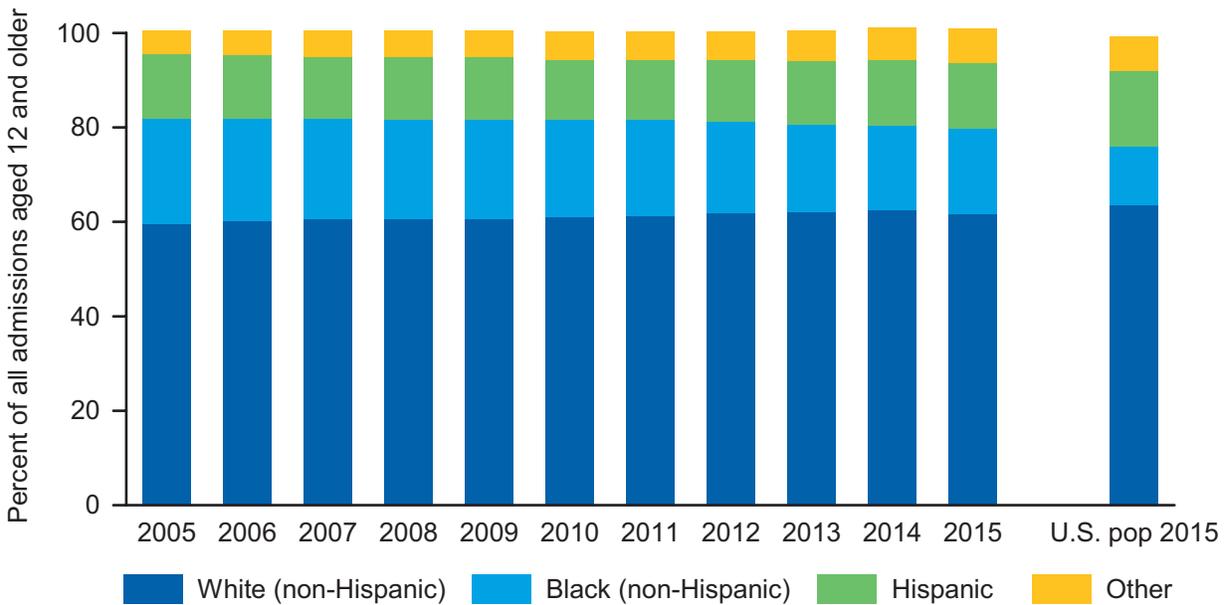
SOURCES: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS); data received through 11.01.16. U.S. Bureau of the Census, Population estimates, 2015.

- The proportion of admissions aged 45 and older increased from 21 percent in 2005 to 27 percent in 2015.
- The age distribution of TEDS admissions differed from that of the U.S. population in 2015. Adolescents aged 12 to 17 comprised 4 percent of TEDS admissions in 2015, but 9 percent of the U.S. population; 69 percent of TEDS admissions were between 18 and 44 years old, compared with 43 percent of the U.S. population. Admissions aged 45 and older made up 27 percent of TEDS admissions, but 48 percent of the U.S. population.

*Table 1.4 and Figure 3.* The racial/ethnic composition of TEDS admissions aged 12 and older changed little between 2005 and 2015.

- Non-Hispanic Whites increased from 59 to 61 percent of admissions between 2005 and 2015.
- Non-Hispanic Blacks declined from 22 percent of admissions in 2005 to 18 percent in 2015.
- Admissions of Hispanic origin remained steady at 13 to 14 percent from 2005 to 2015.
- Other racial/ethnic groups combined made up 5 to 7 percent of admissions from 2005 to 2015.
- The racial/ethnic composition of TEDS admissions differed somewhat from that of the U.S. population in 2015. Non-Hispanic Whites were the majority in both groups, but they represented 61 percent of TEDS admissions and 64 percent of the U.S. population. Non-Hispanic Blacks represented 18 percent of TEDS admissions and 12 percent of the U.S. population. Hispanics represented 14 percent of TEDS admissions and 16 percent of the U.S. population. Other racial/ethnic groups made up 7 percent of TEDS admissions and 8 percent of the U.S. population.

**Figure 3. Race/ethnicity of admissions: TEDS 2005-2015 and U.S. population 2015**



SOURCES: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS); data received through 11.01.16. U.S. Bureau of the Census, Population estimates by age, gender, race/ethnicity, 2015.

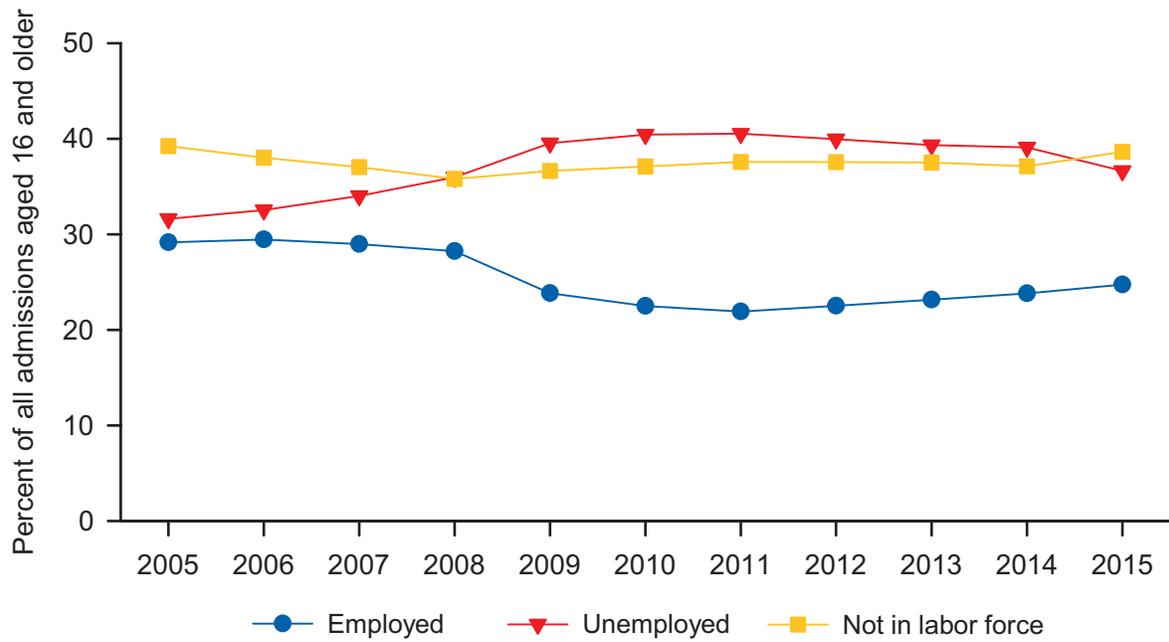
### Trends in Employment Status

Tables 1.5a-b and Figure 4. TEDS admissions aged 16 and older were less likely to be employed than the U.S. population aged 16 and older. This is evident in the unadjusted distributions of admissions by employment status (employed, unemployed, and not in labor force) shown in Tables 1.5a-b. Because TEDS admissions differ demographically from the U.S. population, Tables 1.5a-b also show distributions that have been statistically adjusted to provide a more valid comparison to the U.S. population.<sup>6</sup> The adjusted distributions indicate an even greater disparity in socioeconomic status than do the unadjusted. The analysis below, however, uses the unadjusted distributions.

- Between 2005 and 2015, unemployment increased from 32 percent to 37 percent among TEDS admissions aged 16 and older.
- The most common employment status reported by TEDS admissions aged 16 and older between 2005 and 2007 was not in the labor force. This proportion declined from a peak of 39 percent in 2005 to 36 percent in 2008, but increased to 39 percent again in 2015.
- Among the U.S. population aged 16 and older in 2015, 59 percent were employed, 37 percent were not in the labor force, and 3 percent were unemployed.

<sup>6</sup> The distributions were adjusted for age, gender, and race/ethnicity to the U.S. population. In essence, this technique compares the distributions under the assumption that the TEDS population and the U.S. population had the same age, gender, and racial/ethnic characteristics.

Figure 4. Employment status among admissions aged 16 and older: 2005-2015



SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

## **CHAPTER 2.**

### **CHARACTERISTICS OF ADMISSIONS BY PRIMARY SUBSTANCE: 2015**

This chapter highlights important findings in the 2015 TEDS data. The tables include items in the TEDS Minimum and Supplemental Data Sets for 2015 (see Appendix B for a complete data dictionary). Data are tabulated as percentage distributions of treatment admissions according to primary substance of abuse. It is important to note that percentages in charts, narrative lists, and percentage distributions in tables may not add to 100 percent due to rounding. The Minimum Data Set consists of items that include:

- Demographic information
- Primary, secondary, and tertiary substances and their route of administration, frequency of use, and age at first use
- Source of referral to treatment
- Number of prior treatment episodes
- Type of treatment service, including medication-assisted opioid therapy

The Supplemental Data Set consists of 17 items that include psychiatric, social, and economic measures.

Not all states report all data items in the Minimum and Supplemental Data Sets. Most states report the Minimum Data Set for all or nearly all TEDS admissions. However, the items reported from the Supplemental Data Set vary greatly across states.

The figures in this chapter represent counts of admissions for each primary substance of abuse by gender, age, and race/ethnicity (non-Hispanic White, non-Hispanic Black, Hispanic of Mexican origin, Hispanic of Puerto Rican origin,<sup>7</sup> American Indian/Alaska Native, and Asian/Pacific Islander).

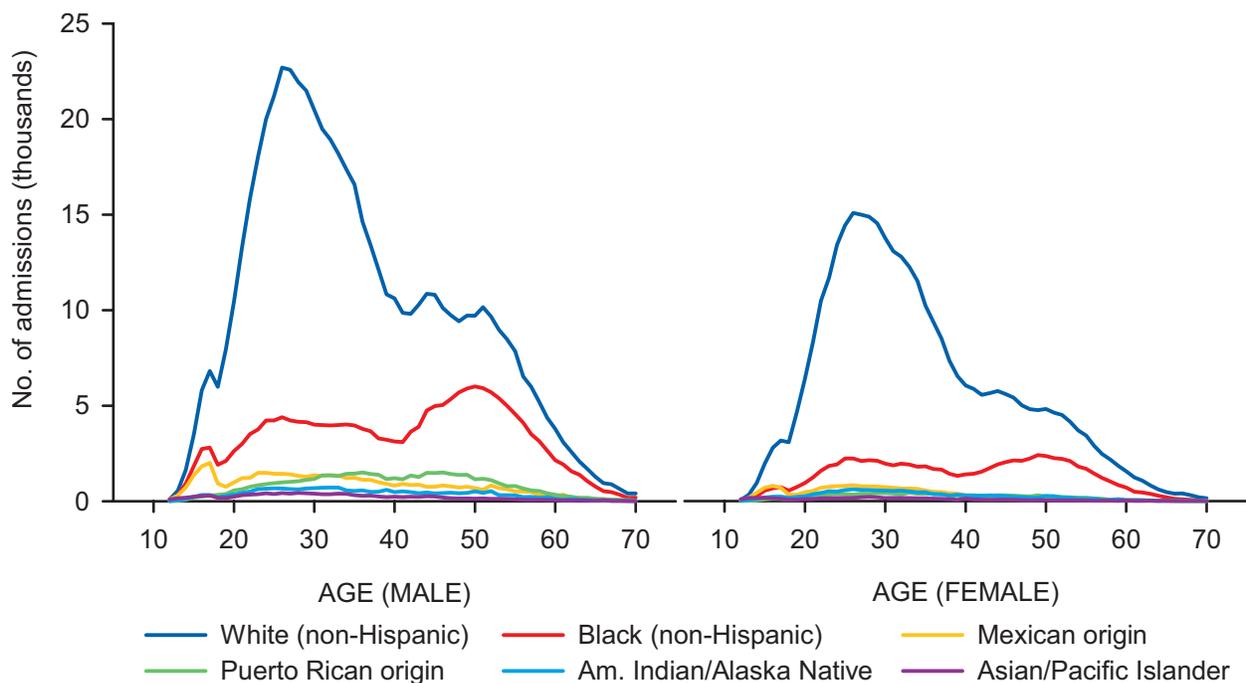
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<sup>7</sup> Hispanics of Mexican and Puerto Rican origin made up 60 percent of all admissions of Hispanic origin in 2015.

## All Admissions Aged 12 and Older

- The average age at admission was 36 years; 4 percent of admissions were aged 12 to 17 years [Tables 2.1a-b].
- Non-Hispanic Whites comprised 61 percent of all admissions aged 12 and older in 2015 (of which 38 percent were male and 23 percent female). Non-Hispanic Blacks represented 18 percent of all admissions (of which 13 percent were male and 5 percent female) [Table 2.3b].
- No prior treatment was reported by 36 percent of all admissions, while 16 percent had been in treatment five or more times previously [Table 2.5b].
- Self- or individual referrals and court/criminal justice system referrals were responsible for 41 percent and 30 percent, respectively, of referrals to treatment [Table 2.6b].
- Most admissions (61 percent) received ambulatory treatment, 22 percent received detoxification, and 17 percent received rehabilitation/residential treatment [Table 2.7b].
- A quarter (25 percent) of admissions aged 16 and older were employed [Table 2.8b].
- Of admissions aged 18 and older, 27 percent had not completed high school or attained a GED [Table 2.9b].

**Figure 5. All admissions aged 12 and older, by gender, age, and race/ethnicity: 2015**

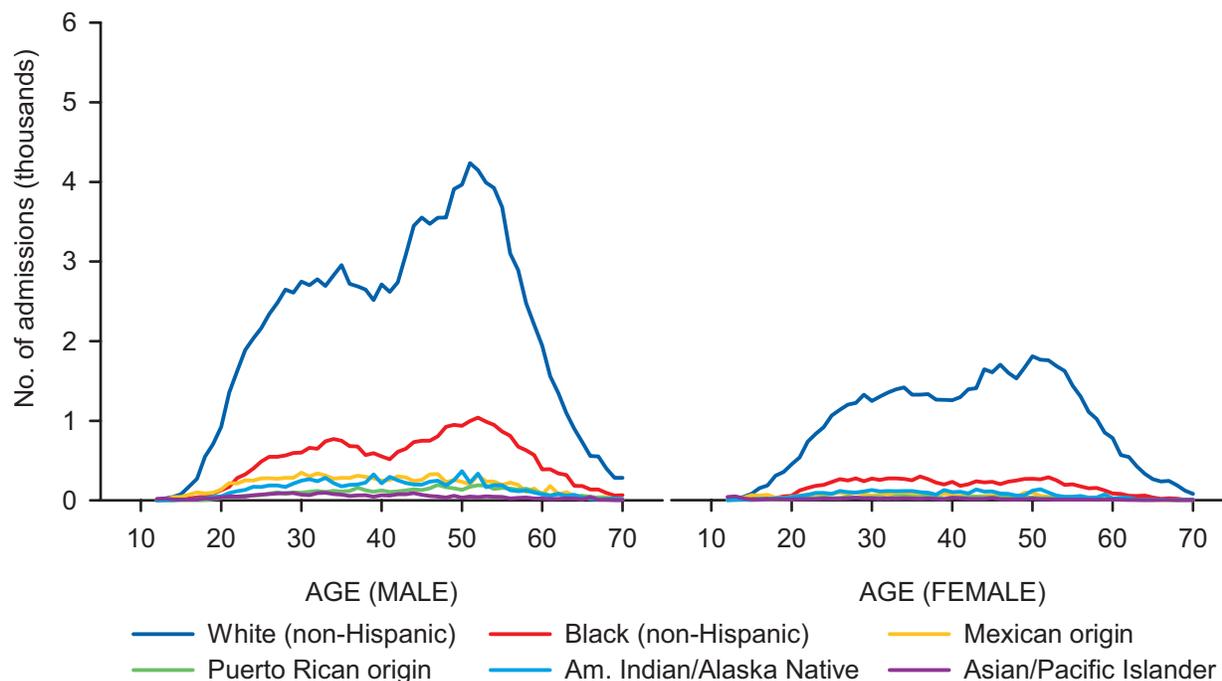


SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

## Alcohol Only

- Admissions for abuse of alcohol alone, with no secondary drug abuse, represented 19 percent of TEDS admissions aged 12 and older in 2015 [Table 1.1b].
- The average age at admission among admissions for alcohol only was 42 years [Table 2.1b]. Admissions 40 and older reported abuse of alcohol alone more frequently than any other substance abuse problem [Table 2.1c].
- Non-Hispanic Whites comprised 64 percent of all alcohol-only admissions (of which 44 percent were male and 20 percent female) [Table 2.3b].
- First intoxication before the age of 21, the legal drinking age, was reported by 86 percent of alcohol-only admissions. About a third (30 percent) first became intoxicated by age 14 [Table 2.5b].
- Among admissions referred to treatment by the court/criminal justice system, a greater proportion of alcohol-only admissions (30 percent) than admissions for alcohol with secondary drug abuse (17 percent) had been referred as a result of a DUI/DWI offense [Table 2.6b].
- A greater proportion of alcohol-only admissions aged 16 and older (35 percent) reported being employed than all admissions of that age combined (25 percent) [Table 2.8b].

**Figure 6. Alcohol-only admissions, by gender, age, and race/ethnicity: 2015**

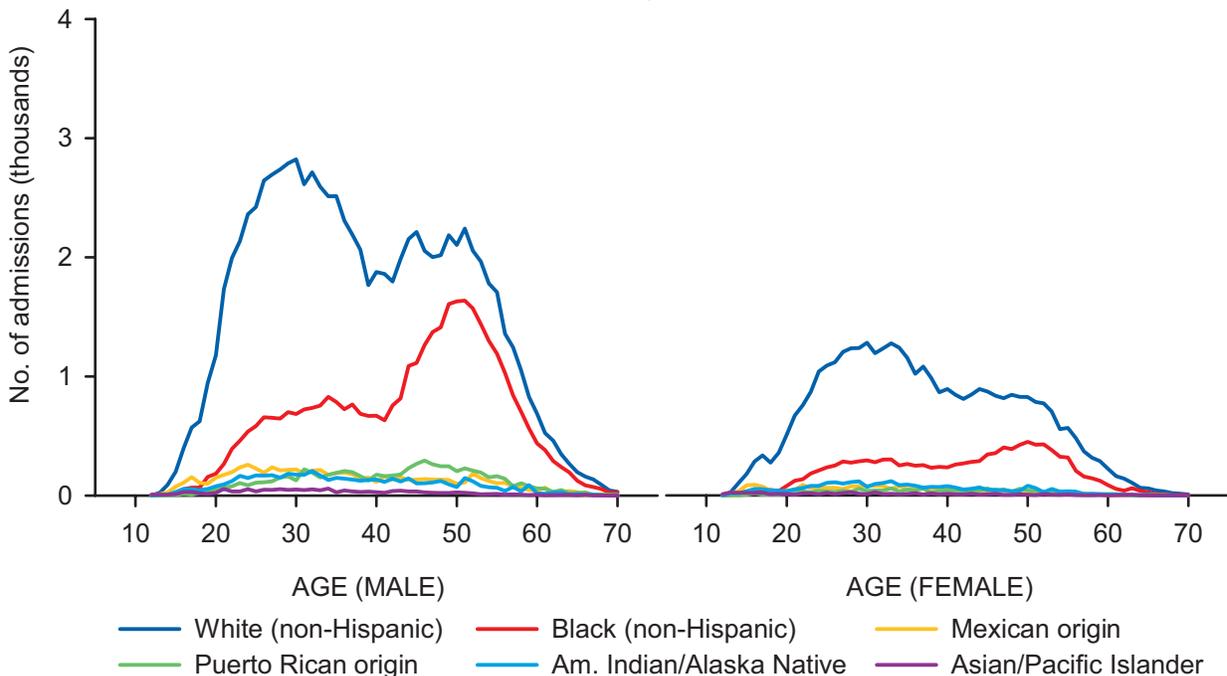


SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

## Alcohol With Secondary Drug Abuse

- Admissions for primary abuse of alcohol with secondary abuse of drugs represented 15 percent of TEDS admissions aged 12 and older in 2015 [Table 1.1b].
- The average age at admission for primary alcohol with secondary drug abuse was lower (39 years old) than for abuse of alcohol alone (42 years old) [Table 2.1b].
- Non-Hispanic Whites accounted for 57 percent of admissions for primary alcohol with secondary drug abuse (of which 40 percent were male and 17 percent female). Non-Hispanic Blacks comprised 22 percent of those admissions (of which 17 percent were male and 5 percent female) [Table 2.3b].
- Almost half (44 percent) of admissions for primary alcohol with secondary drug abuse first became intoxicated by age 14, and 92 percent first became intoxicated before age 21 (the legal drinking age) [Table 2.5b].
- No prior treatment episodes were reported by a smaller proportion of admissions for primary alcohol with secondary drug abuse (31 percent) than alcohol-only admissions (43 percent) [Table 2.5b].
- Among admissions referred by the court/criminal justice system, treatment as a condition of probation/parole was more common among admissions for alcohol with secondary drug abuse (25 percent) than alcohol-only admissions (16 percent) [Table 2.6b].
- Among admissions for alcohol with secondary drug abuse, marijuana/hashish (23 percent), smoked cocaine (6 percent), and non-smoked cocaine (6 percent) were the most frequently reported secondary substances [Table 3.8].

**Figure 7. Alcohol admissions with secondary drug abuse, by gender, age, and race/ethnicity: 2015**

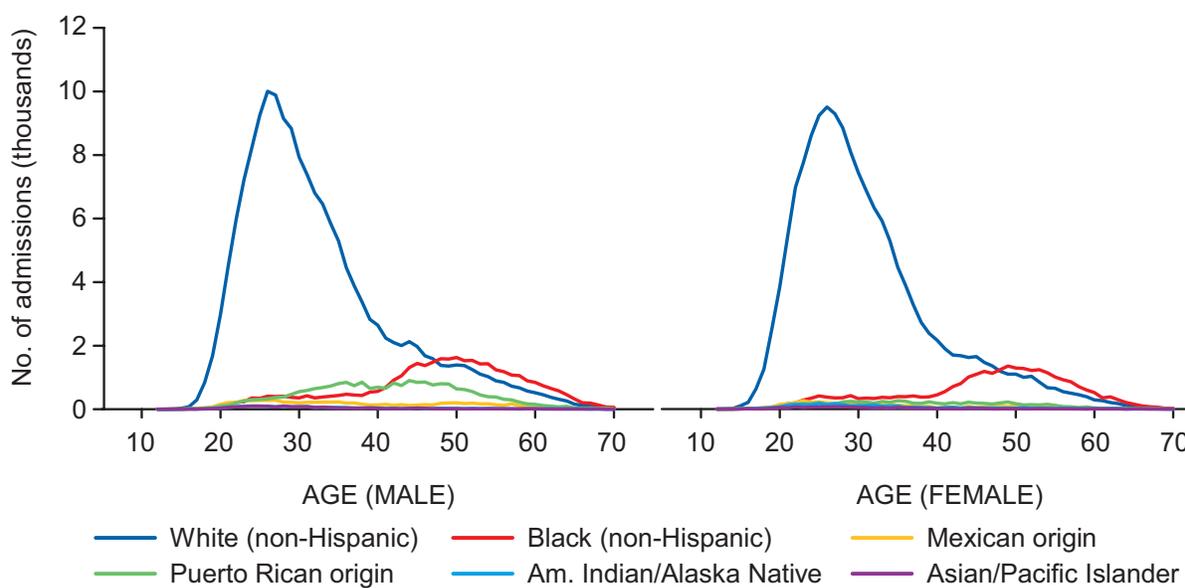


SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

## Heroin

- Heroin was reported as the primary substance of abuse for 26 percent of TEDS admissions aged 12 and older in 2015 [Table 1.1b].
- Non-Hispanic Whites represented 67 percent of primary heroin admissions (of which 41 percent were male and 26 percent female). Non-Hispanic Blacks made up 14 percent (of which 9 percent were male and 5 percent female). Admissions of Puerto Rican origin made up 7 percent of primary heroin admissions (of which 6 percent were male and 1 percent female) [Table 2.3b]. See Chapter 3 for additional data on heroin admissions.
- Injection was reported as the usual route of administration by 69 percent of primary heroin admissions; inhalation was reported by 25 percent. Daily heroin use was reported by 63 percent of primary heroin admissions [Table 2.4b].
- No prior treatment episodes were reported by 22 percent of primary heroin admissions; 25 percent had previously been in treatment five or more times [Table 2.5b].
- Referral to treatment by the court/criminal justice system was relatively less common for primary heroin admissions (14 percent) than all admissions combined (30 percent). Self- or individual referrals were relatively more common (61 percent) than all admissions combined (41 percent) [Table 2.6b].
- Medication-assisted opioid therapy was planned for 37 percent of heroin admissions [Table 2.7b].
- Only 17 percent of primary heroin admissions aged 16 and older were employed (vs. 25 percent of all admissions in that age); 45 percent were not in labor force (vs. 39 percent of all admissions in that age) [Table 2.8b].
- Use of additional substances was reported by 61 percent of heroin admissions: marijuana/hashish by 18 percent, alcohol by 14 percent, and non-smoked cocaine by 13 percent [Table 3.8].

**Figure 8. Heroin admissions, by gender, age, and race/ethnicity: 2015**

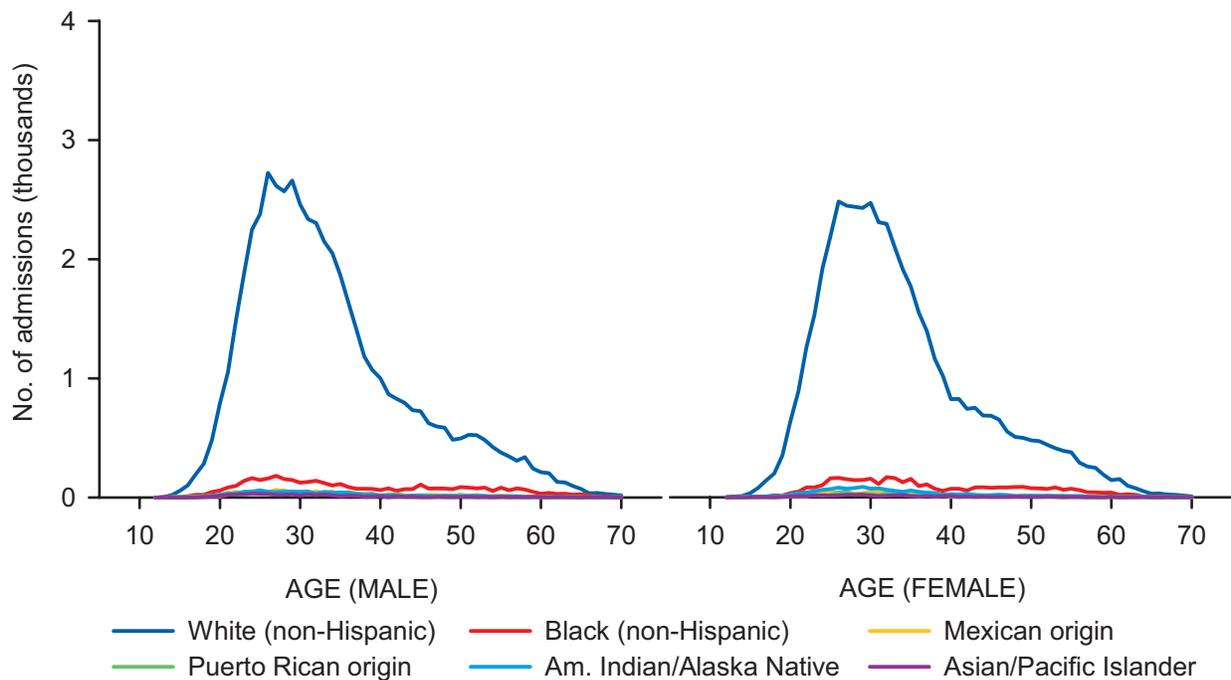


SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

## Opiates Other Than Heroin

- Opiates other than heroin were reported as the primary substance of abuse for 8 percent of TEDS admissions aged 12 and older in 2015 [Table 1.1b]. These drugs include methadone, buprenorphine, codeine, hydrocodone, hydromorphone, meperidine, morphine, opium, oxycodone, pentazocine, propoxyphene, tramadol, and any other drug with morphine-like effects.
- Those between 20 and 39 years old accounted for a greater proportion of admissions for primary opiates other than heroin (74 percent) than among all admissions combined (58 percent) [Table 2.1b].
- Non-Hispanic Whites comprised 82 percent of admissions for primary opiates other than heroin (of which 43 percent were male and 39 percent female) [Table 2.3b].
- The usual routes of administration most frequently reported by admissions of primary opiates other than heroin were oral (61 percent), inhalation (18 percent), and injection (16 percent) [Table 2.4b].
- First use after age 18 was more prevalent among admissions for primary opiates other than heroin (66 percent) than among all admissions combined (39 percent) [Table 2.5b].
- Medication-assisted opioid therapy was planned for 31 percent of admissions for primary opiates other than heroin [Table 2.7b].
- Abuse of other substances was reported by 58 percent of admissions for primary abuse of opiates other than heroin, most commonly marijuana/hashish (22 percent), alcohol (16 percent), and tranquilizers (12 percent) [Table 3.8].

**Figure 9. Non-heroin opiate admissions, by gender, age, and race/ethnicity: 2015**

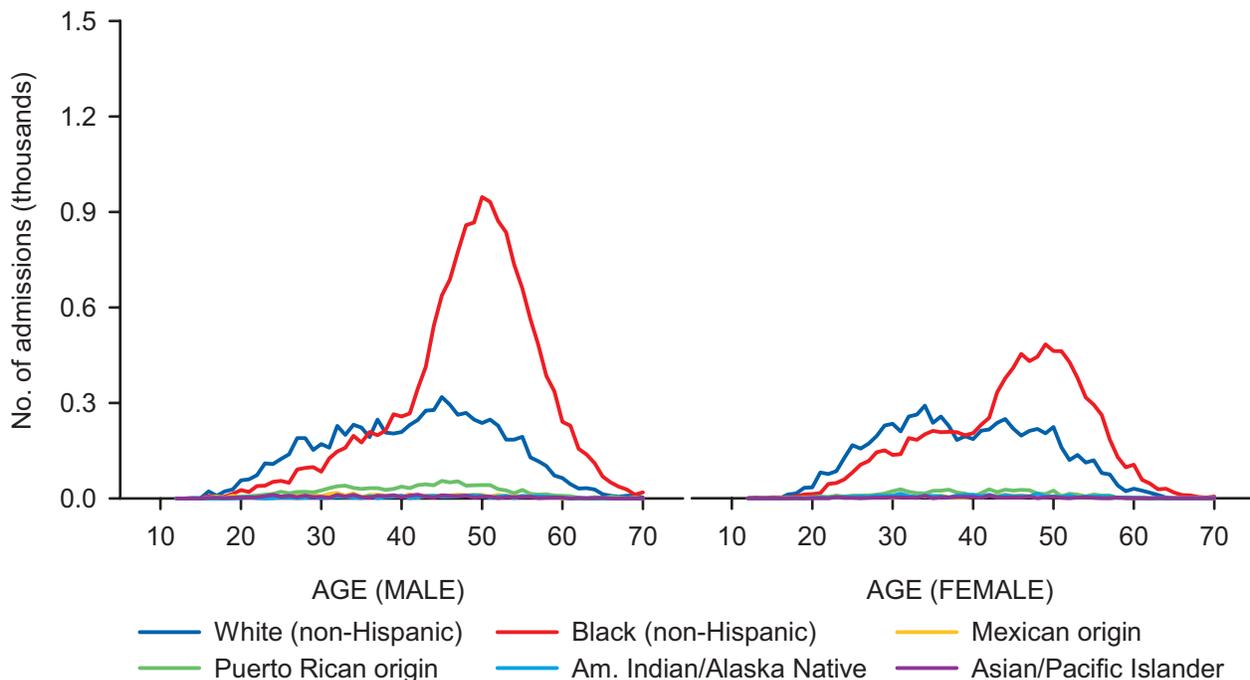


SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

## Smoked Cocaine (Crack)

- Smoked cocaine (crack) was reported as the primary substance of abuse by 3 percent of TEDS admissions aged 12 and older in 2015 [Table 1.1b].
- Those between 40 and 64 years old accounted for a greater proportion of primary smoked cocaine admissions (67 percent) than among all admissions combined (35 percent). The average age at admission for primary abusers of smoked cocaine was 44 years old [Table 2.1b].
- Non-Hispanic Blacks accounted for 54 percent of primary smoked cocaine admissions (of which 34 percent were male and 20 percent female), and non-Hispanic Whites accounted for 32 percent (of which 17 percent were male and 15 percent female) [Table 2.3b].
- Rehabilitation/residential treatment was more prevalent among primary smoked cocaine admissions (31 percent) than among all admissions combined (17 percent) [Table 2.7b].
- Only 13 percent of primary smoked cocaine admissions aged 16 and older were employed; 25 percent of all admissions that age were employed [Table 2.8b].
- Abuse of other substances was reported by 66 percent of primary smoked cocaine admissions. The most commonly reported secondary substances of abuse were alcohol (40 percent) and marijuana/hashish (28 percent) [Table 3.8].

**Figure 10. Smoked cocaine (crack) admissions, by gender, age, and race/ethnicity: 2015**

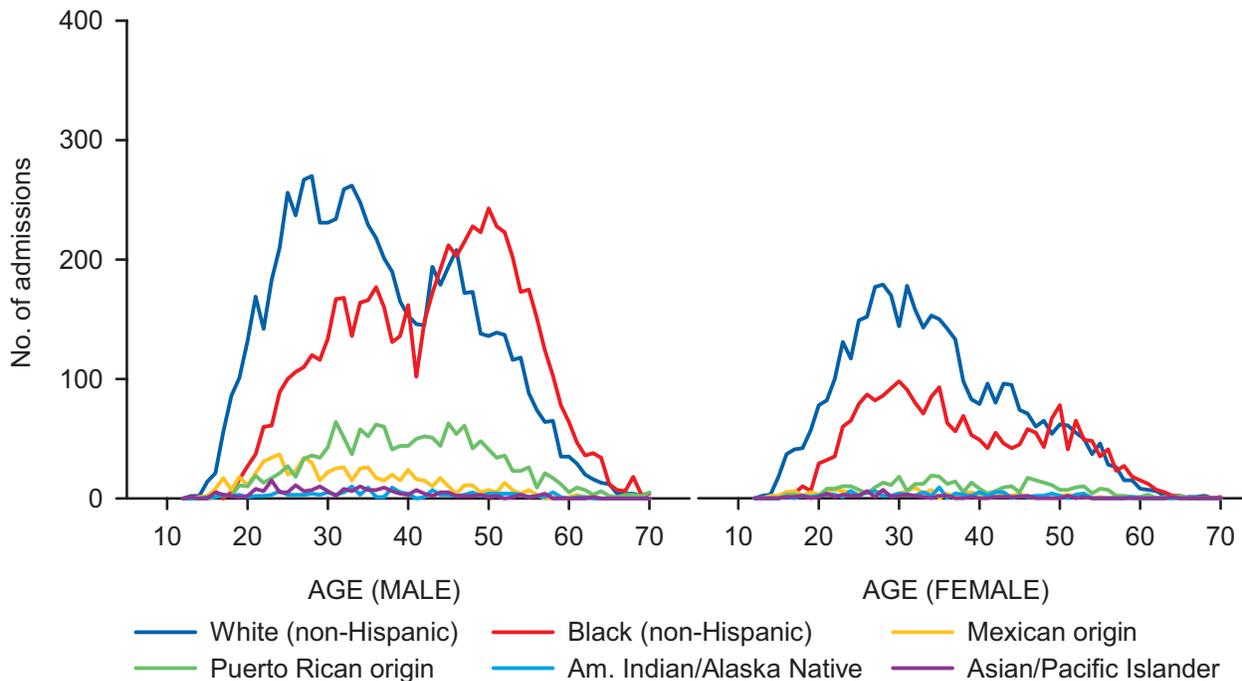


SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

## Non-Smoked Cocaine

- Non-smoked cocaine was reported as the primary substance of abuse by 2 percent of TEDS admissions aged 12 and older in 2015 [Table 1.1b].
- The average age at admission for primary non-smoked cocaine admissions was 38 years [Table 2.1b]. Non-Hispanic White males represented 27 percent of primary non-smoked cocaine admissions. [Table 2.3b].
- Non-Hispanic Whites accounted for 42 percent of primary non-smoked cocaine admissions (of which 27 percent were male and 15 percent female); non-Hispanic Blacks accounted for 32 percent (of which 23 percent were male and 9 percent female) [Table 2.3b].
- The usual routes of administration most frequently reported by admissions for primary non-smoked cocaine were inhalation (81 percent) and injection (11 percent) [Table 2.4b].
- Referral to treatment by the court/criminal justice system was more common among non-smoked cocaine admissions (37 percent) than smoked cocaine admissions (24 percent) [Table 2.6b].
- Abuse of additional substances was reported by 70 percent of admissions for primary non-smoked cocaine. Alcohol and marijuana/hashish were most common, reported by 35 percent and 30 percent, respectively [Table 3.8].

**Figure 11. Non-smoked cocaine admissions, by gender, age, and race/ethnicity: 2015**

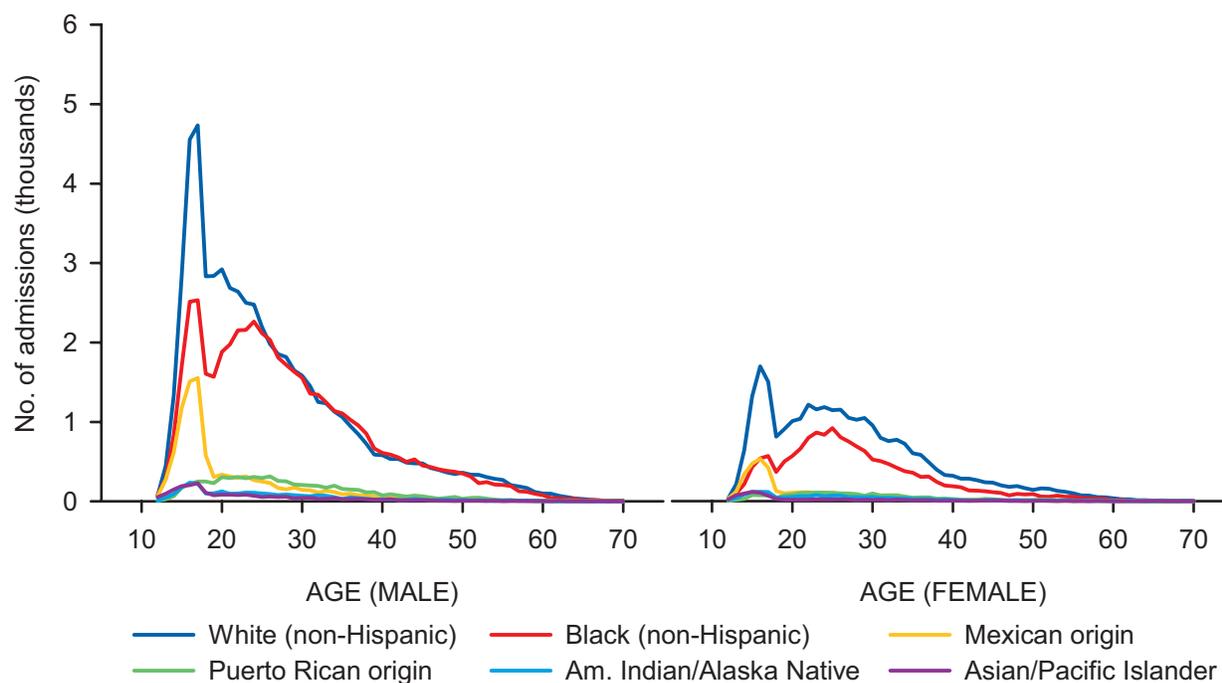


SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

## Marijuana/Hashish

- Marijuana/hashish was reported as the primary substance of abuse by 14 percent of TEDS admissions aged 12 and older in 2015 [Table 1.1b].
- The average age at admission for primary marijuana/hashish admissions was 26 years. Thirty-one percent of marijuana/hashish admissions were under age 20 (vs. 7 percent of all admissions under 20 combined) [Table 2.1b]. Primary marijuana/hashish abuse accounted for 78 percent of admissions aged 12 to 14 and 75 percent of admissions aged 15 to 17 years [Table 2.1c].
- Non-Hispanic Whites accounted for 42 percent of primary marijuana/hashish admissions (of which 29 percent were male and 13 percent female), and non-Hispanic Blacks accounted for 31 percent (of which 23 percent were male and 8 percent female) [Table 2.3b].
- Twenty-four percent of primary marijuana/hashish admissions had first used marijuana/hashish by age 12, and another 30 percent first used marijuana/hashish at age 13 or 14 [Table 2.5b].
- Referrals by the court/criminal justice system were more prevalent among primary marijuana/hashish admissions (51 percent) than among all admissions combined (30 percent). Self- or individual referrals to treatment were relatively less common (19 percent) among primary marijuana/hashish admissions than among all admissions combined (41 percent) [Table 2.6b].
- Ambulatory treatment was received by 85 percent of marijuana/hashish admissions, as compared with 61 percent of all admissions aged 12 or older [Table 2.7b].

**Figure 12. Marijuana/hashish admissions, by gender, age, and race/ethnicity: 2015**



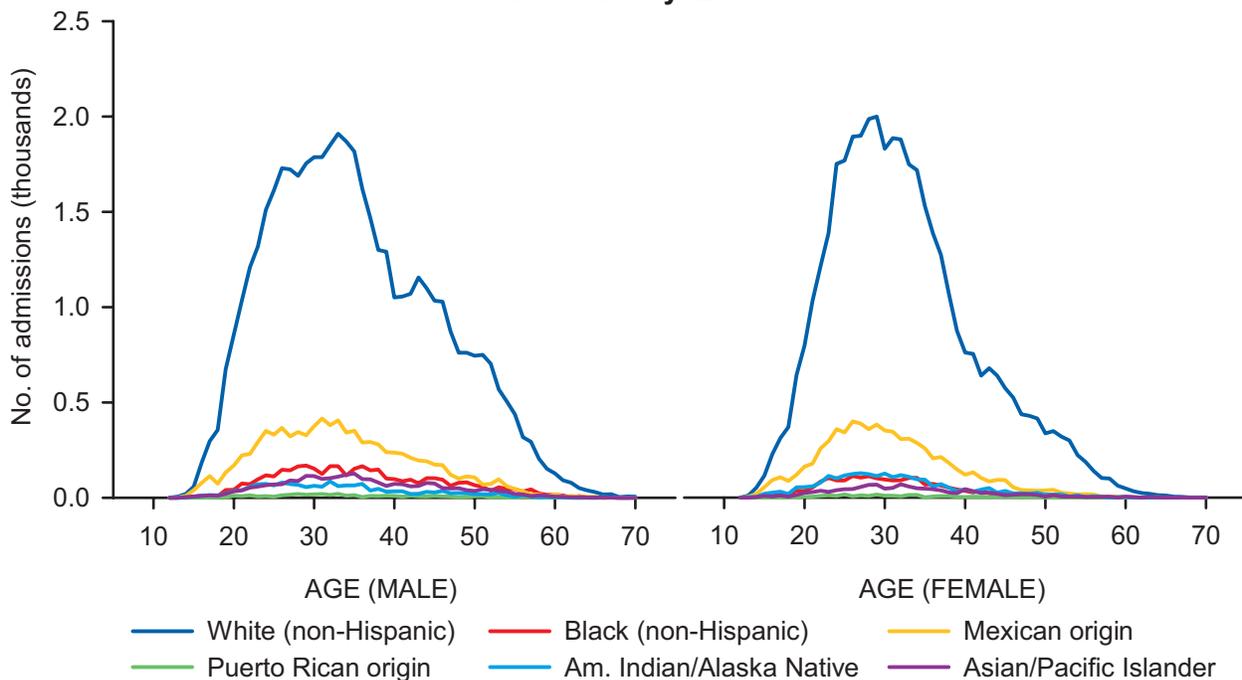
SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

- Abuse of additional substances was reported by 54 percent of primary marijuana/hashish admissions; secondary abuse of alcohol was reported by 35 percent of marijuana/hashish admissions [Table 3.8].

### Methamphetamine/Amphetamines

- Methamphetamine/amphetamines (stimulants) were reported as the primary substance of abuse by 9 percent of TEDS admissions aged 12 and older in 2015. Methamphetamine admissions, specifically, comprised 94 percent of this group [Table 1.1b].
- The average age at admission was 34 among primary methamphetamine/amphetamine abusers [Table 2.1b].
- Non-Hispanic Whites accounted for 66 percent of primary methamphetamine/amphetamine admissions (of which 36 percent were male and 30 percent female). Mexican origin was reported by 12 percent of primary methamphetamine/amphetamine admissions (of which 7 percent were male and 5 percent female) [Table 2.3b].
- The usual routes of administration most frequently reported by admissions for primary methamphetamine/amphetamines were smoking (61 percent), injection (27 percent), and inhalation (8 percent) [Table 2.4b].
- Referrals by the court/criminal justice system were more prevalent among primary methamphetamine/amphetamine admissions (44 percent) than among all admissions combined (30 percent) [Table 2.6b].

**Figure 13. Methamphetamine/amphetamine admissions, by gender, age, and race/ethnicity: 2015**



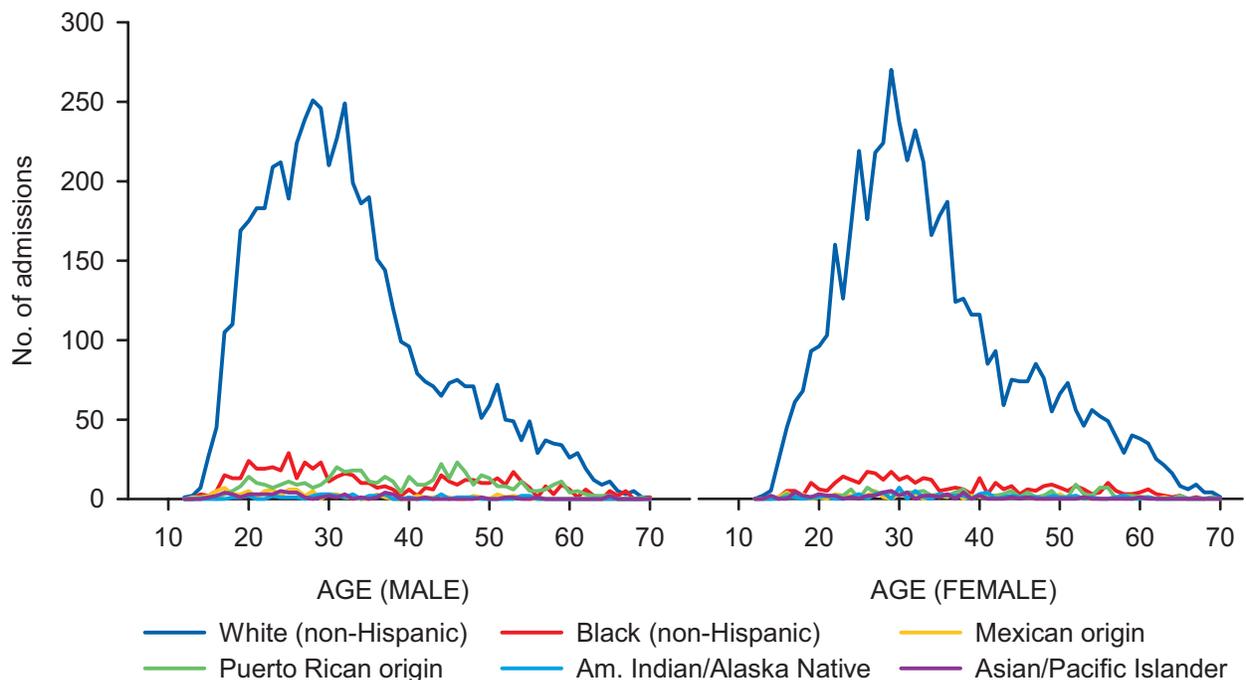
SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

- Long-term rehabilitation/residential treatment was more prevalent (16 percent) among primary methamphetamine/amphetamine admissions than among all admissions aged 12 and older, of which 7 percent received long-term rehabilitation/residential treatment [Table 2.7b].
- Abuse of other substances was reported by 66 percent of primary methamphetamine/amphetamine admissions, such as marijuana/hashish (36 percent) and alcohol (26 percent) [Table 3.8].

### Tranquilizers

- Tranquilizers were reported as the primary substance of abuse by 1 percent of TEDS admissions aged 12 and older in 2015 [Table 1.1b].
- The average age at admission for primary tranquilizer admissions was 34 years [Table 2.1b].
- Non-Hispanic Whites accounted for 78 percent of admissions for primary abuse of tranquilizers (of which 40 percent were male and 38 percent female) [Table 2.3b].
- Twenty percent of primary tranquilizer admissions first used tranquilizers after age 30 [Table 2.5b].
- Primary tranquilizer admissions received ambulatory treatment in greatest proportion (39 percent) and hospital inpatient detoxification in smallest proportion (10 percent), relative to primary admissions for other substances. Among all admissions combined, 61 percent received ambulatory treatment and 3 percent hospital inpatient detoxification [Table 2.7b].

**Figure 14. Tranquilizer admissions, by gender, age, and race/ethnicity: 2015**



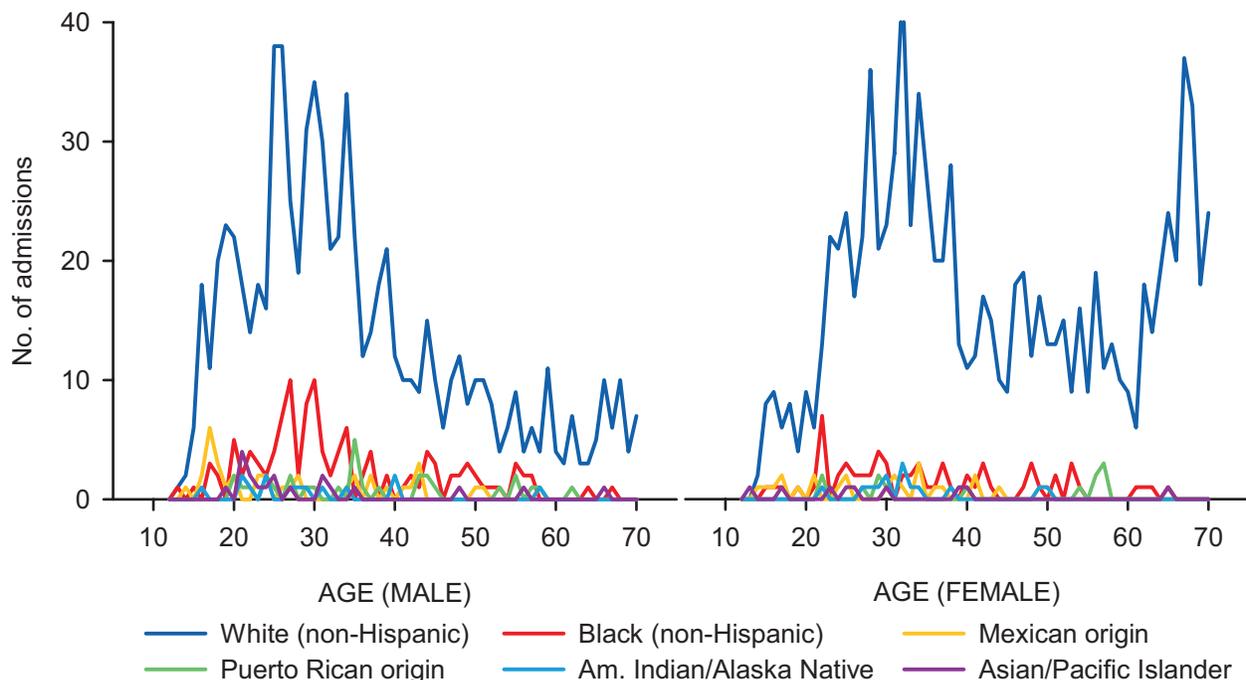
SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

- Secondary abuse of another substance was reported by 74 percent of primary tranquilizer admissions. Secondary abuse of opiates other than heroin and marijuana/hashish were reported by 24 percent each and alcohol was reported by 22 percent [Table 3.8].

### Sedatives

- Admissions for primary sedative abuse were responsible for less than 1 percent of TEDS admissions aged 12 and older in 2015 [Table 1.1b].
- Among primary sedative admissions, 25 percent were aged 65 and older; 1 percent of all admissions combined were in that age group [Table 2.1b].
- Non-Hispanic Whites accounted for 81 percent of primary sedative admissions (47 percent were females and 34 percent were males) [Table 2.3b].
- Of primary sedative admissions, 41 percent first used sedatives after age 30 [Table 2.5b].
- Of primary sedative admissions aged 18 and older, 81 percent had 12 years or more of education, as compared with 73 percent of total admissions aged 18 and older [Table 2.9b].
- Abuse of other substances was reported by half of primary sedative admissions, principally marijuana/hashish (17 percent), alcohol (16 percent), and opiates other than heroin (12 percent) [Table 3.8].

**Figure 15. Sedative admissions, by gender, age, and race/ethnicity: 2015**

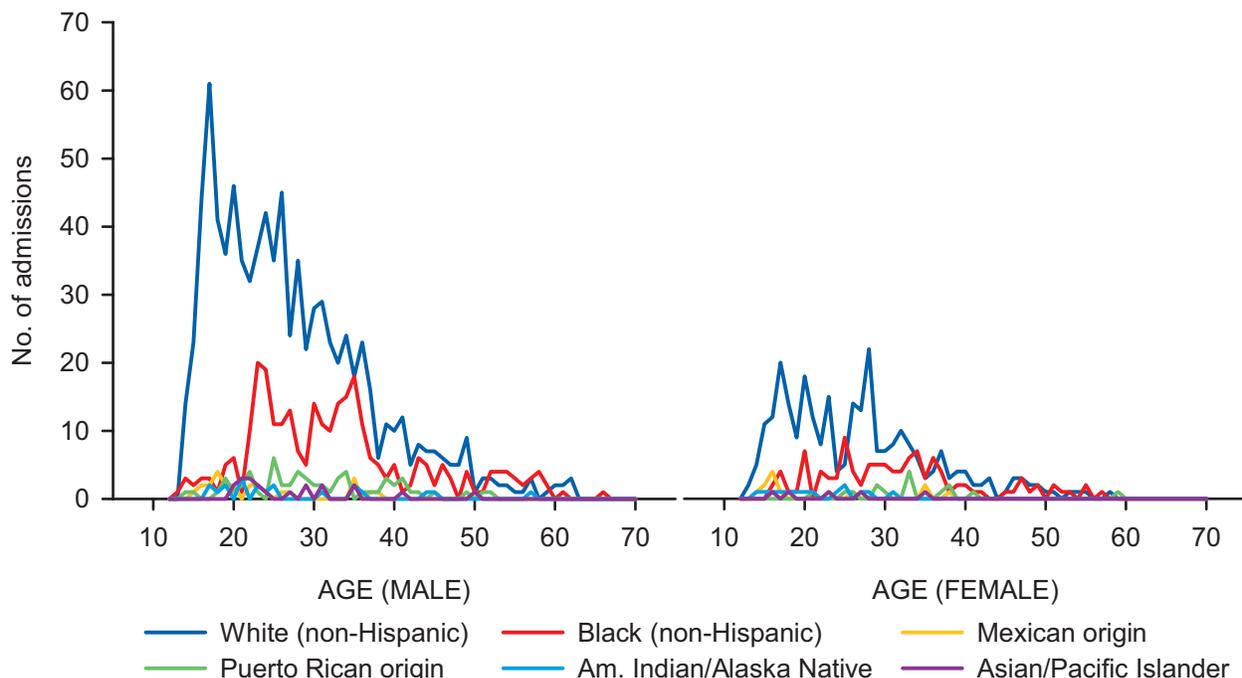


SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

## Hallucinogens

- Hallucinogens were reported as the primary substance of abuse by 0.1 percent of TEDS admissions aged 12 and older in 2015 [Table 1.1b]. Hallucinogens include LSD, DMT, STP, mescaline, psilocybin, peyote, etc.
- Twenty-two percent of hallucinogen admissions were under age 20 compared with 7 percent of all admissions combined. Thirty-eight percent were 30 years of age or older compared with 63 percent of all admissions [Table 2.1b].
- Non-Hispanic Whites accounted for about two thirds (61 percent) of admissions for primary hallucinogen abuse (of which 46 percent were males and 15 percent females); 21 percent were non-Hispanic Blacks (of which 15 percent were males and 6 percent females) [Table 2.3b].
- No use of hallucinogens in the past month was reported by 44 percent of primary hallucinogen admissions [Table 2.4b].
- Rehabilitation/residential treatment was relatively more common among primary hallucinogen admissions (25 percent) than among all admissions combined (17 percent) [Table 2.7b].
- Of primary hallucinogen admissions, 74 percent reported abuse of other drugs in addition to hallucinogens: marijuana/hashish (42 percent), alcohol (27 percent), and methamphetamine/amphetamines (12 percent) [Table 3.8].

**Figure 16. Hallucinogen admissions, by gender, age, and race/ethnicity: 2015**

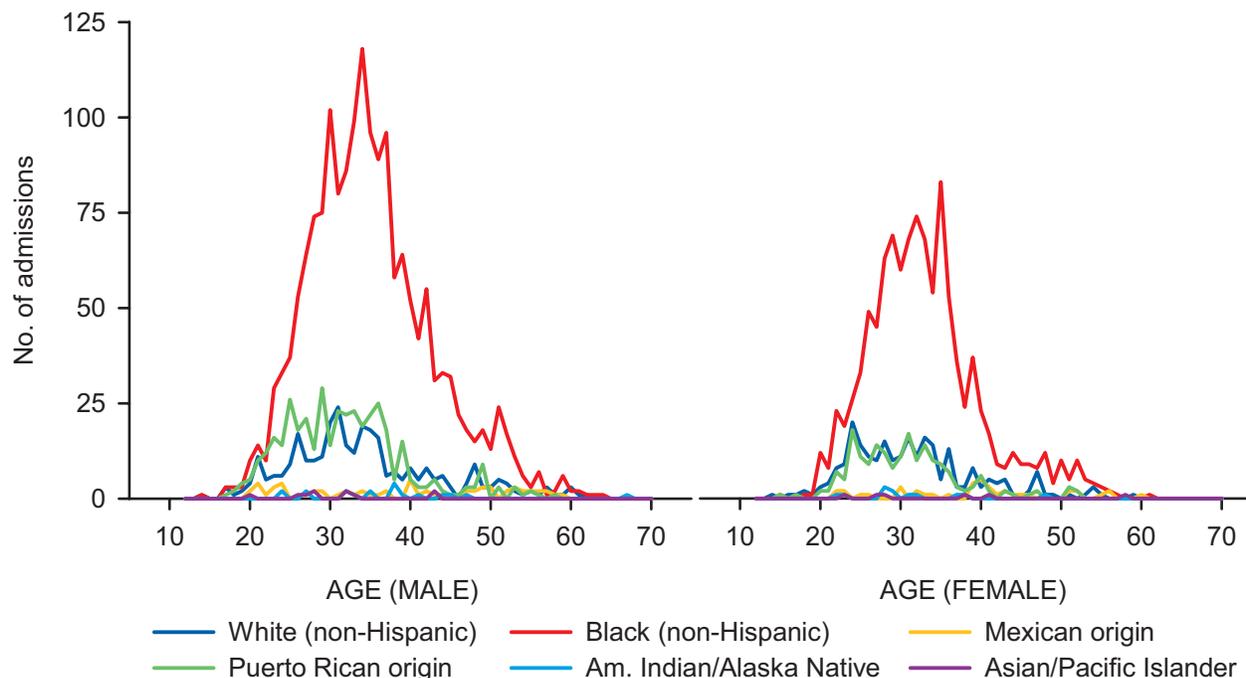


SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

## Phencyclidine (PCP)

- Phencyclidine (PCP) was reported as a primary substance of abuse by less than 1 percent of TEDS admissions aged 12 and older in 2015 [Table 1.1b].
- Seventy percent of PCP admissions were between 25 and 39 years old [Table 2.1b].
- Non-Hispanic Blacks accounted for 60 percent of primary PCP admissions (of which 37 percent were males and 23 percent were females) [Table 2.3b].
- Among admissions referred to treatment by the court/criminal justice system, primary PCP admissions were referred as a condition of probation/parole in greater proportion (47 percent) than all admissions combined (31 percent) [Table 2.6b].
- Rehabilitation/residential treatment was relatively more common (26 percent) among primary PCP admissions than among all admissions combined (17 percent), particularly short-term rehabilitation/residential treatment (15 vs. 10 percent) [Table 2.7b].
- Attainment of more than a high school education was relatively less common among PCP admissions aged 18 and older (12 percent) than all admissions combined (26 percent) [Table 2.9b].
- Abuse of other substances was reported by 64 percent of primary PCP admissions. Marijuana/hashish was reported as a secondary substance by 36 percent of primary PCP admissions, while alcohol was reported by 30 percent [Table 3.8].

**Figure 17. Phencyclidine (PCP) admissions, by gender, age, and race/ethnicity: 2015**

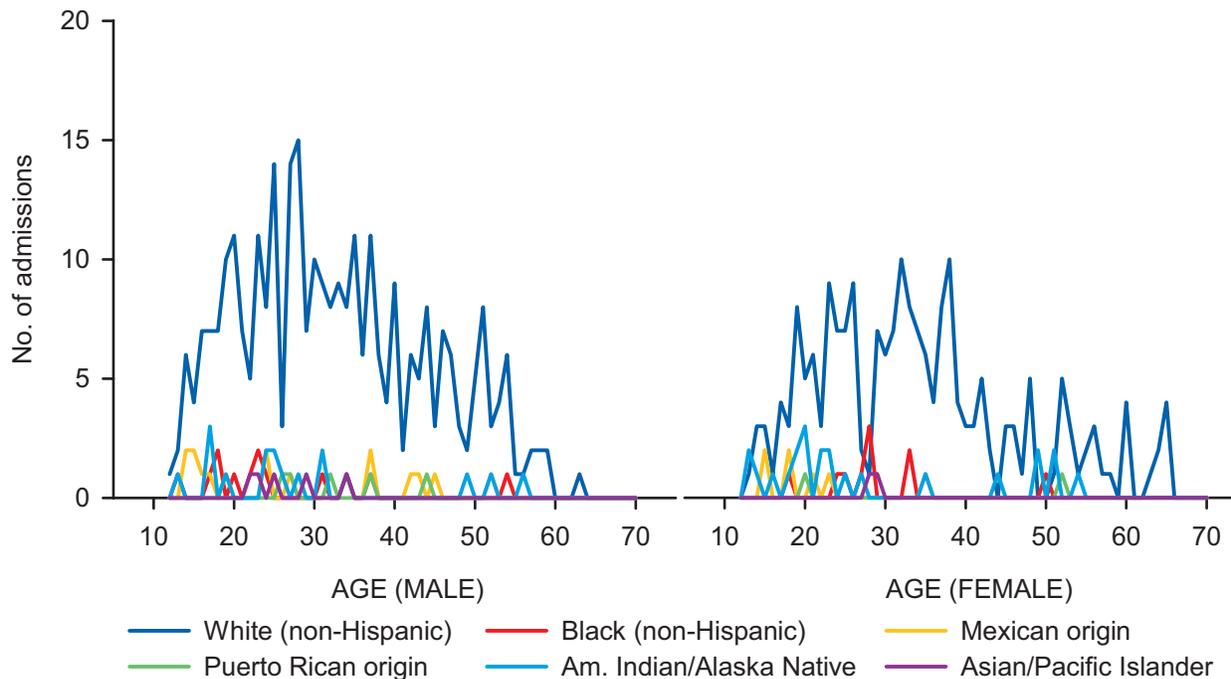


SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

## Inhalants

- Inhalants were reported as the primary substance of abuse by less than 0.05 percent of TEDS admissions aged 12 and older in 2015 [Table 1.1b]. Inhalants include chloroform, ether, gasoline, glue, nitrous oxide, paint thinner, etc.
- More than half (60 percent) of primary inhalant admissions were between 20 and 39 years old; 3 percent were between 12 and 14 years old, and another 7 percent were 15 to 17 years old. Of all admissions combined, those between 12 and 14 years old accounted for 1 percent and those 15- to 17-year-olds represented 4 percent [Table 2.1b].
- Non-Hispanic Whites accounted for 75 percent of primary inhalant admissions (of which 45 percent were males and 30 percent females). Non-Hispanic Blacks accounted for 3 percent of all primary inhalant admissions [Tables 2.2b and 2.3b].
- Referral to treatment by the court/criminal justice system was as prevalent among primary inhalant admissions as among all admissions combined (both 30 percent). Self- or individual referrals were less common (34 percent) among primary inhalant admissions than among all admissions combined (41 percent) [Table 2.6b].
- Dependent living arrangements were more common among primary inhalant admissions (29 percent) than among all admissions combined (18 percent) [Tables 2.10b].
- Abuse of other substances was reported by 65 percent of primary inhalant admissions, chiefly alcohol (35 percent) and marijuana/hashish (28 percent) [Table 3.8].

**Figure 18. Inhalant admissions, by gender, age, and race/ethnicity: 2015**



SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.



## CHAPTER 3.

### TOPICS OF SPECIAL INTEREST

This chapter highlights topics that are of current or special interest. It is important to note that percentages in charts, narrative lists, and percentage distributions in tables may not add to 100 percent due to rounding.

#### *Adolescent substance abuse 2005-2015*

TEDS data indicate that admissions to substance abuse treatment aged 12 to 17 declined by 55 percent (from 145,000 to 65,486 admissions) between 2005 and 2015 [Table 3.1a].

In 2015, 89 percent of adolescent treatment admissions involved marijuana; that is, 89 percent of adolescent treatment admissions reported marijuana as a primary, secondary, or tertiary substance. Referrals to treatment from the court/criminal justice system accounted for 39 percent of adolescent admissions that involved marijuana [Table 3.4b].

#### *Heroin admissions and medication-assisted opioid therapy 2005-2015*

The proportion of TEDS admissions for primary heroin abuse increased by 54 percent (from 260,902 to 401,743 admissions) between 2005 and 2015 [Table 3.5b].

The proportion of heroin admissions whose treatment plans included medication-assisted opioid therapy (opioid therapy using methadone or buprenorphine) increased from 30 percent in 2005 to 37 percent in 2015 [Table 3.7b].<sup>8</sup>

#### *Racial/ethnic subgroups*

TEDS data indicate that substance abuse patterns differed widely among racial/ethnic subgroups. Alcohol (alcohol only and alcohol with other drugs combined) was the predominant substance for all racial/ethnic groups except non-Hispanic Whites — for which opiates were the predominant substances — and admissions of Puerto Rican origin, for which heroin was the predominant substance [Table 2.2b].

#### *Polydrug abuse*

Polydrug abuse (the abuse of more than one substance) was more common among TEDS admissions than was abuse of a single substance [Table 3.8].

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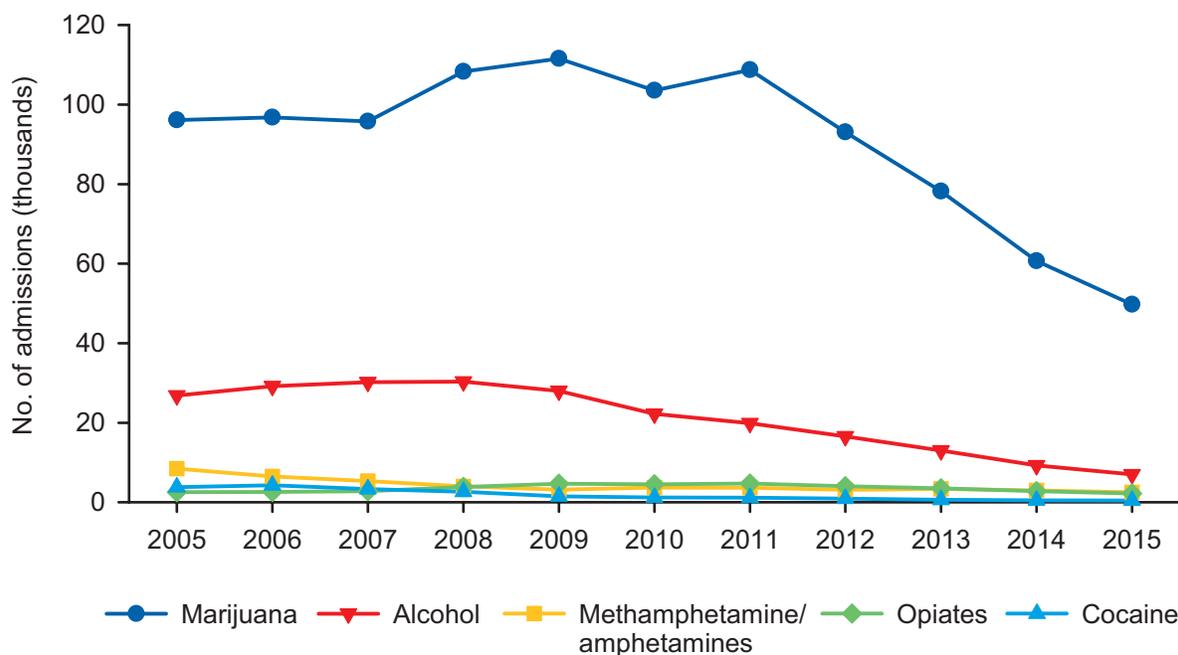
<sup>8</sup> Comparisons between the TEDS heroin admissions whose treatment plans included medication-assisted opioid therapy and the clients in the National Survey of Substance Abuse Treatment Services (N-SSATS) that used methadone or buprenorphine in the treatment of opioids should be avoided for the following reasons: (i) many private for-profit treatment facilities do not report to TEDS but do report to N-SSATS; (ii) TEDS data are calculated based on a full year's data, while N-SSATS data are calculated based on a reference date (last working day in March); and (iii) both the data collection method and the manner in which the question is asked are different for N-SSATS and TEDS data—in TEDS information is collected on planned treatment and in N-SSATS facilities report clients who received methadone or buprenorphine for detoxification or maintenance purposes.

## Adolescent Admissions to Substance Abuse Treatment

Tables 3.1a-b and Figure 19. The proportion of adolescent admissions aged 12 to 17 declined by 55 percent from 2005 to 2015.

- Two primary substances—marijuana and alcohol—accounted for between 85 and 89 percent of adolescent admissions each year from 2005 to 2015.
  - Marijuana admissions increased from 66 percent of adolescent admissions in 2005 to 76 percent in 2015; however, the total number of adolescent marijuana admissions decreased by 48 percent (from 96,129 to 49,730 admissions) between 2005 and 2015.
  - Alcohol admissions declined from 19 percent of adolescent admissions in 2005 to 11 percent in 2015.
- Stimulants (methamphetamine/amphetamine) admissions decreased from 6 percent in 2005 to 4 percent in 2015.
- Opiate admissions represented 2 percent of adolescent admissions from 2005 to 2008 and ranged between 3 percent and 4 percent from 2009 to 2015.
  - Primary abuse of opiates other than heroin<sup>9</sup> accounted for 1,245 adolescent admissions in 2005 and 868 adolescent admissions in 2015.
  - Primary abuse of heroin accounted for 1,337 adolescent admissions in 2005 and 1,378 adolescent admissions in 2015.

**Figure 19. Adolescent admissions aged 12 to 17, by primary substance: 2005-2015**



SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

<sup>9</sup> These drugs include methadone, buprenorphine, codeine, hydrocodone, hydromorphone, meperidine, morphine, opium, oxycodone, pentazocine, propoxyphene, tramadol, and any other drug with morphine-like effects.

- Cocaine adolescent admissions decreased from about 3 percent in 2005 and 2006 to less than 1 percent of adolescent admissions in 2015.
- All other substances combined accounted for 2 percent from 2005 to 2014 and 3 percent of adolescent admissions in 2015.

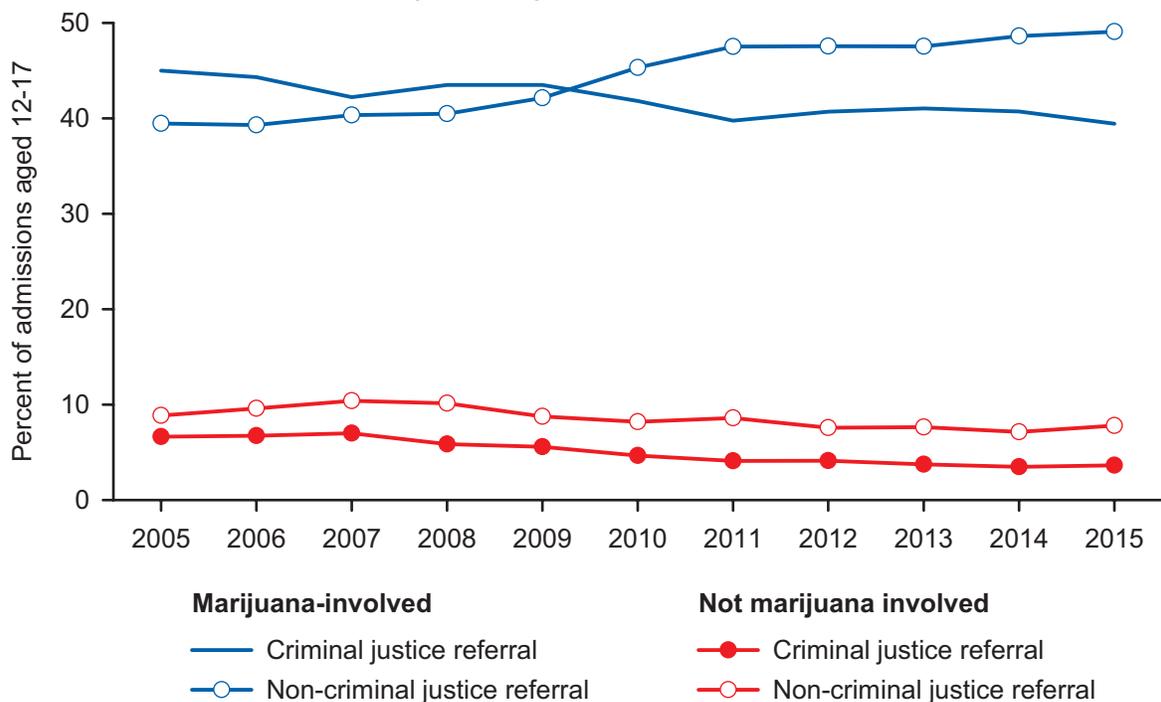
*Table 3.2b.* In 2015, overall, 69 percent of adolescent admissions were male, a proportion heavily influenced by the 74 percent of marijuana/hashish admissions that were male. The proportion of female admissions was greater than 30 percent for most substances other than marijuana/hashish and hallucinogens. Among adolescent admissions, the two primary substances that had a higher proportion of females to males were heroin (59 percent female) and methamphetamine/amphetamines (56 percent female).

Non-Hispanic Whites accounted for 43 percent of adolescent admissions, Hispanic origin for 27 percent, non-Hispanic Blacks for 17 percent, and other racial/ethnic groups for 13 percent.

*Table 3.3b.* The proportion of adolescent admissions increased with age. Twelve-year-olds represented 1 percent of admissions, while 17-year-olds represented 33 percent of admissions in 2015. Patterns of primary substance of abuse varied according to age. Among adolescent admissions for inhalants and alcohol only, 15 and 12 percent, respectively, were aged 12 or 13. Among admissions for heroin and for opiates other than heroin, 67 percent and 49 percent, respectively, were age 17.

In 2015, referrals to treatment by the court/criminal justice system represented 43 percent of adolescent admissions, while self- or individual referrals comprised 20 percent, and school referrals, 13 percent.

**Figure 20. Adolescent admissions aged 12 to 17, by marijuana involvement and court/criminal justice system referral: 2005-2015**



NOTE: In this figure, a criminal justice referral refers to admissions that are coded as "Court/criminal justice referral/DUI/DWI" in TEDS. SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

Table 3.4b and Figure 20. An admission was considered marijuana-involved if marijuana/hashish was reported as a primary, secondary, or tertiary substance. In 2005, 45 percent of all adolescent admissions were marijuana-involved and referred to treatment by the court/criminal justice system, and 39 percent were marijuana-involved but referred by other sources. By 2015, the proportion of all adolescent admissions that were marijuana-involved and referred by the court/criminal justice system had decreased to 39 percent, while the proportion that were marijuana-involved and referred by other sources had increased to 49 percent.

The proportion of adolescent admissions not involving marijuana that were referred by the court/criminal justice system fell from 7 percent in 2005 to 4 percent in 2015. Admissions not involving marijuana that were referred from other sources fluctuated between 7 and 10 percent of adolescent admissions between 2005 and 2015.

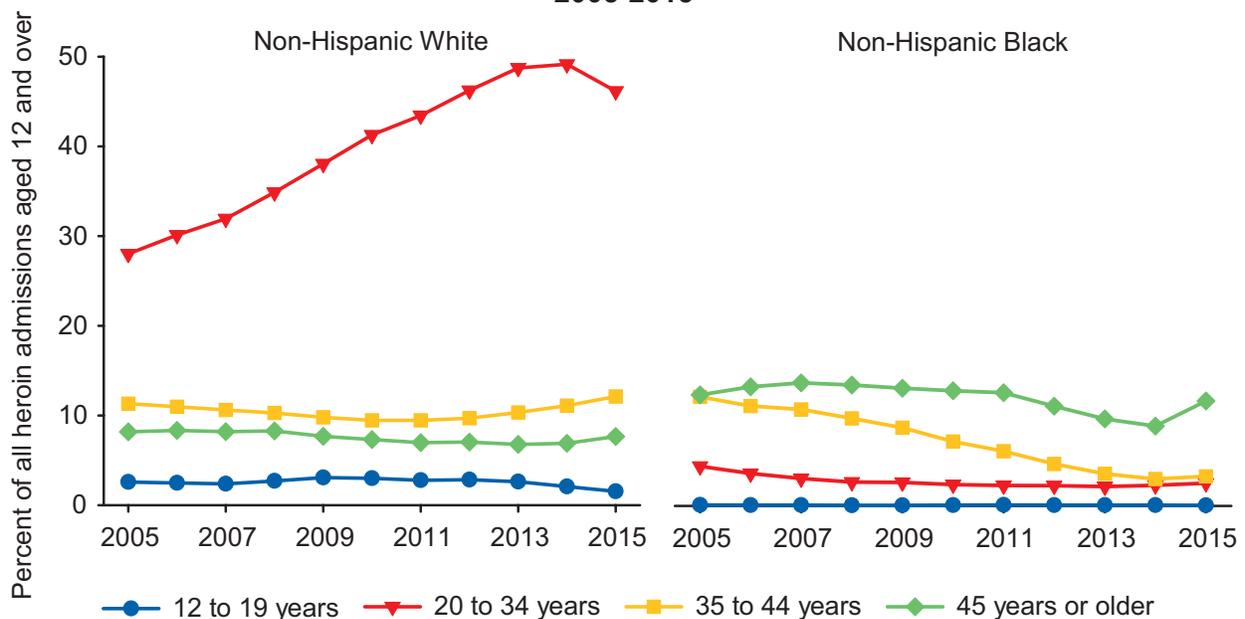
### Trends in Heroin Admissions and Medication-Assisted Opioid Therapy

The proportion of primary heroin admissions aged 12 and older was relatively consistent from 2005 through 2011, accounting for 13 to 15 percent of TEDS admissions in those years, but the proportion rose to 17 percent in 2012, 22 percent in 2014, and 26 percent in 2015 [Table 1.1b].

In 2015, injection was reported as the usual route of administration by 69 percent of primary heroin admissions, inhalation by 25 percent, and smoking by 5 percent [Table 2.4b]. Between 2005 and 2015, the largest proportion of primary heroin admissions were 20 to 34 years of age (between 42 and 59 percent from 2005 through 2015) [Table 3.5b].

However, these measures conceal substantial changes in the age, race/ethnicity, and route of administration of some subpopulations among primary heroin admissions.

**Figure 21. Heroin admissions aged 12 and older, by age group and race/ethnicity: 2005-2015**



SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

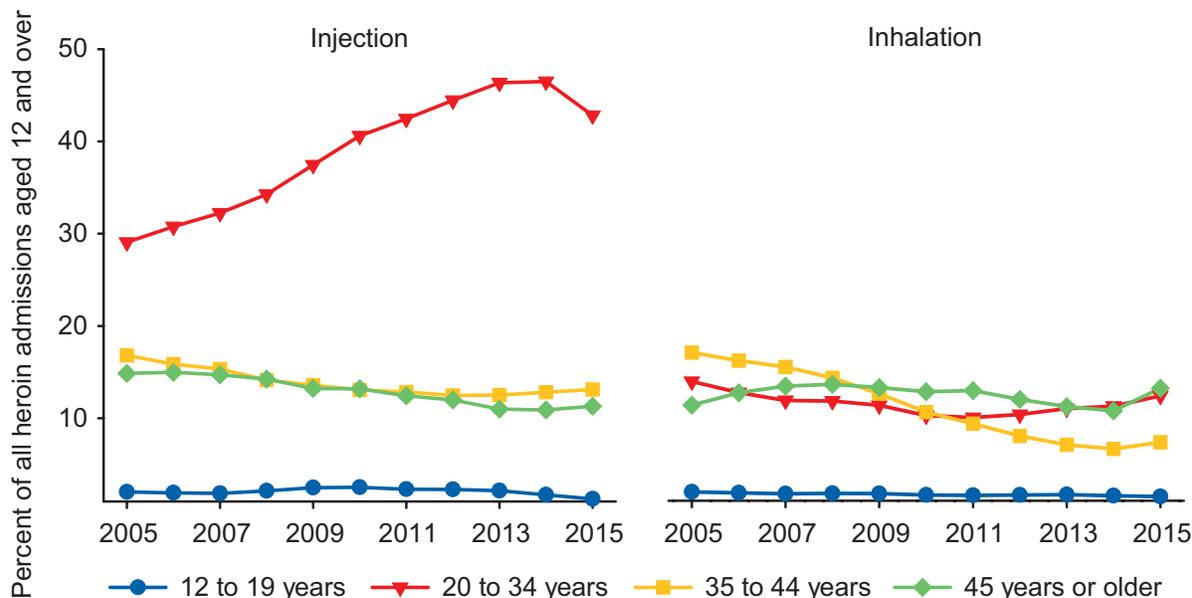
Table 3.5b and Figure 21. TEDS data show a general increase in heroin admissions among young non-Hispanic White adults. Among non-Hispanic Blacks, however, admissions generally declined from 2005 to 2015.

- In 2005, non-Hispanic Whites between the ages of 20 and 34 represented 28 percent of primary heroin admissions; this increased to 46 in 2015. Similarly, non-Hispanic Whites between the ages of 35 and 44 represented 11 percent of primary heroin admissions in 2005 and 12 percent in 2015. Non-Hispanic White admissions among those aged 12 to 19 and older than 45 remained relatively constant, at 2 to 3 percent and 7 to 8 percent, respectively.
- In contrast, the proportion of primary heroin admissions that were non-Hispanic Black generally decreased, principally among those aged 35 to 44, which fell from 10 percent of all admissions in 2005 to 3 percent in 2015. Among ages 20 to 34, non-Hispanic Black admissions for primary heroin abuse decreased from 4 percent in 2005 to 2 percent in 2015, while the proportion aged 45 years and older fluctuated between 7 and 11 percent between 2005 and 2015. Non-Hispanic Black admissions between the ages of 12 and 19 accounted for a tenth of 1 percent or less of all primary heroin admissions between 2005 and 2015.

Table 3.6b and Figure 22.

- In 2005, over a quarter of primary heroin admissions (29 percent) were injectors aged 20 to 34, 17 percent were injectors aged 35 to 44, and 15 percent were injectors aged 45 and older. By 2015, however, almost half of primary heroin admissions (43 percent) were injectors aged 20 to 34; meanwhile, the proportion that were injectors aged 35 to 44 and older than 45 decreased to 13 percent and 11 percent, respectively.

**Figure 22. Heroin admissions aged 12 and older, by route of administration and age group: 2005-2015**



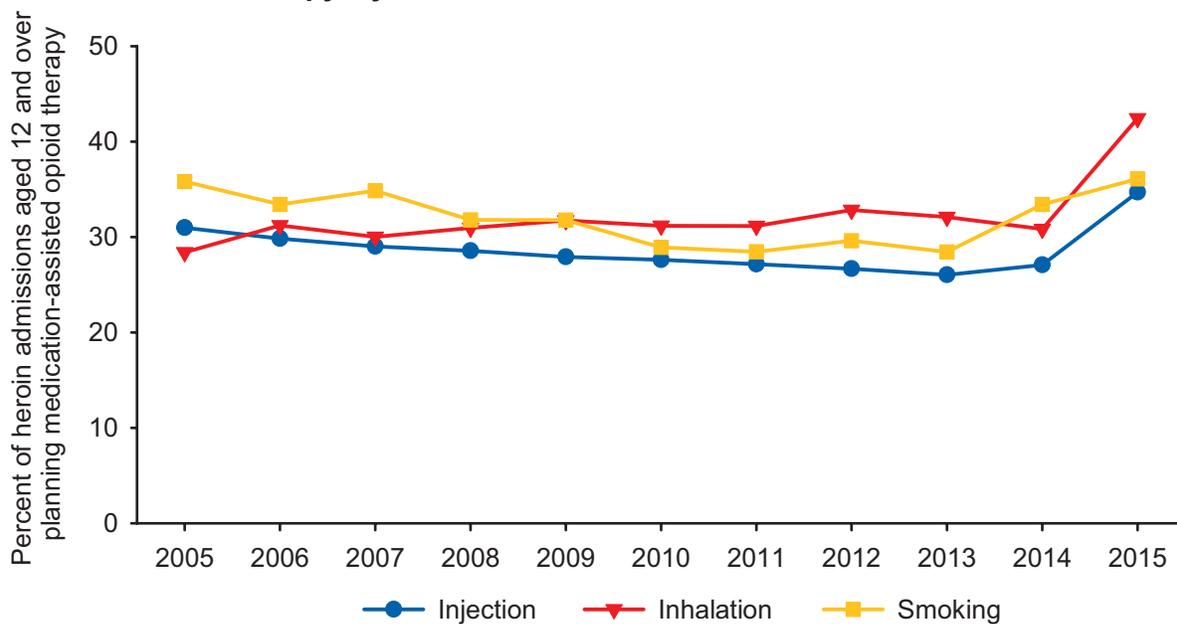
SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

- The proportion of primary heroin admissions that were inhalers between 20 and 34 years old decreased from 11 percent in 2005 to 9 percent in 2015; the proportion similarly fell among those between 35 to 44 years old, from 13 percent in 2005 to 5 percent in 2015. Meanwhile, the proportion that were inhalers aged 45 and older fluctuated between 8 percent and 10 percent from 2005 through 2015.

*Table 3.7b and Figures 23-24.* Planned use of medication-assisted opioid therapy (MAT, i.e., opioid therapy using methadone or buprenorphine) declined among primary heroin admissions between 2005 and 2014 from 30 percent to 28 percent but increased sharply to 37 percent in 2015.

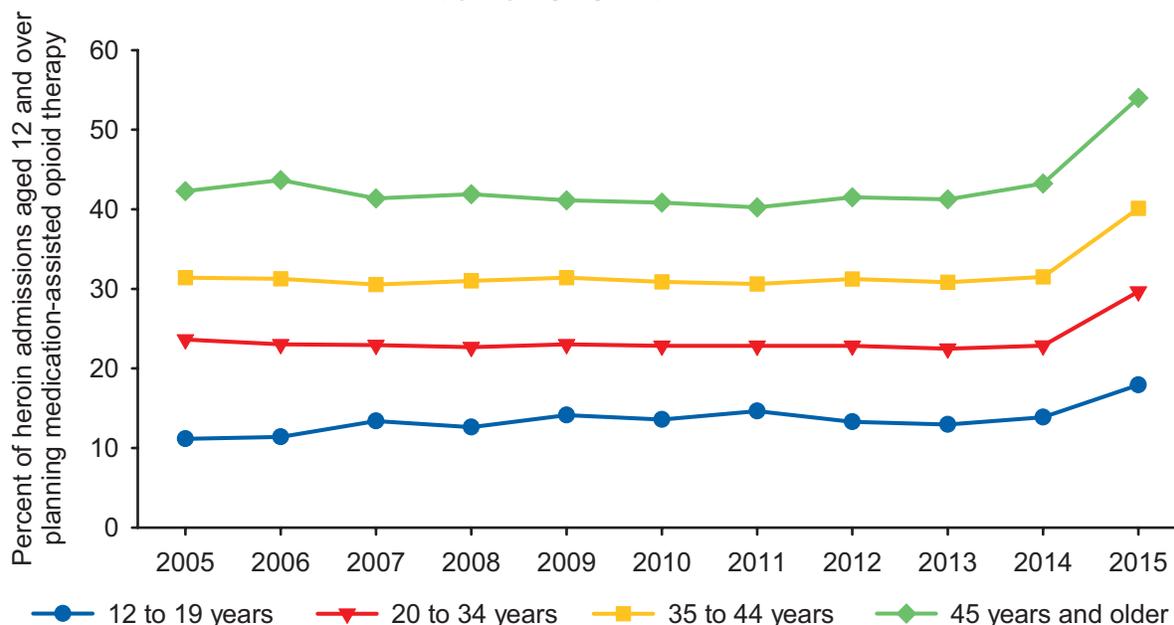
- *Table 3.7b and Figure 23.* In 2005, 30 percent of primary heroin admissions overall had treatment plans that included MAT, although the proportion varied by route of administration: 36 percent of heroin smokers, 31 percent of heroin injectors, and 28 percent of heroin inhalers. By 2015, 37 percent of primary heroin admissions had treatment plans that included MAT, with 42 percent being heroin inhalers, 36 percent being heroin smokers, and 35 percent being heroin injectors (see footnote 8 on page 29).
- *Table 3.7b and Figure 24.* Older primary heroin admissions had MAT planned in greater proportion than other age groups. In 2005, MAT was planned for 42 percent of primary heroin admissions aged 45 and older, 31 percent of those aged 35 to 44, 24 percent of those aged 20 to 34, and 11 percent of those aged 12 to 19. In 2015, MAT was planned more often among all age groups: MAT was planned for 54 percent of primary heroin admissions aged 45 and older, 40 percent of those aged 35 to 44, 30 percent of those aged 20 to 34, and 18 percent of those aged 12 to 19.

**Figure 23. Heroin admissions aged 12 and older with planned medication-assisted opioid therapy, by route of heroin administration: 2005-2015**



SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Figure 24. Heroin admissions aged 12 and older with planned medication-assisted opioid therapy, by age group: 2005-2015**



SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

### Racial/Ethnic Subgroups

Table 2.3c and Figures 25-30. TEDS data indicate that patterns of primary substance abuse differed widely in 2015 among not only racial/ethnic subgroups, but country of origin among Hispanic admissions, and gender within subgroups.

Figure 25.

- Among non-Hispanic White male admissions, alcohol was the most frequently reported primary substance (37 percent); 22 percent reported alcohol only and 15 percent reported alcohol with secondary drug. Heroin was reported by 28 percent, marijuana/hashish by 10 percent, non-heroin opiates by 9 percent, methamphetamine/amphetamines by 8 percent, and smoked cocaine by 1 percent.
- Among non-Hispanic White female admissions, heroin was the most frequently reported primary substance (30 percent). Alcohol was reported by 28 percent (of which 17 percent reported alcohol only and 11 percent reported alcohol with secondary drug), non-heroin opiates by 14 percent, methamphetamine/amphetamines by 12 percent, marijuana/hashish by 8 percent, and smoked cocaine by 2 percent.

Figure 26.

- Among non-Hispanic Black male admissions, alcohol was the most frequently reported primary substance (35 percent, of which 15 percent reported alcohol only and 20 percent reported alcohol with secondary drug). Marijuana/hashish was reported by 26 percent, heroin by 19 percent, smoked cocaine by 8 percent, and non-smoked cocaine by 3 percent [Table 2.3c].

- Among non-Hispanic Black female admissions, alcohol was the most frequently reported primary substance (27 percent, of which 12 percent reported alcohol only and 15 percent reported alcohol with secondary drug). Heroin was reported by 25 percent, marijuana/hashish by 20 percent, smoked cocaine by 12 percent, and non-heroin opiates by 5 percent.
- Primary methamphetamine/amphetamine abuse was reported by 3 percent of non-Hispanic Black female admissions and 2 percent of non-Hispanic Black male admissions.

*Figure 27.*

- Among male admissions of Mexican origin, alcohol was the most frequently reported primary substance (39 percent, of which 24 percent reported alcohol only and 15 percent reported alcohol with secondary drug). Marijuana/hashish was reported by 21 percent, methamphetamine/amphetamines by 19 percent, and heroin by 16 percent [Table 2.3c].
- Among female admissions of Mexican origin, methamphetamine/amphetamines were the most commonly reported primary substance (35 percent). Alcohol was reported by 24 percent (of which 13 percent reported alcohol only and 11 percent reported alcohol with secondary drug), marijuana/hashish by 17 percent, and heroin by 15 percent.

*Figure 28.*

- Among male admissions of Puerto Rican origin, heroin (48 percent) was the most frequently reported primary substance. Alcohol was reported by 26 percent (of which 11 percent reported alcohol only and 15 percent reported alcohol with secondary drug), marijuana by 14 percent, non-smoked cocaine by 3 percent, and non-heroin opiates by 3 percent [Table 2.3c].
- Among female admissions of Puerto Rican origin, heroin (38 percent) was the most frequently reported primary substance. Alcohol was reported by 23 percent (of which 11 percent reported alcohol only and 12 percent reported alcohol with secondary drug), marijuana/hashish by 18 percent, smoked cocaine by 5 percent, non-heroin opiates by 5 percent, and non-smoked cocaine by 3 percent.

*Figure 29.* Note: Only 2 percent of all TEDS admissions were American Indians/Alaska Natives [Tables 2.2b and 2.3c].

- Among American Indian/Alaska Native male admissions, alcohol was the most frequently reported primary substance (64 percent, of which 39 percent reported alcohol only and 24 percent reported alcohol with secondary drug). Marijuana/hashish was reported by 13 percent, methamphetamine/amphetamines and heroin by 8 percent each, and non-heroin opiates by 5 percent.
- Among American Indian/Alaska Native female admissions, alcohol was the most frequently reported primary substance (44 percent, of which 25 percent reported alcohol only and 19 percent reported alcohol with secondary drug). Methamphetamine/amphetamines were reported by 17 percent, heroin by 13 percent, marijuana/hashish by 11 percent, and non-heroin opiates by 10 percent.

*Figure 30.* Note: Only 1 percent of all TEDS admissions were Asian/Pacific Islanders [Tables 2.2b and 2.3c].

- Among Asian/Pacific Islander male admissions, alcohol was the most commonly reported primary substance (34 percent, of which 22 percent reported alcohol only and 12 percent reported alcohol with secondary drug). Methamphetamine/amphetamines were reported by 22 percent, marijuana/hashish by 19 percent, and heroin by 13 percent.
- Among Asian/Pacific Islander female admissions, alcohol was the most commonly reported primary substance (27 percent, of which 16 percent reported alcohol only and 11 percent reported alcohol with secondary drug). Methamphetamine/amphetamines were reported by 25 percent, marijuana/hashish by 17 percent, heroin by 15 percent, and non-heroin opiates by 7 percent.

### **Polydrug Abuse**

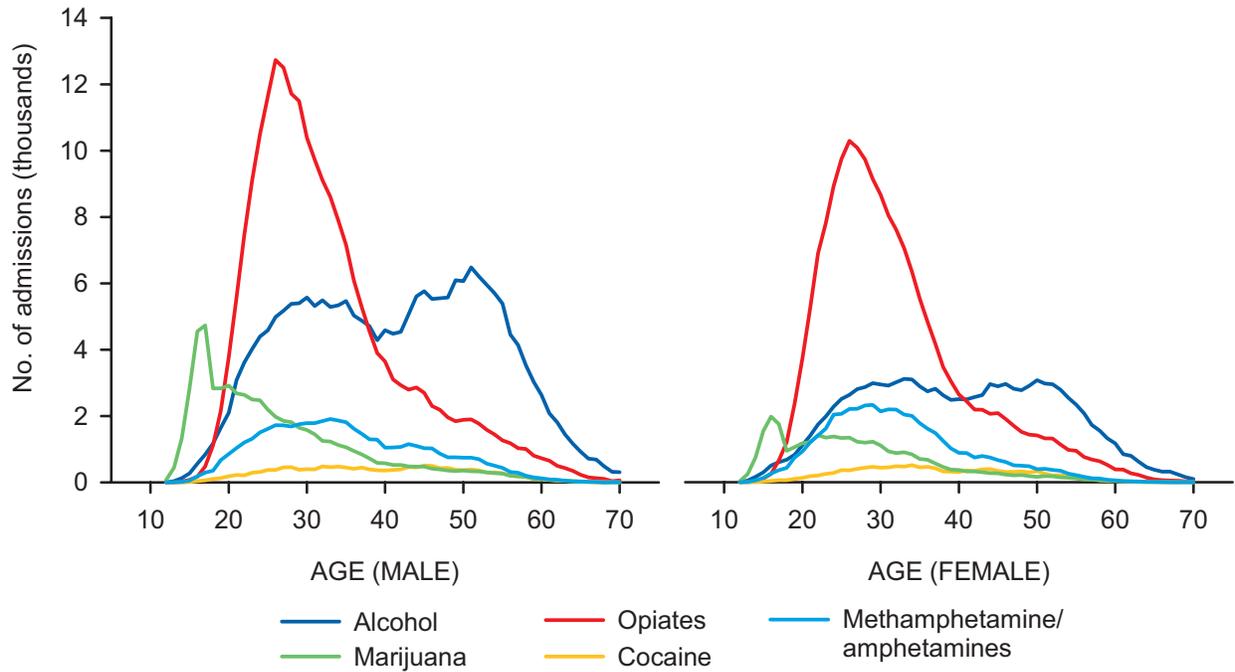
Polydrug abuse (the abuse of more than one substance) was more common among TEDS admissions than was abuse of a single substance.

*Tables 1.1a-b and 3.8 and Figure 31.* Polydrug abuse was reported by 54 percent of TEDS admissions aged 12 or older in 2015. Marijuana/hashish, alcohol, and non-smoked cocaine were the most commonly reported secondary and tertiary substances.

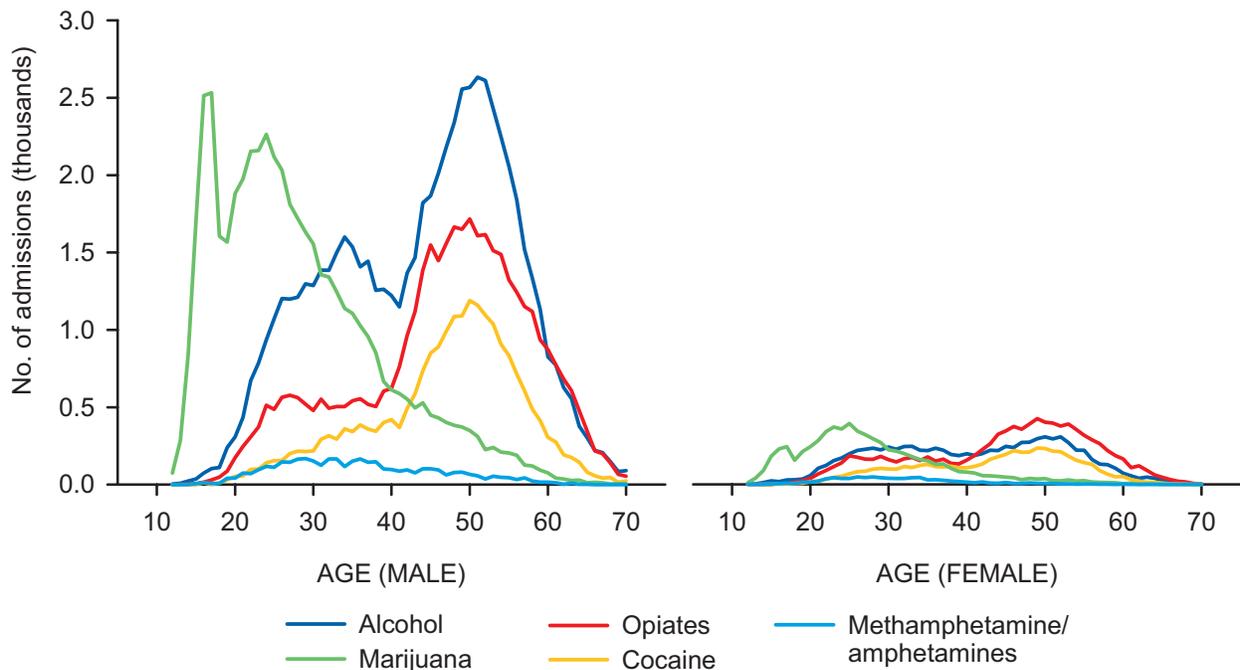
- Abuse of alcohol as a primary, secondary, or tertiary substance was characteristic of a majority of treatment admissions. Primary alcohol abuse accounted for 34 percent of all treatment admissions, and 15 percent of admissions for primary illicit drug abuse reported that they also had an alcohol problem. Overall, 49 percent of all treatment admissions reported alcohol as a substance of abuse.
- Alcohol, opiates, and methamphetamine/amphetamines were reported more often as primary substances than as secondary or tertiary substances. Opiate abuse was involved in 44 percent of all admissions, with 34 percent reporting primary abuse and 10 percent reporting secondary or tertiary abuse. Methamphetamine/amphetamine abuse was reported in 15 percent of all admissions, with 9 percent reporting primary abuse and 6 percent reporting secondary or tertiary abuse.
- Marijuana/hashish and cocaine were reported more often as secondary or tertiary substances than as primary substances. Marijuana/hashish was reported as a primary substance by 14 percent of all admissions, but was a secondary or tertiary substance for another 20 percent, resulting in 34 percent of all treatment admissions reporting marijuana/hashish as a substance of abuse. Cocaine was a primary substance for 5 percent of admissions, but was a secondary or tertiary substance for an additional 13 percent. Thus, 18 percent of all treatment admissions involved cocaine abuse.

*Table 3.9.* This table details the most common substance combinations for selected primary substances. For example, of primary alcohol admissions, 56 percent reported abuse of alcohol alone, 14 percent reported abuse of alcohol and marijuana/hashish but no other drugs, and 4 percent reported primary abuse of alcohol with abuse of cocaine and marijuana/hashish as secondary and tertiary substances.

**Figure 25. White (non-Hispanic) admissions, by gender, primary substance, and age: 2015**

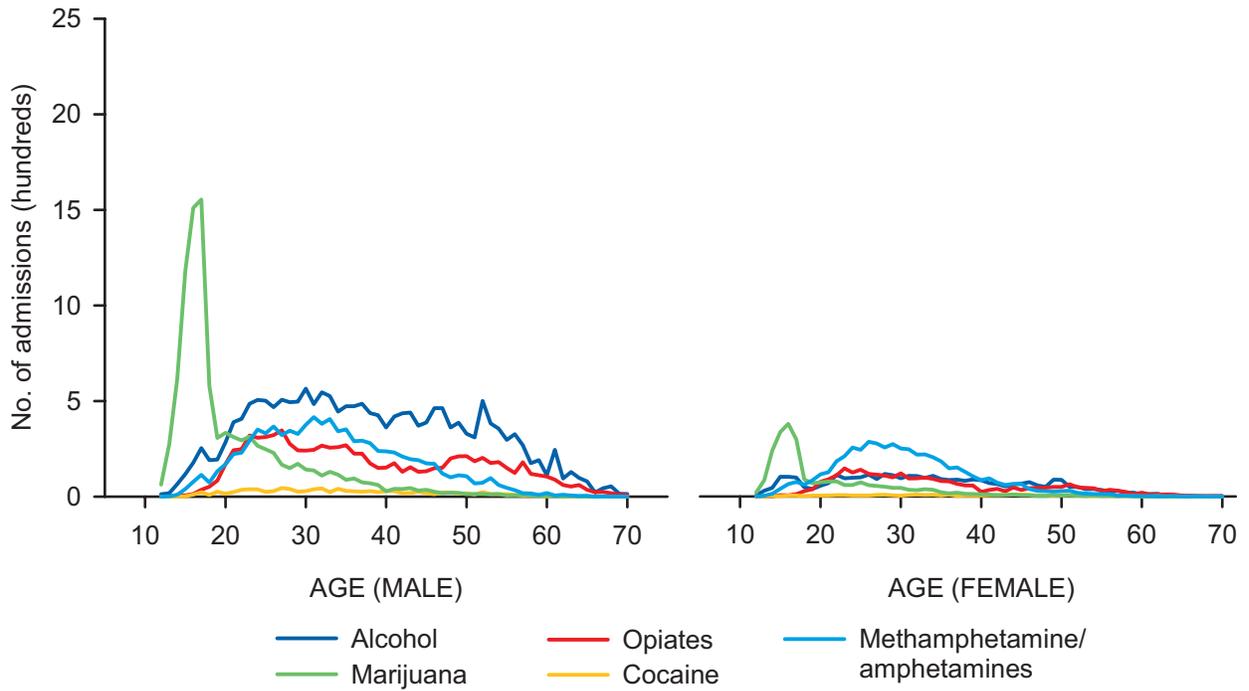


**Figure 26. Black (non-Hispanic) admissions, by gender, primary substance, and age: 2015**

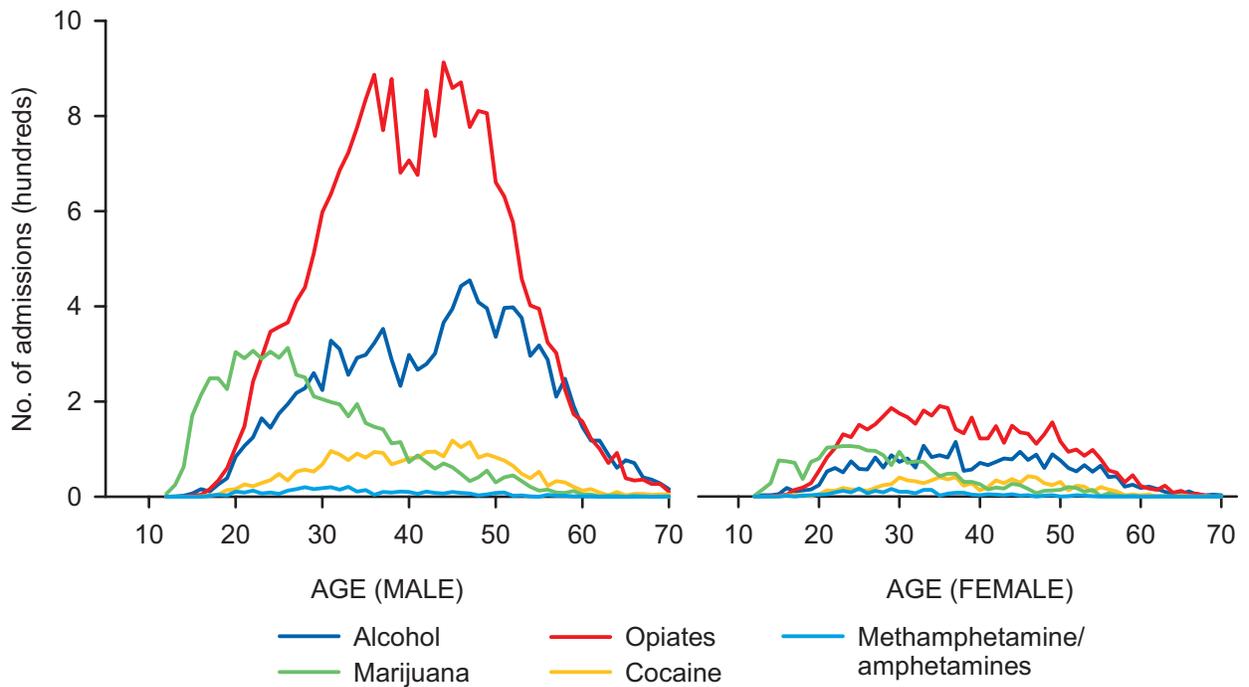


SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Figure 27. Mexican origin admissions, by gender, primary substance, and age: 2015**

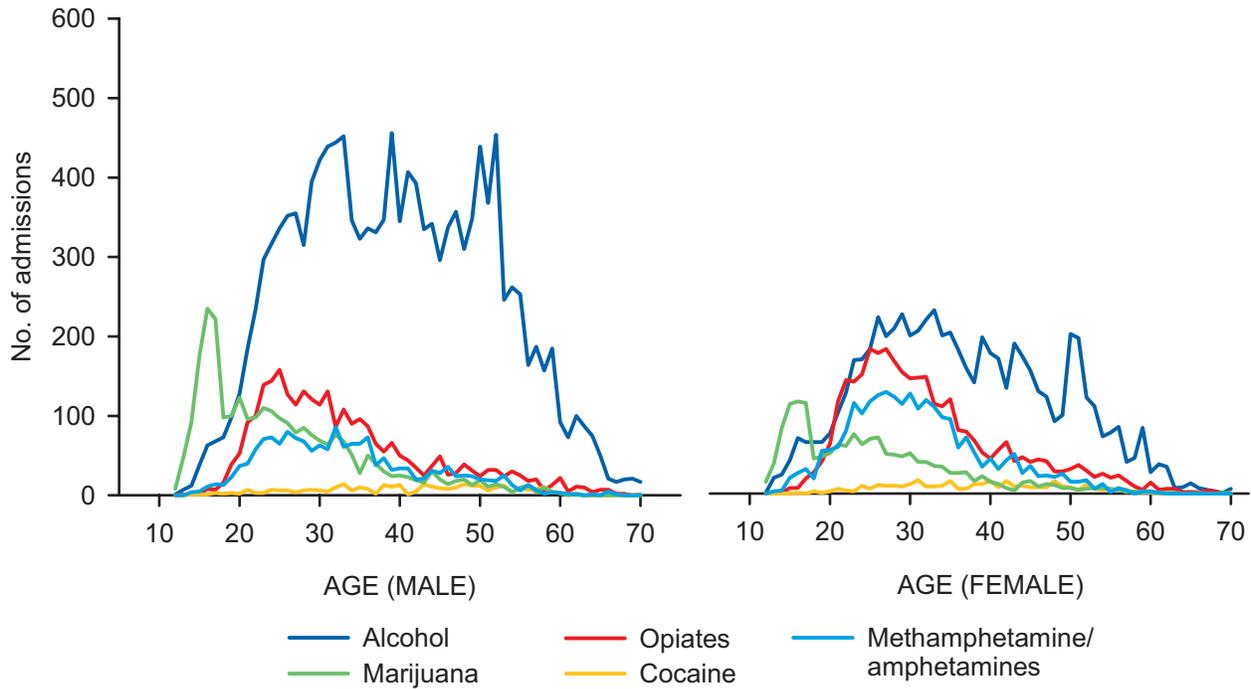


**Figure 28. Puerto Rican origin admissions, by gender, primary substance, and age: 2015**

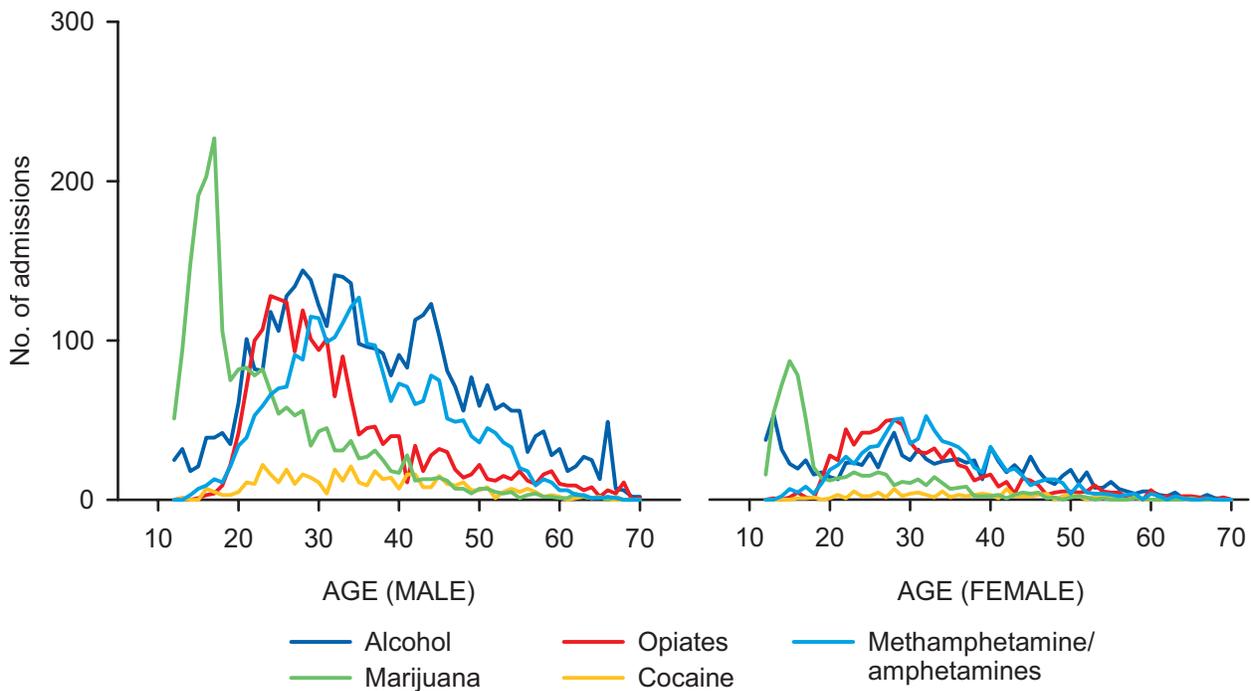


SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Figure 29. American Indian/Alaska Native admissions, by gender, primary substance, and age: 2015**

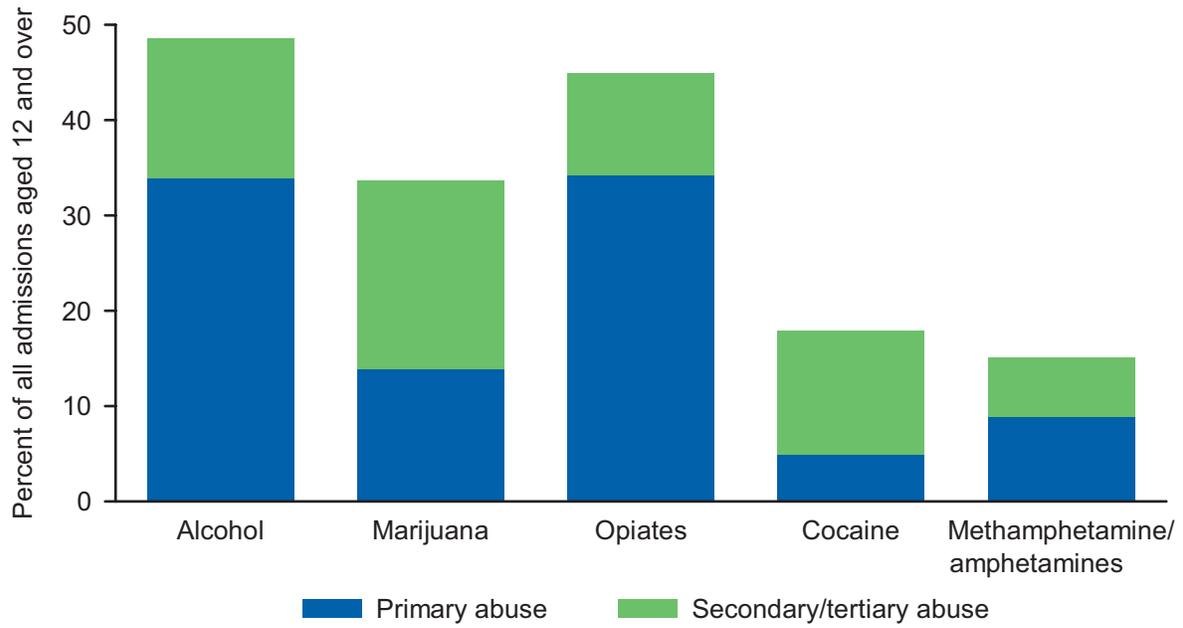


**Figure 30. Asian/Pacific Islander admissions, by gender, primary substance, and age: 2015**



SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Figure 31. Primary and secondary/tertiary substance of abuse: 2015**



SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.



## CHAPTER 4.

### TYPE OF TREATMENT SERVICES: 2015

TEDS records the type of service to which clients are admitted for treatment. The major categories are broadly defined as ambulatory, rehabilitation/residential, and detoxification. For this report, admissions for which medication-assisted opioid therapy (i.e., therapy using methadone or buprenorphine) was planned have been categorized as a separate type of treatment service. It is important to note that percentages in charts, narrative lists, and percentage distributions in tables may not add to 100 percent due to rounding.

The complete list of types of treatment services detailed in this report include:

- **Ambulatory** (excluding medication-assisted opioid therapy)
  - *Outpatient*—Ambulatory treatment services including individual, family, and/or group services; these may include pharmacological therapies.
  - *Intensive outpatient*—As a minimum, the client must receive treatment lasting two or more hours per day for three or more days per week.
- **Detoxification** (excluding medication-assisted opioid therapy)
  - *Free-standing residential*—24-hour treatment services in a non-hospital setting providing for safe withdrawal and transition to ongoing treatment.
  - *Hospital inpatient*—24-hour medical acute care services in a hospital setting for detoxification of persons with severe medical complications associated with withdrawal.
  - *Ambulatory*—Outpatient treatment services providing for safe withdrawal in an ambulatory setting (pharmacological or non-pharmacological).
- **Rehabilitation/residential** (excluding medication-assisted opioid therapy)
  - *Short-term* (30 days or fewer)—Typically, 30 days or less of non-acute care in a setting with treatment services for alcohol and other drug abuse and dependency.
  - *Long-term* (more than 30 days)—Typically, more than 30 days of non-acute care in a setting with treatment services for alcohol and other drug abuse and dependency; this may include transitional living arrangements such as halfway houses.
  - *Hospital*—24-hour medical care in a hospital facility in conjunction with treatment services for alcohol and other drug abuse and dependency.
- **Medication-assisted opioid therapy**
  - *Outpatient*—Includes outpatient and intensive outpatient therapy (see above).
  - *Detoxification*—Includes free-standing residential detoxification, hospital detoxification, and ambulatory detoxification (see above).

- *Residential*—Includes short-term, long-term, and hospital inpatient therapy (see above).

*Table 4.1c.* The type of treatment service received was associated with primary substance of abuse.

- Ambulatory treatment services accounted for 50 percent of all admissions (38 percent in outpatient treatment and 12 percent in intensive outpatient treatment). Admissions for marijuana/hashish (85 percent) and methamphetamine/amphetamines (59 percent) received ambulatory services in greater proportion than all admissions combined.
- Detoxification services accounted for 22 percent of all admissions (18 percent in free-standing residential treatment, 3 percent in hospital inpatient treatment, and 1 percent in ambulatory treatment). Admissions for tranquilizers received detoxification or ambulatory treatment (37 and 35 percent, respectively). Admissions for marijuana rarely received detoxification (3 percent).
- Rehabilitation/residential treatment accounted for 16 percent of all admissions (9 percent in short-term treatment, 7 percent in long-term treatment, and less than 1 percent in hospital inpatient treatment). Admissions for methamphetamine/amphetamines, cocaine, and tranquilizers (29, 27, and 20 percent, respectively) were more likely to receive rehabilitation/residential treatment services than all admissions combined (16 percent).
- Medication-assisted opioid therapy accounted for about 13 percent of all admissions (11 percent in outpatient treatment, 1 percent each in detoxification and residential treatment). Medication-assisted opioid therapy was planned for 35 percent of admissions for opiates.

*Table 4.3b.* The type of treatment service received was associated with the referral source.

- Nearly half of ambulatory admissions were referred by the court/criminal justice system (48 percent in outpatient treatment and 41 percent in intensive outpatient treatment), and a quarter or more were self- or individual referrals (25 percent in outpatient and 28 percent intensive outpatient treatment, respectively).
- Over fifty percent of detoxification admissions (81 percent in hospital inpatient treatment, 60 percent in free-standing residential treatment, and 58 percent in ambulatory treatment) were self- or individual referrals.
- Short-term rehabilitation/residential admissions were most commonly self- or individual referrals (35 percent) or substance abuse care provider referrals (26 percent). Long-term rehabilitation/residential treatment admissions were most commonly referred by the court/criminal justice system (36 percent) and self- or individual referrals (28 percent). About half (48 percent) of hospital admissions were self- or individual referrals.
- About three quarters of admissions receiving detoxification or outpatient medication-assisted opioid therapy were self or individual referrals (79 and 76 percent, respectively).

## **TABLES**



**Table 1.1a. Admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse: Number, 2005-2015**

<i>Primary substance</i>	<i>2005</i>	<i>2006</i>	<i>2007</i>	<i>2008</i>	<i>2009</i>	<i>2010</i>	<i>2011</i>	<i>2012</i>	<i>2013</i>	<i>2014</i>	<i>2015</i>
<b>Total</b>	1,896,299	1,962,666	1,969,867	2,074,988	2,055,917	1,932,531	1,936,297	1,834,624	1,762,106	1,639,519	1,537,025
<b>Alcohol</b>	746,544	781,349	804,580	860,742	856,180	782,764	759,017	709,891	654,808	591,404	521,089
Alcohol only	412,531	433,810	447,575	483,247	479,559	432,212	418,485	393,096	371,568	330,913	294,303
Alcohol w/secondary drug	334,013	347,539	357,005	377,495	376,621	350,552	340,532	316,795	283,240	260,491	226,786
<b>Opiates</b>	332,401	353,898	364,614	411,301	439,826	443,405	486,728	488,038	507,989	501,680	526,686
Heroin	260,902	268,556	263,254	283,635	289,935	270,564	286,304	304,794	344,387	366,853	401,743
Other opiates/synthetics	71,499	85,342	101,360	127,666	149,891	172,841	200,424	183,244	163,602	134,827	124,943
Non-RX methadone	4,135	5,056	5,866	6,403	6,365	6,484	6,872	6,011	5,145	4,263	3,580
Other opiates/synthetics	67,364	80,286	95,494	121,263	143,526	166,357	193,552	177,233	158,457	130,564	121,363
<b>Cocaine</b>	268,402	277,852	259,973	239,342	193,419	158,780	152,349	126,371	106,594	88,623	74,710
Smoked cocaine	192,987	198,239	186,125	170,398	138,585	111,948	105,188	86,388	72,069	58,158	47,384
Non-smoked cocaine	75,415	79,613	73,848	68,944	54,834	46,832	47,161	39,983	34,525	30,465	27,326
<b>Marijuana/hashish</b>	303,517	313,128	315,606	359,287	373,338	357,856	352,396	317,383	291,447	251,233	213,001
<b>Stimulants</b>	172,578	163,927	151,391	131,502	119,907	118,713	117,290	127,090	141,024	145,187	137,089
Methamphetamine	153,857	155,762	142,868	122,566	111,605	108,450	107,106	117,411	131,083	135,931	128,884
Other amphetamines	17,724	6,946	6,596	6,904	7,271	9,023	8,621	8,633	9,060	8,467	7,144
Other stimulants	997	1,219	1,927	2,032	1,031	1,240	1,563	1,046	881	789	1,061
<b>Other drugs</b>	28,714	28,790	29,804	35,562	41,035	44,112	43,288	40,563	38,266	34,071	34,332
Tranquilizers	8,712	10,306	11,653	13,454	15,596	17,225	19,294	18,135	16,106	15,289	14,217
Benzodiazepines	8,163	9,771	11,111	12,924	15,031	16,700	18,855	17,734	15,788	15,029	14,000
Other tranquilizers	549	535	542	530	565	525	439	401	318	260	217
Sedatives/hypnotics	4,509	4,149	4,599	4,965	5,332	4,428	3,970	3,455	3,368	2,842	2,801
Barbiturates	1,400	1,053	1,094	1,197	1,341	1,400	949	774	1,012	1,120	1,192
Other sedatives/hypnotics	3,109	3,096	3,505	3,768	3,991	3,028	3,021	2,681	2,356	1,722	1,609
Hallucinogens	2,045	1,644	1,651	1,917	1,880	1,791	1,998	2,155	2,177	1,899	1,917
PCP	2,882	2,859	3,183	3,983	4,430	4,732	5,753	5,851	5,472	4,940	4,626
Inhalants	1,377	1,128	1,128	1,378	1,613	1,534	1,256	1,143	944	799	695
Over-the-counter	813	992	921	1,155	1,723	2,289	1,318	1,082	1,066	934	817
Other	8,376	7,712	6,669	8,710	10,461	12,113	9,699	8,742	9,133	7,368	9,259
<b>None reported</b>	44,143	43,722	43,899	37,252	32,212	26,901	25,229	25,288	21,978	27,321	30,118

NOTE: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 1.1b. Admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse: Percent distribution, 2005-2015**

<i>Primary substance</i>	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
<b>Total</b>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
<b>Alcohol</b>	39.4	39.8	40.8	41.5	41.6	40.5	39.2	38.7	37.2	36.1	33.9
Alcohol only	21.8	22.1	22.7	23.3	23.3	22.4	21.6	21.4	21.1	20.2	19.1
Alcohol w/secondary drug	17.6	17.7	18.1	18.2	18.3	18.1	17.6	17.3	16.1	15.9	14.8
<b>Opiates</b>	17.5	18.0	18.5	19.8	21.4	22.9	25.1	26.6	28.8	30.6	34.3
Heroin	13.8	13.7	13.4	13.7	14.1	14.0	14.8	16.6	19.5	22.4	26.1
Other opiates/synthetics	3.8	4.3	5.1	6.2	7.3	8.9	10.4	10.0	9.3	8.2	8.1
Non-RX methadone	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2
Other opiates/synthetics	3.6	4.1	4.8	5.8	7.0	8.6	10.0	9.7	9.0	8.0	7.9
<b>Cocaine</b>	14.2	14.2	13.2	11.5	9.4	8.2	7.9	6.9	6.0	5.4	4.9
Smoked cocaine	10.2	10.1	9.4	8.2	6.7	5.8	5.4	4.7	4.1	3.5	3.1
Non-smoked cocaine	4.0	4.1	3.7	3.3	2.7	2.4	2.4	2.2	2.0	1.9	1.8
<b>Marijuana/hashish</b>	16.0	16.0	16.0	17.3	18.2	18.5	18.2	17.3	16.5	15.3	13.9
<b>Stimulants</b>	9.1	8.4	7.7	6.3	5.8	6.1	6.1	6.9	8.0	8.9	8.9
Methamphetamine	8.1	7.9	7.3	5.9	5.4	5.6	5.5	6.4	7.4	8.3	8.4
Other amphetamines	0.9	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Other stimulants	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1
<b>Other drugs</b>	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.1	2.2
Tranquilizers	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9
Benzodiazepines	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.9	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9
Other tranquilizers	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Sedatives/hypnotics	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Barbiturates	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1
Other sedatives/hypnotics	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Hallucinogens	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
PCP	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
Inhalants	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	*
Over-the-counter	*	0.1	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Other	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.6
<b>None reported</b>	2.3	2.2	2.2	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.2	1.7	2.0

\* Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 1.2. Admissions aged 12 and older, by alcohol/drug co-abuse: Number and percent distribution, 2005-2015**

<i>Alcohol/drug co-abuse</i>	<i>2005</i>	<i>2006</i>	<i>2007</i>	<i>2008</i>	<i>2009</i>	<i>2010</i>	<i>2011</i>	<i>2012</i>	<i>2013</i>	<i>2014</i>	<i>2015</i>
	<i>Number</i>										
<b>Total</b>	1,896,299	1,962,666	1,969,867	2,074,988	2,055,917	1,932,531	1,936,297	1,834,624	1,762,106	1,639,519	1,537,025
<b>Drug primary</b>	1,105,612	1,137,595	1,121,388	1,176,994	1,167,525	1,122,866	1,152,051	1,099,445	1,085,320	1,020,794	985,818
Drug only	696,294	731,287	723,841	774,803	779,330	762,771	805,964	782,339	797,347	764,260	761,079
Drug w/ secondary alcohol	409,318	406,308	397,547	402,191	388,195	360,095	346,087	317,106	287,973	256,534	224,739
<b>Alcohol primary</b>	746,544	781,349	804,580	860,742	856,180	782,764	759,017	709,891	654,808	591,404	521,089
Alcohol only	412,531	433,810	447,575	483,247	479,559	432,212	418,485	393,096	371,568	330,913	294,303
Alcohol w/ secondary drug	334,013	347,539	357,005	377,495	376,621	350,552	340,532	316,795	283,240	260,491	226,786
<b>No primary substance reported</b>	44,143	43,722	43,899	37,252	32,212	26,901	25,229	25,288	21,978	27,321	30,118
	<i>Percent distribution</i>										
<b>Total</b>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
<b>Drug primary</b>	58.3	58.0	56.9	56.7	56.8	58.1	59.5	59.9	61.6	62.3	64.1
Drug only	36.7	37.3	36.7	37.3	37.9	39.5	41.6	42.6	45.2	46.6	49.5
Drug w/ secondary alcohol	21.6	20.7	20.2	19.4	18.9	18.6	17.9	17.3	16.3	15.6	14.6
<b>Alcohol primary</b>	39.4	39.8	40.8	41.5	41.6	40.5	39.2	38.7	37.2	36.1	33.9
Alcohol only	21.8	22.1	22.7	23.3	23.3	22.4	21.6	21.4	21.1	20.2	19.1
Alcohol w/ secondary drug	17.6	17.7	18.1	18.2	18.3	18.1	17.6	17.3	16.1	15.9	14.8
<b>No primary substance reported</b>	2.3	2.2	2.2	1.8	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.2	1.7	2.0

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 1.3a. Admissions aged 12 and older, by gender and age at admission: Number and average age at admission, 2005-2015**

<i>Gender and age at admission</i>	<i>2005</i>	<i>2006</i>	<i>2007</i>	<i>2008</i>	<i>2009</i>	<i>2010</i>	<i>2011</i>	<i>2012</i>	<i>2013</i>	<i>2014</i>	<i>2015</i>
<b>Total</b>	1,893,943	1,960,677	1,966,129	2,071,665	2,053,433	1,930,647	1,933,685	1,831,467	1,758,949	1,635,393	1,534,682
<b>Gender</b>											
Male	1,291,665	1,328,787	1,327,631	1,400,155	1,392,420	1,295,701	1,287,445	1,218,280	1,168,956	1,085,077	1,009,110
Female	601,791	631,478	637,958	671,149	659,765	632,682	644,507	612,208	589,602	549,914	525,145
No. of admissions	1,893,456	1,960,265	1,965,589	2,071,304	2,052,185	1,928,383	1,931,952	1,830,488	1,758,558	1,634,991	1,534,255
<b>Age at admission</b>											
12 to 17 years	144,999	146,573	145,625	157,581	156,553	141,587	145,186	123,394	103,157	79,464	65,468
18 to 19 years	77,726	78,886	78,663	85,142	86,306	78,643	72,654	64,705	56,251	44,609	36,744
20 to 24 years	272,358	282,108	281,181	300,297	305,762	293,301	288,536	271,024	258,297	228,421	197,638
25 to 29 years	251,045	274,916	284,392	307,313	312,946	300,313	302,186	292,164	290,743	281,889	271,185
30 to 34 years	224,939	222,593	220,135	234,917	239,952	238,034	251,077	251,337	253,941	246,902	239,594
35 to 39 years	257,344	256,271	244,943	240,753	222,940	198,680	188,315	179,100	178,914	177,686	176,510
40 to 44 years	274,965	273,172	262,205	257,947	237,752	211,809	205,351	186,811	170,297	153,303	139,363
45 to 49 years	202,909	218,207	225,616	236,973	231,969	212,078	206,156	188,554	172,515	155,276	143,579
50 to 54 years	110,623	121,992	131,295	146,145	149,588	144,937	153,207	149,233	146,363	139,052	132,720
55 to 59 years	47,395	54,958	58,593	67,221	70,053	71,333	77,581	79,198	80,375	80,407	81,762
60 to 64 years	18,178	19,299	21,450	24,198	26,020	26,697	30,005	31,468	33,051	33,657	35,028
65 years and older	11,462	11,702	12,031	13,178	13,592	13,236	13,431	14,479	15,045	14,727	15,091
No. of admissions	1,893,943	1,960,677	1,966,129	2,071,665	2,053,433	1,930,648	1,933,685	1,831,467	1,758,949	1,635,393	1,534,682
<b>Average age at admission</b>	34.1 yrs	34.2 yrs	34.4 yrs	34.3 yrs	34.2 yrs	34.3 yrs	34.4 yrs	34.7 yrs	34.9 yrs	35.3 yrs	35.8 yrs

NOTE: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions (excluding Puerto Rico).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 1.3b. Admissions aged 12 and older, by gender and age at admission: Percent distribution, 2005-2015, and 2015 U.S. population aged 12 and older**

<i>Gender and age at admission</i>	<i>TEDS admissions</i>											<i>U.S. pop. aged 12 and older</i>
	<i>2005</i>	<i>2006</i>	<i>2007</i>	<i>2008</i>	<i>2009</i>	<i>2010</i>	<i>2011</i>	<i>2012</i>	<i>2013</i>	<i>2014</i>	<i>2015</i>	<i>2015</i>
<b>Gender</b>												
Male	68.2	67.8	67.5	67.6	67.9	67.2	66.6	66.6	66.5	66.4	65.8	48.9
Female	31.8	32.2	32.5	32.4	32.1	32.8	33.4	33.4	33.5	33.6	34.2	51.1
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
<b>Age at admission</b>												
12 to 17 years	7.7	7.5	7.4	7.6	7.6	7.3	7.5	6.7	5.9	4.9	4.3	9.2
18 to 19 years	4.1	4.0	4.0	4.1	4.2	4.1	3.8	3.5	3.2	2.7	2.4	3.1
20 to 24 years	14.4	14.4	14.3	14.5	14.9	15.2	14.9	14.8	14.7	14.0	12.9	8.3
25 to 29 years	13.3	14.0	14.5	14.8	15.2	15.6	15.6	16.0	16.5	17.2	17.7	8.2
30 to 34 years	11.9	11.4	11.2	11.3	11.7	12.3	13.0	13.7	14.4	15.1	15.6	8.0
35 to 39 years	13.6	13.1	12.5	11.6	10.9	10.3	9.7	9.8	10.2	10.9	11.5	7.5
40 to 44 years	14.5	13.9	13.3	12.5	11.6	11.0	10.6	10.2	9.7	9.4	9.1	7.4
45 to 49 years	10.7	11.1	11.5	11.4	11.3	11.0	10.7	10.3	9.8	9.5	9.4	7.7
50 to 54 years	5.8	6.2	6.7	7.1	7.3	7.5	7.9	8.1	8.3	8.5	8.6	8.2
55 to 59 years	2.5	2.8	3.0	3.2	3.4	3.7	4.0	4.3	4.6	4.9	5.3	8.0
60 to 64 years	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.3	7.0
65 years and older	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	17.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions (excluding Puerto Rico). Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCES: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16. Population: U.S. Bureau of the Census, Population estimates by month, age, gender, race, and Hispanic origin. 2015.

**Table 1.4. Admissions aged 12 and older, by race/ethnicity: Number and percent distribution, 2005-2015, and 2015 U.S. population aged 12 and older**

Race/ethnicity	TEDS admissions											U.S. pop. aged 12 and older (thousands)
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2015
	<i>Number</i>											
<b>Total</b>	1,893,943	1,960,677	1,966,129	2,071,665	2,053,433	1,930,648	1,933,685	1,831,467	1,758,949	1,635,393	1,534,682	271,858
White (non-Hispanic)	1,108,027	1,168,039	1,173,427	1,227,657	1,202,079	1,164,554	1,169,473	1,120,789	1,079,913	999,215	923,817	173,124
Black (non-Hispanic)	419,064	420,813	410,530	427,076	418,805	393,465	394,153	353,071	324,379	284,751	269,703	33,172
Hispanic origin	254,067	258,880	254,905	266,202	259,850	243,816	243,735	237,798	232,752	228,459	212,365	43,913
Mexican	99,973	105,941	107,633	111,016	105,751	81,145	76,005	78,071	77,180	75,493	68,778	n/a
Puerto Rican	74,244	70,374	68,018	72,356	70,300	66,339	68,558	65,579	63,723	59,703	57,228	n/a
Cuban	9,475	8,147	3,781	4,296	4,347	4,041	6,240	4,981	3,598	3,118	2,717	n/a
Other/not specified	70,375	74,418	75,473	78,534	79,452	92,291	92,932	89,167	88,251	90,145	83,642	n/a
Other	91,060	101,641	107,181	113,392	111,467	115,889	115,036	109,749	111,078	108,163	108,322	21,650
American Indian/Alaska Native	39,629	42,888	44,381	45,460	44,593	43,779	43,702	42,736	42,878	39,201	36,585	1,954
Asian/Pacific Islander	18,973	18,590	17,877	18,990	18,557	19,214	19,344	17,892	17,384	16,654	16,940	15,297
Other	32,458	40,163	44,923	48,942	48,317	52,896	51,990	49,121	50,816	52,308	54,797	4,399
No. of admissions	1,872,218	1,949,373	1,946,043	2,034,327	1,992,201	1,917,724	1,922,397	1,821,407	1,748,122	1,620,588	1,514,207	
	<i>Percent distribution</i>											
White (non-Hispanic)	59.2	59.9	60.3	60.3	60.3	60.7	60.8	61.5	61.8	61.7	61.0	63.7
Black (non-Hispanic)	22.4	21.6	21.1	21.0	21.0	20.5	20.5	19.4	18.6	17.6	17.8	12.2
Hispanic origin	13.6	13.3	13.1	13.1	13.0	12.7	12.7	13.1	13.3	14.1	14.0	16.2
Mexican	5.3	5.4	5.5	5.5	5.3	4.2	4.0	4.3	4.4	4.7	4.5	n/a
Puerto Rican	4.0	3.6	3.5	3.6	3.5	3.5	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.7	3.8	n/a
Cuban	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	n/a
Other/not specified	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.9	4.0	4.8	4.8	4.9	5.0	5.6	5.5	n/a
Other	4.9	5.2	5.5	5.6	5.6	6.0	6.0	6.0	6.4	6.7	7.2	8.0
American Indian/Alaska Native	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.4	2.4	0.7
Asian/Pacific Islander	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	5.6
Other	1.7	2.1	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.8	2.7	2.7	2.9	3.2	3.6	1.6
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

n/a Not applicable.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions (excluding Puerto Rico). Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCES: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16. Population: U.S. Bureau of the Census. Population estimates by month, age, gender, race, and Hispanic origin. 2015.

**Table 1.5a. Admissions aged 16 and older, by employment status: Number, 2005-2015, and 2015 U.S. population aged 16 and older**

<i>Employment status</i>	<i>TEDS admissions</i>											<i>U.S. pop. aged 16 and older (thousands)</i>
	<i>2005</i>	<i>2006</i>	<i>2007</i>	<i>2008</i>	<i>2009</i>	<i>2010</i>	<i>2011</i>	<i>2012</i>	<i>2013</i>	<i>2014</i>	<i>2015</i>	<i>2015</i>
<b>Total</b>	1,838,032	1,905,786	1,911,632	2,012,700	1,995,869	1,877,818	1,878,671	1,783,818	1,718,886	1,605,072	1,510,451	255,252
<b>Employment status</b>												
Employed	523,307	552,299	545,979	561,117	470,338	415,807	400,363	391,387	392,665	376,755	367,653	148,833
Full time	390,428	410,865	403,596	408,328	319,456	275,039	266,418	262,410	263,341	253,476	252,395	121,492
Part time	132,879	141,434	142,383	152,789	150,882	140,768	133,945	128,977	129,324	123,279	115,258	27,341
Unemployed	567,364	610,209	641,160	715,058	780,117	747,418	740,938	694,542	667,138	618,288	544,429	8,297
Not in labor force	704,155	712,910	698,101	711,547	723,003	685,774	686,815	652,944	636,075	587,006	574,326	93,671
No. of admissions	1,794,826	1,875,418	1,885,240	1,987,722	1,973,458	1,848,999	1,828,116	1,738,873	1,695,878	1,582,049	1,486,408	250,801
<b>Employment status adjusted for age, gender, and race/ethnicity<sup>1</sup></b>												
Employed	61,456,486	62,676,729	61,934,217	61,161,007	53,015,928	49,811,033	48,204,126	48,768,043	50,179,232	49,993,387	51,937,009	148,833
Full time	43,775,448	44,178,840	43,784,943	42,889,940	35,058,535	32,224,000	30,834,999	31,674,819	32,769,858	32,017,028	33,875,733	121,492
Part time	17,681,037	18,497,889	18,149,274	18,271,067	17,957,393	17,587,033	17,369,127	17,093,224	17,409,374	17,976,359	18,061,276	27,341
Unemployed	64,983,800	66,734,382	68,454,196	72,814,740	79,142,730	81,483,764	81,106,730	80,958,602	80,824,399	79,550,876	75,694,767	8,297
Not in labor force	122,875,720	121,804,018	120,112,809	118,174,492	120,603,752	120,223,042	117,754,889	118,666,311	121,143,278	122,562,232	124,163,073	93,671
Total	249,316,005	251,215,129	250,501,222	252,150,239	252,762,409	251,517,838	247,065,744	248,392,957	252,146,909	252,106,495	251,794,848	250,801

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted for age, gender, and race/ethnicity to the 2015 U.S. resident population.

NOTE: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions (excluding Puerto Rico).

SOURCES: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

Employment: Bureau of Labor Statistics, Labor Force Statistics from the Current Population Survey, Tables 1 & 8, accessed at <http://www.bls.gov/cps/tables.htm> and U.S. Bureau of Census, Population estimates by month, age, gender, race, and Hispanic origin, 2005-2015.

**Table 1.5b. Admissions aged 16 and older, by employment status: Percent distribution, 2005-2015, and 2015 U.S. population aged 16 and older**

<i>Employment status</i>	<i>TEDS admissions</i>											<i>U.S. pop. aged 16 and older (thousands)</i>
	<i>2005</i>	<i>2006</i>	<i>2007</i>	<i>2008</i>	<i>2009</i>	<i>2010</i>	<i>2011</i>	<i>2012</i>	<i>2013</i>	<i>2014</i>	<i>2015</i>	<i>2015</i>
<b>Total</b>	1,838,032	1,905,786	1,911,632	2,012,700	1,995,869	1,877,818	1,878,671	1,783,818	1,718,886	1,605,072	1,510,451	255,252
<b>Employment status</b>												
Employed	29.2	29.4	29.0	28.2	23.8	22.5	21.9	22.5	23.2	23.8	24.7	59.3
Full time	21.8	21.9	21.4	20.5	16.2	14.9	14.6	15.1	15.5	16.0	17.0	48.4
Part time	7.4	7.5	7.6	7.7	7.6	7.6	7.3	7.4	7.6	7.8	7.8	10.9
Unemployed	31.6	32.5	34.0	36.0	39.5	40.4	40.5	39.9	39.3	39.1	36.6	3.3
Not in labor force	39.2	38.0	37.0	35.8	36.6	37.1	37.6	37.5	37.5	37.1	38.6	37.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,794,826	1,875,418	1,885,240	1,987,722	1,973,458	1,848,999	1,828,116	1,738,873	1,695,878	1,582,049	1,486,408	
<b>Employment status adjusted for age, gender, and race/ethnicity<sup>1</sup></b>												
Employed	24.7	24.9	24.7	24.3	21.0	19.8	19.5	19.6	19.9	19.8	20.6	59.5
Full time	17.6	17.6	17.5	17.0	13.9	12.8	12.5	12.8	13.0	12.7	13.5	48.7
Part time	7.1	7.4	7.2	7.2	7.1	7.0	7.0	6.9	6.9	7.1	7.2	10.9
Unemployed	26.1	26.6	27.3	28.9	31.3	32.4	32.8	32.6	32.1	31.6	30.1	3.3
Not in labor force	49.3	48.5	47.9	46.9	47.7	47.8	47.7	47.8	48.0	48.6	49.3	37.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted for age, gender, and race/ethnicity to the 2015 U.S. resident population.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions (excluding Puerto Rico). Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCES: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16. Employment: Bureau of Labor Statistics, Labor Force Statistics from the Current Population Survey, Tables 1 & 8, accessed at <http://www.bls.gov/cps/tables.htm> and U.S. Bureau of Census, Population estimates by month, age, gender, race, and Hispanic origin, 2005-2015.

**Table 2.1a. Gender and age at admission among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse:  
Number and average age at admission, 2015**

Gender and age at admission		Primary substance at admission															
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Methamphetamine/ amphetamines								Other/ none specified	
		All admissions	Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route	Marijuana/ hashish	Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants			
<b>Total</b>	1,537,025	294,303	226,786	401,743	124,943	47,384	27,326	213,001	136,028	14,217	2,801	1,917	4,626	695	41,255		
<b>Gender</b>																	
Male	1,011,202	210,339	164,477	257,893	65,329	28,003	18,919	152,923	74,102	7,684	1,269	1,435	2,859	412	25,558		
Female	525,396	83,893	62,263	143,773	59,588	19,361	8,399	60,029	61,873	6,530	1,531	481	1,766	283	15,626		
No. of admissions	1,536,598	294,232	226,740	401,666	124,917	47,364	27,318	212,952	135,975	14,214	2,800	1,916	4,625	695	41,184		
<b>Age at admission</b>																	
12 to 14 years	10,588	573	625	30	68	7	21	8,296	180	38	9	32	3	24	682		
15 to 17 years	54,898	1,924	3,895	1,348	800	98	336	41,434	2,288	476	94	234	17	47	1,907		
18 to 19 years	36,790	3,025	3,607	6,170	1,669	186	478	16,201	3,139	595	78	147	23	40	1,432		
20 to 24 years	197,826	19,149	21,628	62,606	17,182	1,511	2,616	44,521	19,076	2,122	263	401	439	110	6,202		
25 to 29 years	271,408	30,911	31,519	93,647	30,471	3,387	4,223	36,691	28,137	2,814	374	369	1,005	113	7,747		
30 to 34 years	239,891	35,072	32,315	71,072	27,243	4,770	4,451	25,474	28,436	2,608	377	296	1,319	106	6,352		
35 to 39 years	176,818	33,591	27,370	44,879	17,225	5,261	3,802	16,031	20,882	1,747	243	193	931	86	4,577		
40 to 44 years	139,676	34,564	24,844	32,572	9,994	6,581	3,101	9,323	13,450	1,080	164	92	420	52	3,439		
45 to 49 years	143,876	40,064	28,901	32,780	7,668	9,664	3,302	6,624	10,101	979	145	70	226	41	3,311		
50 to 54 years	132,981	43,426	28,305	27,623	6,149	9,132	2,836	4,801	6,670	793	134	43	168	48	2,853		
55 to 59 years	81,924	30,084	16,162	17,484	4,035	4,839	1,521	2,555	2,754	553	125	28	59	16	1,709		
60 to 64 years	35,160	14,088	5,814	8,715	1,776	1,552	502	809	742	302	100	10	15	8	727		
65 years and over	15,189	7,832	1,801	2,817	663	396	137	241	173	110	695	2	1	4	317		
No. of admissions	1,537,025	294,303	226,786	401,743	124,943	47,384	27,326	213,001	136,028	14,217	2,801	1,917	4,626	695	41,255		
<b>Average age at admission</b>	36 yrs	42 yrs	39 yrs	35 yrs	34 yrs	44 yrs	38 yrs	26 yrs	34 yrs	34 yrs	45 yrs	28 yrs	34 yrs	32 yrs	34 yrs		

NOTE: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 2.1b. Gender and age at admission among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse: Column percent distribution and average age at admission, 2015**

Gender and age at admission		Primary substance at admission													
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Methamphetamine/ amphetamines		Tranquilizers		Hallucinogens		Other/ none specified	
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route	Marijuana/ hashish			Sedatives	PCP	Inhalants		
<b>Total</b>	1,537,025	294,303	226,786	401,743	124,943	47,384	27,326	213,001	136,028	14,217	2,801	1,917	4,626	695	41,255
<b>Gender</b>															
Male	65.8	71.5	72.5	64.2	52.3	59.1	69.3	71.8	54.5	54.1	45.3	74.9	61.8	59.3	62.1
Female	34.2	28.5	27.5	35.8	47.7	40.9	30.7	28.2	45.5	45.9	54.7	25.1	38.2	40.7	37.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,536,598	294,232	226,740	401,666	124,917	47,364	27,318	212,952	135,975	14,214	2,800	1,916	4,625	695	41,184
<b>Age at admission</b>															
12 to 14 years	0.7	0.2	0.3	*	0.1	*	0.1	3.9	0.1	0.3	0.3	1.7	0.1	3.5	1.7
15 to 17 years	3.6	0.7	1.7	0.3	0.6	0.2	1.2	19.5	1.7	3.3	3.4	12.2	0.4	6.8	4.6
18 to 19 years	2.4	1.0	1.6	1.5	1.3	0.4	1.7	7.6	2.3	4.2	2.8	7.7	0.5	5.8	3.5
20 to 24 years	12.9	6.5	9.5	15.6	13.8	3.2	9.6	20.9	14.0	14.9	9.4	20.9	9.5	15.8	15.0
25 to 29 years	17.7	10.5	13.9	23.3	24.4	7.1	15.5	17.2	20.7	19.8	13.4	19.2	21.7	16.3	18.8
30 to 34 years	15.6	11.9	14.2	17.7	21.8	10.1	16.3	12.0	20.9	18.3	13.5	15.4	28.5	15.3	15.4
35 to 39 years	11.5	11.4	12.1	11.2	13.8	11.1	13.9	7.5	15.4	12.3	8.7	10.1	20.1	12.4	11.1
40 to 44 years	9.1	11.7	11.0	8.1	8.0	13.9	11.3	4.4	9.9	7.6	5.9	4.8	9.1	7.5	8.3
45 to 49 years	9.4	13.6	12.7	8.2	6.1	20.4	12.1	3.1	7.4	6.9	5.2	3.7	4.9	5.9	8.0
50 to 54 years	8.7	14.8	12.5	6.9	4.9	19.3	10.4	2.3	4.9	5.6	4.8	2.2	3.6	6.9	6.9
55 to 59 years	5.3	10.2	7.1	4.4	3.2	10.2	5.6	1.2	2.0	3.9	4.5	1.5	1.3	2.3	4.1
60 to 64 years	2.3	4.8	2.6	2.2	1.4	3.3	1.8	0.4	0.5	2.1	3.6	0.5	0.3	1.2	1.8
65 years and over	1.0	2.7	0.8	0.7	0.5	0.8	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.8	24.8	0.1	*	0.6	0.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,537,025	294,303	226,786	401,743	124,943	47,384	27,326	213,001	136,028	14,217	2,801	1,917	4,626	695	41,255
<b>Average age at admission</b>	36 yrs	42 yrs	39 yrs	35 yrs	34 yrs	44 yrs	38 yrs	26 yrs	34 yrs	34 yrs	45 yrs	28 yrs	34 yrs	32 yrs	34 yrs

\* Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 2.1c. Gender and age at admission among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse:  
Row percent distribution, 2015**

Gender and age at admission		Primary substance at admission														Total
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Methamphetamine/amphetamines						Other/none specified		
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route	Marijuana/hashish	Tranquillizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified		
<b>Total</b>	1,537,025	19.1	14.8	26.1	8.1	3.1	1.8	13.9	8.9	0.9	0.2	0.1	0.3	*	2.7	100.0
<b>Gender</b>																
Male	1,011,202	20.8	16.3	25.5	6.5	2.8	1.9	15.1	7.3	0.8	0.1	0.1	0.3	*	2.5	100.0
Female	525,396	16.0	11.9	27.4	11.3	3.7	1.6	11.4	11.8	1.2	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.1	3.0	100.0
<b>Age at admission</b>																
12 to 14 years	10,588	5.4	5.9	0.3	0.6	0.1	0.2	78.4	1.7	0.4	0.1	0.3	*	0.2	6.4	100.0
15 to 17 years	54,898	3.5	7.1	2.5	1.5	0.2	0.6	75.5	4.2	0.9	0.2	0.4	*	0.1	3.5	100.0
18 to 19 years	36,790	8.2	9.8	16.8	4.5	0.5	1.3	44.0	8.5	1.6	0.2	0.4	0.1	0.1	3.9	100.0
20 to 24 years	197,826	9.7	10.9	31.6	8.7	0.8	1.3	22.5	9.6	1.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	3.1	100.0
25 to 29 years	271,408	11.4	11.6	34.5	11.2	1.2	1.6	13.5	10.4	1.0	0.1	0.1	0.4	*	2.9	100.0
30 to 34 years	239,891	14.6	13.5	29.6	11.4	2.0	1.9	10.6	11.9	1.1	0.2	0.1	0.5	*	2.6	100.0
35 to 39 years	176,818	19.0	15.5	25.4	9.7	3.0	2.2	9.1	11.8	1.0	0.1	0.1	0.5	*	2.6	100.0
40 to 44 years	139,676	24.7	17.8	23.3	7.2	4.7	2.2	6.7	9.6	0.8	0.1	0.1	0.3	*	2.5	100.0
45 to 49 years	143,876	27.8	20.1	22.8	5.3	6.7	2.3	4.6	7.0	0.7	0.1	*	0.2	*	2.3	100.0
50 to 54 years	132,981	32.7	21.3	20.8	4.6	6.9	2.1	3.6	5.0	0.6	0.1	*	0.1	*	2.1	100.0
55 to 59 years	81,924	36.7	19.7	21.3	4.9	5.9	1.9	3.1	3.4	0.7	0.2	*	0.1	*	2.1	100.0
60 to 64 years	35,160	40.1	16.5	24.8	5.1	4.4	1.4	2.3	2.1	0.9	0.3	*	*	*	2.1	100.0
65 years and over	15,189	51.6	11.9	18.5	4.4	2.6	0.9	1.6	1.1	0.7	4.6	*	*	*	2.1	100.0

\* Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 2.2a. Race/ethnicity among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse:  
Number, 2015**

Race/ethnicity	All admissions	Primary substance at admission													
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Methamphetamine/amphetamines	Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route								
<b>Total</b>	1,537,025	294,303	226,786	401,743	124,943	47,384	27,326	213,001	136,028	14,217	2,801	1,917	4,626	695	41,255
		<i>Number</i>													
White (non-Hispanic)	923,829	184,720	126,911	268,246	100,426	15,003	11,542	88,885	88,595	10,990	2,239	1,148	562	509	24,053
Black (non-Hispanic)	269,705	38,516	48,925	55,877	8,059	25,552	8,636	65,012	6,098	941	185	402	2,771	23	8,708
Hispanic origin	214,677	40,391	31,050	54,366	7,856	4,282	5,441	39,674	25,412	1,532	196	213	967	64	3,233
Mexican	68,783	14,196	9,396	11,062	2,054	533	839	13,555	16,351	149	62	39	105	24	418
Puerto Rican	59,506	6,695	8,416	27,177	1,786	1,752	1,940	8,676	600	630	44	75	598	7	1,110
Cuban	2,722	509	429	619	119	100	162	519	154	26	6	5	10	1	63
Other/not specified	83,666	18,991	12,809	15,508	3,897	1,897	2,500	16,924	8,307	727	84	94	254	32	1,642
Other	108,331	25,933	17,711	19,151	6,570	2,255	1,474	17,120	14,937	648	161	133	302	86	1,850
American Indian/Alaska Native	36,585	12,345	8,194	3,688	2,457	427	262	4,389	4,132	105	29	34	31	40	452
Asian/Pacific Islander	16,941	3,437	2,006	2,359	899	329	257	3,102	3,887	114	31	26	16	7	471
Other	54,805	10,151	7,511	13,104	3,214	1,499	955	9,629	6,918	429	101	73	255	39	927
No. of admissions	1,516,542	289,560	224,597	397,640	122,911	47,092	27,093	210,691	135,042	14,111	2,781	1,896	4,602	682	37,844

NOTE: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 2.2b. Race/ethnicity among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse:  
Percent distribution, 2015**

Race/ethnicity	All admissions	Primary substance at admission														
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Methamphetamine/amphetamines	Tranquillizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified	
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route									
<b>Total</b>	1,537,025	294,303	226,786	401,743	124,943	47,384	27,326	213,001	136,028	14,217	2,801	1,917	4,626	695	41,255	
<i>Column percent distribution</i>																
White (non-Hispanic)	60.9	63.8	56.5	67.5	81.7	31.9	42.6	42.2	65.6	77.9	80.5	60.5	12.2	74.6	63.6	
Black (non-Hispanic)	17.8	13.3	21.8	14.1	6.6	54.3	31.9	30.9	4.5	6.7	6.7	21.2	60.2	3.4	23.0	
Hispanic origin	14.2	13.9	13.8	13.7	6.4	9.1	20.1	18.8	18.8	10.9	7.0	11.2	21.0	9.4	8.5	
Mexican	4.5	4.9	4.2	2.8	1.7	1.1	3.1	6.4	12.1	1.1	2.2	2.1	2.3	3.5	1.1	
Puerto Rican	3.9	2.3	3.7	6.8	1.5	3.7	7.2	4.1	0.4	4.5	1.6	4.0	13.0	1.0	2.9	
Cuban	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2	
Other/not specified	5.5	6.6	5.7	3.9	3.2	4.0	9.2	8.0	6.2	5.2	3.0	5.0	5.5	4.7	4.3	
Other	7.1	9.0	7.9	4.8	5.3	4.8	5.4	8.1	11.1	4.6	5.8	7.0	6.6	12.6	4.9	
Native	2.4	4.3	3.6	0.9	2.0	0.9	1.0	2.1	3.1	0.7	1.0	1.8	0.7	5.9	1.2	
Asian/Pacific Islander	1.1	1.2	0.9	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.9	1.5	2.9	0.8	1.1	1.4	0.3	1.0	1.2	
Other	3.6	3.5	3.3	3.3	2.6	3.2	3.5	4.6	5.1	3.0	3.6	3.9	5.5	5.7	2.4	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
No. of admissions	1,516,542	289,560	224,597	397,640	122,911	47,092	27,093	210,691	135,042	14,111	2,781	1,896	4,602	682	37,844	
<i>Row percent distribution</i>																
<b>All admissions</b>	1,516,542	19.1	14.8	26.2	8.1	3.1	1.8	13.9	8.9	0.9	0.2	0.1	0.3	*	2.5	100.0
White (non-Hispanic)	923,829	20.0	13.7	29.0	10.9	1.6	1.2	9.6	9.6	1.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	2.6	100.0
Black (non-Hispanic)	269,705	14.3	18.1	20.7	3.0	9.5	3.2	24.1	2.3	0.3	0.1	0.1	1.0	*	3.2	100.0
Hispanic origin	214,677	18.8	14.5	25.3	3.7	2.0	2.5	18.5	11.8	0.7	0.1	0.1	0.5	*	1.5	100.0
Mexican	68,783	20.6	13.7	16.1	3.0	0.8	1.2	19.7	23.8	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	*	0.6	100.0
Puerto Rican	59,506	11.3	14.1	45.7	3.0	2.9	3.3	14.6	1.0	1.1	0.1	0.1	1.0	*	1.9	100.0
Cuban	2,722	18.7	15.8	22.7	4.4	3.7	6.0	19.1	5.7	1.0	0.2	0.2	0.4	*	2.3	100.0
Other/not specified	83,666	22.7	15.3	18.5	4.7	2.3	3.0	20.2	9.9	0.9	0.1	0.1	0.3	*	2.0	100.0
Other	108,331	23.9	16.3	17.7	6.1	2.1	1.4	15.8	13.8	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.1	1.7	100.0
Native	36,585	33.7	22.4	10.1	6.7	1.2	0.7	12.0	11.3	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	1.2	100.0
Asian/Pacific Islander	16,941	20.3	11.8	13.9	5.3	1.9	1.5	18.3	22.9	0.7	0.2	0.2	0.1	*	2.8	100.0
Other	54,805	18.5	13.7	23.9	5.9	2.7	1.7	17.6	12.6	0.8	0.2	0.1	0.5	0.1	1.7	100.0

\* Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 2.3a. Selected race/ethnicity/gender/age group among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse:  
Number, 2015**

Selected race/ethnicity/ gender/age group	All admis- sions	Primary substance at admission													
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Mari- juana/ hashish	Metham- phetamine/ amphet- amines	Tran- quil- izers	Seda- tives	Hallu- cino- gens	PCP	Inhal- ants	Other/ none speci- fied
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route								
<b>Total</b>	1,537,025	294,303	226,786	401,743	124,943	47,384	27,326	213,001	136,028	14,217	2,801	1,917	4,626	695	41,255
<b>White (non-Hispanic) male</b>	579,582	127,175	89,185	164,722	52,367	7,934	7,429	60,808	47,795	5,655	931	868	316	307	14,090
12 to 19 years	32,328	1,838	2,854	2,914	1,135	82	282	19,662	1,599	466	81	219	7	44	1,145
20 to 24 years	77,677	7,828	9,406	28,979	7,462	408	836	13,228	5,933	962	88	192	32	42	2,281
25 to 29 years	109,945	12,247	13,291	47,123	12,952	796	1,261	9,502	8,509	1,149	151	161	57	53	2,693
30 to 34 years	94,488	13,753	13,257	34,436	11,301	991	1,234	6,650	9,205	1,071	142	124	89	44	2,191
35 to 39 years	67,617	13,529	10,847	19,839	7,172	1,075	1,003	4,174	7,497	704	87	74	52	38	1,526
40 to 44 years	51,457	14,606	9,679	11,121	4,229	1,241	817	2,606	5,433	385	56	42	32	30	1,180
45 years and over	146,070	63,374	29,851	20,310	8,116	3,341	1,996	4,986	9,619	918	326	56	47	56	3,074
<b>White (non-Hispanic) female</b>	344,095	57,508	37,706	103,483	48,048	7,067	4,112	28,062	40,790	5,332	1,308	279	246	202	9,952
12 to 19 years	17,020	1,132	1,564	3,164	825	63	200	7,128	1,731	299	37	73	6	23	775
20 to 24 years	50,341	3,474	3,850	21,736	6,244	403	508	5,601	6,184	657	71	57	44	30	1,482
25 to 29 years	73,948	5,951	5,887	29,994	11,993	920	827	5,423	9,545	1,107	120	61	60	26	2,034
30 to 34 years	63,415	6,712	6,230	21,244	11,093	1,255	776	4,003	9,061	1,060	152	39	68	38	1,684
35 to 39 years	42,020	6,512	5,113	11,156	6,903	1,099	606	2,399	6,129	731	108	21	32	32	1,179
40 to 44 years	28,913	6,996	4,291	6,053	3,832	1,101	446	1,380	3,474	428	65	11	18	13	805
45 years and over	68,438	26,731	10,771	10,136	7,158	2,226	749	2,128	4,666	1,050	755	17	18	40	1,993
<b>Black (non-Hispanic) male</b>	191,633	29,079	37,455	36,730	4,149	15,896	6,227	49,290	4,008	566	120	291	1,712	13	6,097
12 to 19 years	12,735	224	378	84	110	29	30	11,122	78	51	7	18	10	4	590
20 to 24 years	17,158	1,296	1,841	1,075	540	177	274	10,436	403	100	16	56	96	5	843
25 to 29 years	21,192	2,739	3,244	1,922	789	389	552	9,313	737	107	31	47	303	--	1,019
30 to 34 years	20,015	3,427	3,730	1,918	615	714	769	6,640	727	66	26	64	485	2	832
35 to 39 years	17,963	3,274	3,634	2,306	418	1,063	770	4,611	711	33	8	43	403	1	688
40 to 44 years	18,534	3,061	3,967	4,519	333	1,827	776	2,778	458	36	8	19	213	--	539
45 years and over	84,036	15,058	20,661	24,906	1,344	11,697	3,056	4,390	894	173	24	44	202	1	1,586

Continued. See notes at end of table.

**Table 2.3a. Selected race/ethnicity/gender/age group among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse:  
Number, 2015 (continued)**

Selected race/ethnicity/ gender/age group	All admis- sions	Primary substance at admission													
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Mari- juana/ hashish	Metham- phetamine/ amphet- amines	Tran- quil- izers	Seda- tives	Hallu- cino- gens	PCP	Inhal- ants	Other/ none speci- fied
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route								
<b>Black (non-Hispanic) female</b>	78,009	9,426	11,461	19,139	3,907	9,646	2,407	15,713	2,082	375	65	111	1,059	10	2,608
12 to 19 years	3,650	172	195	75	47	28	26	2,731	90	23	4	8	3	1	247
20 to 24 years	7,522	697	731	708	350	181	221	3,731	364	47	10	17	88	1	376
25 to 29 years	10,786	1,246	1,329	1,269	761	599	426	3,800	521	72	13	25	259	5	461
30 to 34 years	9,468	1,335	1,424	1,146	723	849	425	2,286	482	61	10	26	324	2	375
35 to 39 years	7,875	1,224	1,237	1,296	481	1,035	334	1,405	298	27	6	16	233	--	283
40 to 44 years	7,994	1,066	1,328	2,335	367	1,399	234	748	139	40	7	4	69	--	258
45 years and over	30,714	3,686	5,217	12,310	1,178	5,555	741	1,012	188	105	15	15	83	1	608
<b>Mexican-origin male</b>	48,405	11,466	7,205	7,962	1,085	353	693	10,014	9,120	89	37	26	65	17	273
12 to 19 years	7,970	451	582	159	41	19	53	6,088	451	22	13	11	--	7	73
20 to 24 years	6,398	1,062	1,012	1,106	185	18	134	1,520	1,267	19	6	7	14	2	46
25 to 29 years	6,875	1,388	1,081	1,265	234	43	122	965	1,693	19	4	2	6	1	52
30 to 34 years	6,603	1,565	1,001	1,057	211	63	113	635	1,921	8	1	--	6	1	21
35 to 39 years	5,364	1,440	855	901	144	44	93	389	1,454	4	5	5	4	2	24
40 to 44 years	4,183	1,333	696	660	81	39	82	186	1,067	6	5	--	10	2	16
45 years and over	11,012	4,227	1,978	2,814	189	127	96	231	1,267	11	3	1	25	2	41
<b>Mexican-origin female</b>	20,353	2,729	2,190	3,097	969	180	146	3,537	7,215	60	25	13	40	7	145
12 to 19 years	3,496	296	366	100	25	5	22	2,130	485	10	6	8	--	4	39
20 to 24 years	3,201	309	299	654	117	10	27	494	1,254	8	3	1	4	2	19
25 to 29 years	3,919	420	331	623	193	21	21	396	1,875	9	2	1	2	--	25
30 to 34 years	3,371	357	367	488	215	21	30	258	1,601	8	7	--	7	--	12
35 to 39 years	2,285	344	269	313	164	22	13	115	1,006	9	2	3	5	1	19
40 to 44 years	1,381	263	208	171	67	35	12	62	533	6	3	--	12	--	9
45 years and over	2,700	740	350	748	188	66	21	82	461	10	2	--	10	--	22

Continued. See notes at end of table.

**Table 2.3a. Selected race/ethnicity/gender/age group among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse:  
Number, 2015 (continued)**

Selected race/ethnicity/ gender/age group	All admis- sions	Primary substance at admission													
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Mari- juana/ hashish	Metham- phetamine/ amphet- amines	Tran- quil- izers	Seda- tives	Hallu- cino- gens	PCP	Inhal- ants	Other/ none speci- fied
		Alcohol only	With second-ary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route								
<b>Puerto Rican-origin male</b>	47,406	5,316	6,933	22,559	1,191	1,169	1,558	6,505	373	494	31	60	403	5	809
12 to 19 years	1,543	28	74	85	32	6	17	1,203	9	18	--	6	7	--	58
20 to 24 years	3,676	239	387	964	170	48	80	1,497	49	49	6	8	57	--	122
25 to 29 years	5,102	426	650	1,839	246	97	148	1,323	71	46	4	17	107	2	126
30 to 34 years	6,631	543	867	3,193	226	168	253	962	85	86	2	12	101	1	132
35 to 39 years	6,926	615	880	3,880	171	151	259	671	48	50	7	6	85	1	102
40 to 44 years	6,442	599	912	3,809	99	196	241	362	42	66	4	7	18	1	86
45 years and over	17,086	2,866	3,163	8,789	247	503	560	487	69	179	8	4	28	--	183
<b>Puerto Rican-origin female</b>	12,084	1,378	1,482	4,612	595	583	382	2,164	227	136	13	15	195	2	300
12 to 19 years	570	27	41	58	10	1	9	376	7	6	--	--	2	--	33
20 to 24 years	1,451	124	138	436	58	25	38	499	39	13	2	1	34	1	43
25 to 29 years	1,871	157	188	642	157	51	44	450	61	18	3	4	54	--	42
30 to 34 years	1,975	193	211	717	129	101	67	369	55	18	1	5	62	--	47
35 to 39 years	1,688	191	204	724	93	107	62	201	28	15	--	3	24	--	36
40 to 44 years	1,335	179	189	606	48	95	37	104	20	15	1	1	11	--	29
45 years and over	3,194	507	511	1,429	100	203	125	165	17	51	6	1	8	1	70
<b>American Indian/ Alaska Native male</b>	21,889	8,616	5,329	1,807	1,008	182	152	2,743	1,695	42	14	20	19	17	245
12 to 19 years	1,540	105	255	44	30	1	10	978	70	2	1	5	--	5	34
20 to 24 years	2,590	555	606	352	176	8	14	533	279	5	5	6	2	2	47
25 to 29 years	3,260	914	839	407	244	13	16	428	341	7	3	2	2	4	40
30 to 34 years	3,388	1,249	854	326	203	15	26	328	333	9	2	1	3	3	36
35 to 39 years	2,677	1,114	679	219	150	19	25	172	255	7	--	3	7	--	27
40 to 44 years	2,339	1,172	650	123	68	29	15	113	140	4	2	1	2	--	20
45 years and over	6,095	3,507	1,446	336	137	97	46	191	277	8	1	2	3	3	41

Continued. See notes at end of table.

**Table 2.3a. Selected race/ethnicity/gender/age group among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse:  
Number, 2015 (continued)**

Selected race/ethnicity/ gender/age group	All admis- sions	Primary substance at admission													
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Mari- juana/ hashish	Metham- phetamine/ amphet- amines	Tran- quil- izers	Seda- tives	Hallu- cino- gens	PCP	Inhal- ants	Other/ none speci- fied
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route								
<b>American Indian/ Alaska Native female</b>	14,688	3,728	2,862	1,880	1,449	244	108	1,646	2,437	63	15	14	12	23	207
12 to 19 years	1,232	97	255	66	37	1	4	570	157	3	--	6	--	7	29
20 to 24 years	2,045	335	307	400	213	11	15	310	408	4	1	3	2	7	29
25 to 29 years	2,903	494	542	476	385	29	17	286	603	10	3	4	5	2	47
30 to 34 years	2,578	576	477	350	311	41	16	200	556	13	7	1	2	--	28
35 to 39 years	1,786	501	378	198	198	34	18	117	309	9	1	--	2	1	20
40 to 44 years	1,425	530	312	136	115	42	17	52	193	10	--	--	--	1	17
45 years and over	2,719	1,195	591	254	190	86	21	111	211	14	3	--	1	5	37
<b>Asian/Pacific Islander male</b>	11,971	2,642	1,441	1,590	554	246	202	2,237	2,657	60	21	21	10	5	285
12 to 19 years	1,570	124	127	26	14	7	12	1,095	64	11	1	--	--	--	89
20 to 24 years	1,678	243	200	331	117	28	36	393	251	17	8	11	1	2	40
25 to 29 years	2,044	418	232	433	130	31	39	255	435	10	3	3	4	2	49
30 to 34 years	1,909	398	250	306	108	35	32	187	547	7	3	2	3	1	30
35 to 39 years	1,352	295	164	155	52	32	33	127	464	8	1	2	--	--	19
40 to 44 years	1,162	361	165	95	36	34	21	83	344	1	--	1	2	--	19
45 years and over	2,256	803	303	244	97	79	29	97	552	6	5	2	--	--	39
<b>Asian/Pacific Islander female</b>	4,966	795	565	769	343	83	55	865	1,228	54	10	5	6	2	186
12 to 19 years	1,002	155	141	23	7	--	4	523	48	9	2	2	--	--	88
20 to 24 years	655	68	59	172	59	5	11	96	159	8	1	1	1	--	15
25 to 29 years	941	110	92	219	92	6	17	91	280	13	2	1	2	2	14
30 to 34 years	779	101	70	131	73	16	8	76	275	10	1	--	--	--	18
35 to 39 years	538	85	63	93	40	13	5	36	179	8	1	1	1	--	13
40 to 44 years	426	101	49	46	24	17	3	18	148	3	1	--	1	--	15
45 years and over	625	175	91	85	48	26	7	25	139	3	2	--	1	--	23
<b>All other</b>	141,144	29,646	20,746	29,220	7,229	3,494	3,614	27,063	15,367	1,182	190	172	518	72	2,631
No. of admissions	1,516,225	289,504	224,560	397,570	122,894	47,077	27,085	210,647	134,994	14,108	2,780	1,895	4,601	682	37,828

-- Quantity is zero.

NOTE: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 2.3b. Selected race/ethnicity/gender/age group among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse:  
Column percent distribution, 2015**

Selected race/ethnicity/ gender/age group	All admis- sions	Primary substance at admission													
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Mari- juana/ hashish	Metham- phetamine/ amphet- amines	Tran- quil- izers	Seda- tives	Hallu- cino- gens	PCP	Inhal- ants	Other/ none speci- fied
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route								
<b>Total</b>	1,537,025	294,303	226,786	401,743	124,943	47,384	27,326	213,001	136,028	14,217	2,801	1,917	4,626	695	41,255
<b>White (non-Hispanic) male</b>	38.2	43.9	39.7	41.4	42.6	16.9	27.4	28.9	35.4	40.1	33.5	45.8	6.9	45.0	37.2
12 to 19 years	2.1	0.6	1.3	0.7	0.9	0.2	1.0	9.3	1.2	3.3	2.9	11.6	0.2	6.5	3.0
20 to 24 years	5.1	2.7	4.2	7.3	6.1	0.9	3.1	6.3	4.4	6.8	3.2	10.1	0.7	6.2	6.0
25 to 29 years	7.3	4.2	5.9	11.9	10.5	1.7	4.7	4.5	6.3	8.1	5.4	8.5	1.2	7.8	7.1
30 to 34 years	6.2	4.8	5.9	8.7	9.2	2.1	4.6	3.2	6.8	7.6	5.1	6.5	1.9	6.5	5.8
35 to 39 years	4.5	4.7	4.8	5.0	5.8	2.3	3.7	2.0	5.6	5.0	3.1	3.9	1.1	5.6	4.0
40 to 44 years	3.4	5.0	4.3	2.8	3.4	2.6	3.0	1.2	4.0	2.7	2.0	2.2	0.7	4.4	3.1
45 years and over	9.6	21.9	13.3	5.1	6.6	7.1	7.4	2.4	7.1	6.5	11.7	3.0	1.0	8.2	8.1
<b>White (non-Hispanic) female</b>	22.7	19.9	16.8	26.0	39.1	15.0	15.2	13.3	30.2	37.8	47.1	14.7	5.3	29.6	26.3
12 to 19 years	1.1	0.4	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.1	0.7	3.4	1.3	2.1	1.3	3.9	0.1	3.4	2.0
20 to 24 years	3.3	1.2	1.7	5.5	5.1	0.9	1.9	2.7	4.6	4.7	2.6	3.0	1.0	4.4	3.9
25 to 29 years	4.9	2.1	2.6	7.5	9.8	2.0	3.1	2.6	7.1	7.8	4.3	3.2	1.3	3.8	5.4
30 to 34 years	4.2	2.3	2.8	5.3	9.0	2.7	2.9	1.9	6.7	7.5	5.5	2.1	1.5	5.6	4.5
35 to 39 years	2.8	2.2	2.3	2.8	5.6	2.3	2.2	1.1	4.5	5.2	3.9	1.1	0.7	4.7	3.1
40 to 44 years	1.9	2.4	1.9	1.5	3.1	2.3	1.6	0.7	2.6	3.0	2.3	0.6	0.4	1.9	2.1
45 years and over	4.5	9.2	4.8	2.5	5.8	4.7	2.8	1.0	3.5	7.4	27.2	0.9	0.4	5.9	5.3
<b>Black (non-Hispanic) male</b>	12.6	10.0	16.7	9.2	3.4	33.8	23.0	23.4	3.0	4.0	4.3	15.4	37.2	1.9	16.1
12 to 19 years	0.8	0.1	0.2	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	5.3	0.1	0.4	0.3	0.9	0.2	0.6	1.6
20 to 24 years	1.1	0.4	0.8	0.3	0.4	0.4	1.0	5.0	0.3	0.7	0.6	3.0	2.1	0.7	2.2
25 to 29 years	1.4	0.9	1.4	0.5	0.6	0.8	2.0	4.4	0.5	0.8	1.1	2.5	6.6	--	2.7
30 to 34 years	1.3	1.2	1.7	0.5	0.5	1.5	2.8	3.2	0.5	0.5	0.9	3.4	10.5	0.3	2.2
35 to 39 years	1.2	1.1	1.6	0.6	0.3	2.3	2.8	2.2	0.5	0.2	0.3	2.3	8.8	0.1	1.8
40 to 44 years	1.2	1.1	1.8	1.1	0.3	3.9	2.9	1.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	1.0	4.6	--	1.4
45 years and over	5.5	5.2	9.2	6.3	1.1	24.8	11.3	2.1	0.7	1.2	0.9	2.3	4.4	0.1	4.2

Continued. See notes at end of table.

**Table 2.3b. Selected race/ethnicity/gender/age group among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse:  
Column percent distribution, 2015 (continued)**

Selected race/ethnicity/ gender/age group	All admis- sions	Primary substance at admission													
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Mari- juana/ hashish	Metham- phetamine/ amphet- amines	Tran- quil- izers	Seda- tives	Hallu- cino- gens	PCP	Inhal- ants	Other/ none speci- fied
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route								
<b>Black (non-Hispanic) female</b>	5.1	3.3	5.1	4.8	3.2	20.5	8.9	7.5	1.5	2.7	2.3	5.9	23.0	1.5	6.9
12 to 19 years	0.2	0.1	0.1	*	*	0.1	0.1	1.3	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.7
20 to 24 years	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.8	1.8	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.9	1.9	0.1	1.0
25 to 29 years	0.7	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.6	1.3	1.6	1.8	0.4	0.5	0.5	1.3	5.6	0.7	1.2
30 to 34 years	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.6	1.8	1.6	1.1	0.4	0.4	0.4	1.4	7.0	0.3	1.0
35 to 39 years	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.4	2.2	1.2	0.7	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.8	5.1	--	0.7
40 to 44 years	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.3	3.0	0.9	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.2	1.5	--	0.7
45 years and over	2.0	1.3	2.3	3.1	1.0	11.8	2.7	0.5	0.1	0.7	0.5	0.8	1.8	0.1	1.6
<b>Mexican-origin male</b>	3.2	4.0	3.2	2.0	0.9	0.7	2.6	4.8	6.8	0.6	1.3	1.4	1.4	2.5	0.7
12 to 19 years	0.5	0.2	0.3	*	*	*	0.2	2.9	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.6	--	1.0	0.2
20 to 24 years	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.2	*	0.5	0.7	0.9	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.1
25 to 29 years	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.5	0.5	1.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
30 to 34 years	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.3	1.4	0.1	*	--	0.1	0.1	0.1
35 to 39 years	0.4	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.2	1.1	*	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.1
40 to 44 years	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.8	*	0.2	--	0.2	0.3	*
45 years and over	0.7	1.5	0.9	0.7	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.9	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.3	0.1
<b>Mexican-origin female</b>	1.3	0.9	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.4	0.5	1.7	5.3	0.4	0.9	0.7	0.9	1.0	0.4
12 to 19 years	0.2	0.1	0.2	*	*	*	0.1	1.0	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.4	--	0.6	0.1
20 to 24 years	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	*	0.1	0.2	0.9	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.1
25 to 29 years	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	*	0.1	0.2	1.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	--	0.1
30 to 34 years	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	*	0.1	0.1	1.2	0.1	0.3	--	0.2	--	*
35 to 39 years	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	*	0.1	0.7	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1
40 to 44 years	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	0.1	0.1	*	*	0.4	*	0.1	--	0.3	--	*
45 years and over	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	*	0.3	0.1	0.1	--	0.2	--	0.1

Continued. See notes at end of table.

**Table 2.3b. Selected race/ethnicity/gender/age group among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse:  
Column percent distribution, 2015 (continued)**

Selected race/ethnicity/ gender/age group	All admis- sions	Primary substance at admission													
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Mari- juana/ hashish	Metham- phetamine/ amphet- amines	Tran- quil- izers	Seda- tives	Hallu- cino- gens	PCP	Inhal- ants	Other/ none speci- fied
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route								
<b>Puerto Rican-origin male</b>	3.1	1.8	3.1	5.7	1.0	2.5	5.8	3.1	0.3	3.5	1.1	3.2	8.8	0.7	2.1
12 to 19 years	0.1	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.6	*	0.1	--	0.3	0.2	--	0.2
20 to 24 years	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.7	*	0.3	0.2	0.4	1.2	--	0.3
25 to 29 years	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.6	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.9	2.3	0.3	0.3
30 to 34 years	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.8	0.2	0.4	0.9	0.5	0.1	0.6	0.1	0.6	2.2	0.1	0.3
35 to 39 years	0.5	0.2	0.4	1.0	0.1	0.3	1.0	0.3	*	0.4	0.3	0.3	1.8	0.1	0.3
40 to 44 years	0.4	0.2	0.4	1.0	0.1	0.4	0.9	0.2	*	0.5	0.1	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.2
45 years and over	1.1	1.0	1.4	2.2	0.2	1.1	2.1	0.2	0.1	1.3	0.3	0.2	0.6	--	0.5
<b>Puerto Rican-origin female</b>	0.8	0.5	0.7	1.2	0.5	1.2	1.4	1.0	0.2	1.0	0.5	0.8	4.2	0.3	0.8
12 to 19 years	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.2	*	*	--	--	*	--	0.1
20 to 24 years	0.1	*	0.1	0.1	*	0.1	0.1	0.2	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.7	0.1	0.1
25 to 29 years	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	*	0.1	0.1	0.2	1.2	--	0.1
30 to 34 years	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	*	0.1	*	0.3	1.3	--	0.1
35 to 39 years	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	*	0.1	--	0.2	0.5	--	0.1
40 to 44 years	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	*	0.2	0.1	*	*	0.1	*	0.1	0.2	--	0.1
45 years and over	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.1	0.4	0.5	0.1	*	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2
<b>American Indian/ Alaska Native male</b>	1.4	3.0	2.4	0.5	0.8	0.4	0.6	1.3	1.3	0.3	0.5	1.1	0.4	2.5	0.6
12 to 19 years	0.1	*	0.1	*	*	*	*	0.5	0.1	*	*	0.3	--	0.7	0.1
20 to 24 years	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.1	*	0.1	0.3	0.2	*	0.2	0.3	*	0.3	0.1
25 to 29 years	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.2	*	0.1	0.2	0.3	*	0.1	0.1	*	0.6	0.1
30 to 34 years	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.1	0.2	*	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.1
35 to 39 years	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.1	*	0.1	0.1	0.2	*	--	0.2	0.2	--	0.1
40 to 44 years	0.2	0.4	0.3	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	0.1	0.1	*	--	0.1
45 years and over	0.4	1.2	0.6	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	*	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.1

Continued. See notes at end of table.

**Table 2.3b. Selected race/ethnicity/gender/age group among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse:  
Column percent distribution, 2015 (continued)**

Selected race/ethnicity/ gender/age group	All admis- sions	Primary substance at admission													
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Mari- juana/ hashish	Metham- phetamine/ amphet- amines	Tran- quil- izers	Seda- tives	Hallu- cino- gens	PCP	Inhal- ants	Other/ none speci- fied
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route								
<b>American Indian/ Alaska Native female</b>	1.0	1.3	1.3	0.5	1.2	0.5	0.4	0.8	1.8	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.3	3.4	0.5
12 to 19 years	0.1	*	0.1	*	*	*	*	0.3	0.1	*	--	0.3	--	1.0	0.1
20 to 24 years	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	*	0.1	0.1	0.3	*	*	0.2	*	1.0	0.1
25 to 29 years	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.1
30 to 34 years	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.1	*	--	0.1
35 to 39 years	0.1	0.2	0.2	*	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	*	--	*	0.1	0.1
40 to 44 years	0.1	0.2	0.1	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	0.1	0.1	--	--	--	0.1	*
45 years and over	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	--	*	0.7	0.1
<b>Asian/Pacific Islander male</b>	0.8	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.7	1.1	2.0	0.4	0.8	1.1	0.2	0.7	0.8
12 to 19 years	0.1	*	0.1	*	*	*	*	0.5	*	0.1	*	--	--	--	0.2
20 to 24 years	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.6	*	0.3	0.1
25 to 29 years	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.1
30 to 34 years	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
35 to 39 years	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.1	*	0.1	--	--	0.1
40 to 44 years	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	*	0.1	0.1	*	0.3	*	--	0.1	*	--	0.1
45 years and over	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	*	0.4	*	0.2	0.1	--	--	0.1
<b>Asian/Pacific Islander female</b>	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.9	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.1	0.3	0.5
12 to 19 years	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	*	--	*	0.2	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	--	--	0.2
20 to 24 years	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.1	*	0.1	*	--	*
25 to 29 years	0.1	*	*	0.1	0.1	*	0.1	*	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	0.3	*
30 to 34 years	0.1	*	*	*	0.1	*	*	*	0.2	0.1	*	--	--	--	*
35 to 39 years	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	0.1	*	0.1	*	--	*
40 to 44 years	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	0.1	*	*	--	*	--	*
45 years and over	*	0.1	*	*	*	0.1	*	*	0.1	*	0.1	--	*	--	0.1
<b>All other</b>	9.3	10.2	9.2	7.3	5.9	7.4	13.3	12.8	11.4	8.4	6.8	9.1	11.3	10.6	7.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,516,225	289,504	224,560	397,570	122,894	47,077	27,085	210,647	134,994	14,108	2,780	1,895	4,601	682	37,828

-- Quantity is zero; \* Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 2.3c. Selected race/ethnicity/gender/age group among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse:  
Row percent distribution, 2015**

Selected race/ethnicity/ gender/age group	No. of admis- sions	Primary substance at admission														Total
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Metham- phetamine/ amphet- amines		Tran- quil- izers	Seda- tives	Hallu- cino- gens	PCP	Inhal- ants	Other/ none speci- fied	
		Alcohol only	With second- ary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route	Mari- juana/ hashish								
<b>Total</b>	1,516,225	19.1	14.8	26.2	8.1	3.1	1.8	13.9	8.9	0.9	0.2	0.1	0.3	*	2.5	100.0
<b>White (non-Hispanic) male</b>	579,582	21.9	15.4	28.4	9.0	1.4	1.3	10.5	8.2	1.0	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	2.4	100.0
12 to 19 years	32,328	5.7	8.8	9.0	3.5	0.3	0.9	60.8	4.9	1.4	0.3	0.7	*	0.1	3.5	100.0
20 to 24 years	77,677	10.1	12.1	37.3	9.6	0.5	1.1	17.0	7.6	1.2	0.1	0.2	*	0.1	2.9	100.0
25 to 29 years	109,945	11.1	12.1	42.9	11.8	0.7	1.1	8.6	7.7	1.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	2.4	100.0
30 to 34 years	94,488	14.6	14.0	36.4	12.0	1.0	1.3	7.0	9.7	1.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	*	2.3	100.0
35 to 39 years	67,617	20.0	16.0	29.3	10.6	1.6	1.5	6.2	11.1	1.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	2.3	100.0
40 to 44 years	51,457	28.4	18.8	21.6	8.2	2.4	1.6	5.1	10.6	0.7	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	2.3	100.0
45 years and over	146,070	43.4	20.4	13.9	5.6	2.3	1.4	3.4	6.6	0.6	0.2	*	*	*	2.1	100.0
<b>White (non-Hispanic) female</b>	344,095	16.7	11.0	30.1	14.0	2.1	1.2	8.2	11.9	1.5	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	2.9	100.0
12 to 19 years	17,020	6.7	9.2	18.6	4.8	0.4	1.2	41.9	10.2	1.8	0.2	0.4	*	0.1	4.6	100.0
20 to 24 years	50,341	6.9	7.6	43.2	12.4	0.8	1.0	11.1	12.3	1.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	2.9	100.0
25 to 29 years	73,948	8.0	8.0	40.6	16.2	1.2	1.1	7.3	12.9	1.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	*	2.8	100.0
30 to 34 years	63,415	10.6	9.8	33.5	17.5	2.0	1.2	6.3	14.3	1.7	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	2.7	100.0
35 to 39 years	42,020	15.5	12.2	26.5	16.4	2.6	1.4	5.7	14.6	1.7	0.3	*	0.1	0.1	2.8	100.0
40 to 44 years	28,913	24.2	14.8	20.9	13.3	3.8	1.5	4.8	12.0	1.5	0.2	*	0.1	*	2.8	100.0
45 years and over	68,438	39.1	15.7	14.8	10.5	3.3	1.1	3.1	6.8	1.5	1.1	*	*	0.1	2.9	100.0
<b>Black (non-Hispanic) male</b>	191,633	15.2	19.5	19.2	2.2	8.3	3.2	25.7	2.1	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.9	*	3.2	100.0
12 to 19 years	12,735	1.8	3.0	0.7	0.9	0.2	0.2	87.3	0.6	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	4.6	100.0
20 to 24 years	17,158	7.6	10.7	6.3	3.1	1.0	1.6	60.8	2.3	0.6	0.1	0.3	0.6	*	4.9	100.0
25 to 29 years	21,192	12.9	15.3	9.1	3.7	1.8	2.6	43.9	3.5	0.5	0.1	0.2	1.4	--	4.8	100.0
30 to 34 years	20,015	17.1	18.6	9.6	3.1	3.6	3.8	33.2	3.6	0.3	0.1	0.3	2.4	*	4.2	100.0
35 to 39 years	17,963	18.2	20.2	12.8	2.3	5.9	4.3	25.7	4.0	0.2	*	0.2	2.2	*	3.8	100.0
40 to 44 years	18,534	16.5	21.4	24.4	1.8	9.9	4.2	15.0	2.5	0.2	*	0.1	1.1	--	2.9	100.0
45 years and over	84,036	17.9	24.6	29.6	1.6	13.9	3.6	5.2	1.1	0.2	*	0.1	0.2	*	1.9	100.0

Continued. See notes at end of table.

**Table 2.3c. Selected race/ethnicity/gender/age group among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse:  
Row percent distribution, 2015 (continued)**

Selected race/ethnicity/ gender/age group	No. of admis- sions	Primary substance at admission													Total	
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Mari- juana/ hashish	Metham- phetamine/ amphet- amines	Tran- quil- izers	Seda- tives	Hallu- cino- gens	PCP	Inhal- ants		Other/ none speci- fied
		Alcohol only	With second- ary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route									
<b>Black (non-Hispanic) female</b>	78,009	12.1	14.7	24.5	5.0	12.4	3.1	20.1	2.7	0.5	0.1	0.1	1.4	*	3.3	100.0
12 to 19 years	3,650	4.7	5.3	2.1	1.3	0.8	0.7	74.8	2.5	0.6	0.1	0.2	0.1	*	6.8	100.0
20 to 24 years	7,522	9.3	9.7	9.4	4.7	2.4	2.9	49.6	4.8	0.6	0.1	0.2	1.2	*	5.0	100.0
25 to 29 years	10,786	11.6	12.3	11.8	7.1	5.6	3.9	35.2	4.8	0.7	0.1	0.2	2.4	*	4.3	100.0
30 to 34 years	9,468	14.1	15.0	12.1	7.6	9.0	4.5	24.1	5.1	0.6	0.1	0.3	3.4	*	4.0	100.0
35 to 39 years	7,875	15.5	15.7	16.5	6.1	13.1	4.2	17.8	3.8	0.3	0.1	0.2	3.0	--	3.6	100.0
40 to 44 years	7,994	13.3	16.6	29.2	4.6	17.5	2.9	9.4	1.7	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.9	--	3.2	100.0
45 years and over	30,714	12.0	17.0	40.1	3.8	18.1	2.4	3.3	0.6	0.3	*	*	0.3	*	2.0	100.0
<b>Mexican-origin male</b>	48,405	23.7	14.9	16.4	2.2	0.7	1.4	20.7	18.8	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	0.6	100.0
12 to 19 years	7,970	5.7	7.3	2.0	0.5	0.2	0.7	76.4	5.7	0.3	0.2	0.1	--	0.1	0.9	100.0
20 to 24 years	6,398	16.6	15.8	17.3	2.9	0.3	2.1	23.8	19.8	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	*	0.7	100.0
25 to 29 years	6,875	20.2	15.7	18.4	3.4	0.6	1.8	14.0	24.6	0.3	0.1	*	0.1	*	0.8	100.0
30 to 34 years	6,603	23.7	15.2	16.0	3.2	1.0	1.7	9.6	29.1	0.1	*	--	0.1	*	0.3	100.0
35 to 39 years	5,364	26.8	15.9	16.8	2.7	0.8	1.7	7.3	27.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	0.4	100.0
40 to 44 years	4,183	31.9	16.6	15.8	1.9	0.9	2.0	4.4	25.5	0.1	0.1	--	0.2	*	0.4	100.0
45 years and over	11,012	38.4	18.0	25.6	1.7	1.2	0.9	2.1	11.5	0.1	*	*	0.2	*	0.4	100.0
<b>Mexican-origin female</b>	20,353	13.4	10.8	15.2	4.8	0.9	0.7	17.4	35.4	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	*	0.7	100.0
12 to 19 years	3,496	8.5	10.5	2.9	0.7	0.1	0.6	60.9	13.9	0.3	0.2	0.2	--	0.1	1.1	100.0
20 to 24 years	3,201	9.7	9.3	20.4	3.7	0.3	0.8	15.4	39.2	0.2	0.1	*	0.1	0.1	0.6	100.0
25 to 29 years	3,919	10.7	8.4	15.9	4.9	0.5	0.5	10.1	47.8	0.2	0.1	*	0.1	--	0.6	100.0
30 to 34 years	3,371	10.6	10.9	14.5	6.4	0.6	0.9	7.7	47.5	0.2	0.2	--	0.2	--	0.4	100.0
35 to 39 years	2,285	15.1	11.8	13.7	7.2	1.0	0.6	5.0	44.0	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.2	*	0.8	100.0
40 to 44 years	1,381	19.0	15.1	12.4	4.9	2.5	0.9	4.5	38.6	0.4	0.2	--	0.9	--	0.7	100.0
45 years and over	2,700	27.4	13.0	27.7	7.0	2.4	0.8	3.0	17.1	0.4	0.1	--	0.4	--	0.8	100.0

Continued. See notes at end of table.

**Table 2.3c. Selected race/ethnicity/gender/age group among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse:  
Row percent distribution, 2015 (continued)**

Selected race/ethnicity/ gender/age group	No. of admis- sions	Primary substance at admission													Total	
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Mari- juana/ hashish	Metham- phetamine/ amphet- amines	Tran- quil- izers	Seda- tives	Hallu- cino- gens	PCP	Inhal- ants		Other/ none speci- fied
		Alcohol only	With second- ary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route									
<b>Puerto Rican-origin male</b>	47,406	11.2	14.6	47.6	2.5	2.5	3.3	13.7	0.8	1.0	0.1	0.1	0.9	*	1.7	100.0
12 to 19 years	1,543	1.8	4.8	5.5	2.1	0.4	1.1	78.0	0.6	1.2	--	0.4	0.5	--	3.8	100.0
20 to 24 years	3,676	6.5	10.5	26.2	4.6	1.3	2.2	40.7	1.3	1.3	0.2	0.2	1.6	--	3.3	100.0
25 to 29 years	5,102	8.3	12.7	36.0	4.8	1.9	2.9	25.9	1.4	0.9	0.1	0.3	2.1	*	2.5	100.0
30 to 34 years	6,631	8.2	13.1	48.2	3.4	2.5	3.8	14.5	1.3	1.3	*	0.2	1.5	*	2.0	100.0
35 to 39 years	6,926	8.9	12.7	56.0	2.5	2.2	3.7	9.7	0.7	0.7	0.1	0.1	1.2	*	1.5	100.0
40 to 44 years	6,442	9.3	14.2	59.1	1.5	3.0	3.7	5.6	0.7	1.0	0.1	0.1	0.3	*	1.3	100.0
45 years and over	17,086	16.8	18.5	51.4	1.4	2.9	3.3	2.9	0.4	1.0	*	*	0.2	--	1.1	100.0
<b>Puerto Rican-origin female</b>	12,084	11.4	12.3	38.2	4.9	4.8	3.2	17.9	1.9	1.1	0.1	0.1	1.6	*	2.5	100.0
12 to 19 years	570	4.7	7.2	10.2	1.8	0.2	1.6	66.0	1.2	1.1	--	--	0.4	--	5.8	100.0
20 to 24 years	1,451	8.5	9.5	30.0	4.0	1.7	2.6	34.4	2.7	0.9	0.1	0.1	2.3	0.1	3.0	100.0
25 to 29 years	1,871	8.4	10.0	34.3	8.4	2.7	2.4	24.1	3.3	1.0	0.2	0.2	2.9	--	2.2	100.0
30 to 34 years	1,975	9.8	10.7	36.3	6.5	5.1	3.4	18.7	2.8	0.9	0.1	0.3	3.1	--	2.4	100.0
35 to 39 years	1,688	11.3	12.1	42.9	5.5	6.3	3.7	11.9	1.7	0.9	--	0.2	1.4	--	2.1	100.0
40 to 44 years	1,335	13.4	14.2	45.4	3.6	7.1	2.8	7.8	1.5	1.1	0.1	0.1	0.8	--	2.2	100.0
45 years and over	3,194	15.9	16.0	44.7	3.1	6.4	3.9	5.2	0.5	1.6	0.2	*	0.3	*	2.2	100.0
<b>American Indian/ Alaska Native male</b>	21,889	39.4	24.3	8.3	4.6	0.8	0.7	12.5	7.7	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	1.1	100.0
12 to 19 years	1,540	6.8	16.6	2.9	1.9	0.1	0.6	63.5	4.5	0.1	0.1	0.3	--	0.3	2.2	100.0
20 to 24 years	2,590	21.4	23.4	13.6	6.8	0.3	0.5	20.6	10.8	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	1.8	100.0
25 to 29 years	3,260	28.0	25.7	12.5	7.5	0.4	0.5	13.1	10.5	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	1.2	100.0
30 to 34 years	3,388	36.9	25.2	9.6	6.0	0.4	0.8	9.7	9.8	0.3	0.1	*	0.1	0.1	1.1	100.0
35 to 39 years	2,677	41.6	25.4	8.2	5.6	0.7	0.9	6.4	9.5	0.3	--	0.1	0.3	--	1.0	100.0
40 to 44 years	2,339	50.1	27.8	5.3	2.9	1.2	0.6	4.8	6.0	0.2	0.1	*	0.1	--	0.9	100.0
45 years and over	6,095	57.5	23.7	5.5	2.2	1.6	0.8	3.1	4.5	0.1	*	*	*	*	0.7	100.0

Continued. See notes at end of table.

**Table 2.3c. Selected race/ethnicity/gender/age group among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse:  
Row percent distribution, 2015 (continued)**

Selected race/ethnicity/ gender/age group	No. of admis- sions	Primary substance at admission													Total	
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Metham- phetamine/ amphet- amines			Tran- quil- izers		Hallu- cino- gens			Other/ none speci- fied
		Alcohol only	With second- ary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route	Mari- juana/ hashish			Seda- tives		PCP	Inhal- ants		
<b>American Indian/ Alaska Native female</b>	14,688	25.4	19.5	12.8	9.9	1.7	0.7	11.2	16.6	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	1.4	100.0
12 to 19 years	1,232	7.9	20.7	5.4	3.0	0.1	0.3	46.3	12.7	0.2	--	0.5	--	0.6	2.4	100.0
20 to 24 years	2,045	16.4	15.0	19.6	10.4	0.5	0.7	15.2	20.0	0.2	*	0.1	0.1	0.3	1.4	100.0
25 to 29 years	2,903	17.0	18.7	16.4	13.3	1.0	0.6	9.9	20.8	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	1.6	100.0
30 to 34 years	2,578	22.3	18.5	13.6	12.1	1.6	0.6	7.8	21.6	0.5	0.3	*	0.1	--	1.1	100.0
35 to 39 years	1,786	28.1	21.2	11.1	11.1	1.9	1.0	6.6	17.3	0.5	0.1	--	0.1	0.1	1.1	100.0
40 to 44 years	1,425	37.2	21.9	9.5	8.1	2.9	1.2	3.6	13.5	0.7	--	--	--	0.1	1.2	100.0
45 years and over	2,719	43.9	21.7	9.3	7.0	3.2	0.8	4.1	7.8	0.5	0.1	--	*	0.2	1.4	100.0
<b>Asian/Pacific Islander male</b>	11,971	22.1	12.0	13.3	4.6	2.1	1.7	18.7	22.2	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.1	*	2.4	100.0
12 to 19 years	1,570	7.9	8.1	1.7	0.9	0.4	0.8	69.7	4.1	0.7	0.1	--	--	--	5.7	100.0
20 to 24 years	1,678	14.5	11.9	19.7	7.0	1.7	2.1	23.4	15.0	1.0	0.5	0.7	0.1	0.1	2.4	100.0
25 to 29 years	2,044	20.5	11.4	21.2	6.4	1.5	1.9	12.5	21.3	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	2.4	100.0
30 to 34 years	1,909	20.8	13.1	16.0	5.7	1.8	1.7	9.8	28.7	0.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	1.6	100.0
35 to 39 years	1,352	21.8	12.1	11.5	3.8	2.4	2.4	9.4	34.3	0.6	0.1	0.1	--	--	1.4	100.0
40 to 44 years	1,162	31.1	14.2	8.2	3.1	2.9	1.8	7.1	29.6	0.1	--	0.1	0.2	--	1.6	100.0
45 years and over	2,256	35.6	13.4	10.8	4.3	3.5	1.3	4.3	24.5	0.3	0.2	0.1	--	--	1.7	100.0
<b>Asian/Pacific Islander female</b>	4,966	16.0	11.4	15.5	6.9	1.7	1.1	17.4	24.7	1.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	*	3.7	100.0
12 to 19 years	1,002	15.5	14.1	2.3	0.7	--	0.4	52.2	4.8	0.9	0.2	0.2	--	--	8.8	100.0
20 to 24 years	655	10.4	9.0	26.3	9.0	0.8	1.7	14.7	24.3	1.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	--	2.3	100.0
25 to 29 years	941	11.7	9.8	23.3	9.8	0.6	1.8	9.7	29.8	1.4	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	1.5	100.0
30 to 34 years	779	13.0	9.0	16.8	9.4	2.1	1.0	9.8	35.3	1.3	0.1	--	--	--	2.3	100.0
35 to 39 years	538	15.8	11.7	17.3	7.4	2.4	0.9	6.7	33.3	1.5	0.2	0.2	0.2	--	2.4	100.0
40 to 44 years	426	23.7	11.5	10.8	5.6	4.0	0.7	4.2	34.7	0.7	0.2	--	0.2	--	3.5	100.0
45 years and over	625	28.0	14.6	13.6	7.7	4.2	1.1	4.0	22.2	0.5	0.3	--	0.2	--	3.7	100.0
<b>All other</b>	141,144	21.0	14.7	20.7	5.1	2.5	2.6	19.2	10.9	0.8	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.1	1.9	100.0

-- Quantity is zero; \* Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 2.4a. Frequency of use and usual route of administration among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse:  
Number, 2015**

Frequency of use and usual route of administration	All admissions	Primary substance at admission													
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Other/none specified							
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route	Marijuana/hashish	Methamphetamine/amphetamines	Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
<b>Total</b>	1,537,025	294,303	226,786	401,743	124,943	47,384	27,326	213,001	136,028	14,217	2,801	1,917	4,626	695	41,255
<b>Frequency of use</b>															
No use in the past month	420,795	74,101	59,291	84,636	36,351	12,949	10,370	75,148	56,531	2,739	680	830	1,677	263	5,229
1-3 times in the past month	163,794	42,721	27,671	19,055	7,921	6,269	4,584	34,015	18,521	1,035	213	246	691	100	752
1-2 times in the past week	118,146	33,145	22,471	12,419	5,018	4,749	2,999	21,956	13,210	752	160	143	559	62	503
3-6 times in the past week	164,832	37,772	31,466	30,253	9,994	6,625	2,828	24,469	18,205	1,329	368	191	558	91	683
Daily	626,465	103,937	84,784	251,947	63,122	16,547	6,229	55,616	28,876	8,263	1,354	494	1,103	172	4,021
No. of admissions	1,494,032	291,676	225,683	398,310	122,406	47,139	27,010	211,204	135,343	14,118	2,775	1,904	4,588	688	11,188
<b>Usual route of administration</b>															
Oral	624,840	290,839	224,753	3,900	74,739	--	1,198	4,131	5,383	12,976	2,438	901	172	50	3,360
Smoking	366,311	456	424	18,950	3,420	47,384	--	204,902	81,796	136	101	676	4,262	22	3,782
Inhalation	159,332	207	256	99,901	22,305	--	21,722	1,891	10,909	704	116	126	113	576	506
Injection	334,478	210	239	274,309	19,821	--	3,071	117	35,704	208	74	160	17	29	519
Other	12,858	1,010	212	3,390	3,028	--	851	374	900	97	41	15	8	13	2,919
No. of admissions	1,497,819	292,722	225,884	400,450	123,313	47,384	26,842	211,415	134,692	14,121	2,770	1,878	4,572	690	11,086

-- Quantity is zero.

NOTE: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 2.4b. Frequency of use and usual route of administration among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse:  
Percent distribution, 2015**

Frequency of use and usual route of administration		Primary substance at admission														
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Other/none specified								
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route	Marijuana/hashish	Methamphetamine/amphetamines	Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified	
<b>Total</b>	1,537,025	294,303	226,786	401,743	124,943	47,384	27,326	213,001	136,028	14,217	2,801	1,917	4,626	695	41,255	
<b>Frequency of use</b>																
No use in the past month	28.2	25.4	26.3	21.2	29.7	27.5	38.4	35.6	41.8	19.4	24.5	43.6	36.6	38.2	46.7	
1-3 times in the past month	11.0	14.6	12.3	4.8	6.5	13.3	17.0	16.1	13.7	7.3	7.7	12.9	15.1	14.5	6.7	
1-2 times in the past week	7.9	11.4	10.0	3.1	4.1	10.1	11.1	10.4	9.8	5.3	5.8	7.5	12.2	9.0	4.5	
3-6 times in the past week	11.0	12.9	13.9	7.6	8.2	14.1	10.5	11.6	13.5	9.4	13.3	10.0	12.2	13.2	6.1	
Daily	41.9	35.6	37.6	63.3	51.6	35.1	23.1	26.3	21.3	58.5	48.8	25.9	24.0	25.0	35.9	
<b>Total</b>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
No. of admissions	1,494,032	291,676	225,683	398,310	122,406	47,139	27,010	211,204	135,343	14,118	2,775	1,904	4,588	688	11,188	
<b>Usual route of administration</b>																
Oral	41.7	99.4	99.5	1.0	60.6	--	4.5	2.0	4.0	91.9	88.0	48.0	3.8	7.2	30.3	
Smoking	24.5	0.2	0.2	4.7	2.8	100.0	--	96.9	60.7	1.0	3.6	36.0	93.2	3.2	34.1	
Inhalation	10.6	0.1	0.1	24.9	18.1	--	80.9	0.9	8.1	5.0	4.2	6.7	2.5	83.5	4.6	
Injection	22.3	0.1	0.1	68.5	16.1	--	11.4	0.1	26.5	1.5	2.7	8.5	0.4	4.2	4.7	
Other	0.9	0.3	0.1	0.8	2.5	--	3.2	0.2	0.7	0.7	1.5	0.8	0.2	1.9	26.3	
<b>Total</b>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
No. of admissions	1,497,819	292,722	225,884	400,450	123,313	47,384	26,842	211,415	134,692	14,121	2,770	1,878	4,572	690	11,086	

-- Quantity is zero.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 2.5a. Age of first use and number of prior treatment episodes among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse:  
Number, 2015**

Age of first use and number of prior treatment episodes	All admissions	Primary substance at admission													
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Methamphetamine/amphetamines	Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route								
<b>Total</b>	1,537,025	294,303	226,786	401,743	124,943	47,384	27,326	213,001	136,028	14,217	2,801	1,917	4,626	695	41,255
<b>Age of first use<sup>1</sup></b>															
12 years or under	157,581	38,382	47,446	6,809	2,960	997	801	50,674	7,661	427	62	91	164	55	1,052
13 to 14 years	211,262	48,120	52,446	17,853	6,382	2,099	1,773	63,419	16,245	1,075	172	270	437	89	882
15 to 16 years	282,908	77,602	60,849	41,181	14,123	4,351	3,819	52,770	23,111	2,187	282	387	871	97	1,278
17 to 18 years	242,687	60,195	34,830	64,260	17,241	6,645	5,197	26,043	23,397	2,149	278	338	858	85	1,171
19 to 20 years	137,552	22,500	11,210	54,667	14,310	5,857	3,538	7,596	14,646	1,409	222	210	544	64	779
21 to 25 years	218,112	27,679	12,576	98,443	27,003	11,592	5,961	6,680	22,958	2,296	358	267	893	69	1,337
26 to 30 years	108,517	5,453	2,755	55,928	16,385	7,597	2,939	1,614	12,475	1,584	261	150	455	65	856
Over 30 years	114,627	6,578	2,536	51,465	21,067	7,683	2,787	1,391	15,000	2,763	1,148	174	292	162	1,581
No. of admissions	1,473,246	286,509	224,648	390,606	119,471	46,821	26,815	210,187	135,493	13,890	2,783	1,887	4,514	686	8,936
<b>No. of prior treatment episodes</b>															
None	509,528	113,835	61,298	80,100	47,581	10,356	9,240	110,997	51,325	4,346	1,007	677	1,128	228	17,410
1	316,511	57,772	44,284	72,866	30,414	8,858	6,024	52,043	33,354	2,617	569	447	1,026	154	6,083
2	180,705	28,073	26,104	54,977	16,103	6,607	3,591	21,516	18,399	1,386	280	273	765	90	2,541
3	113,674	16,891	17,245	38,856	9,261	4,905	2,298	10,126	10,935	928	156	137	546	52	1,338
4	66,247	9,830	10,543	24,003	4,723	3,053	1,208	4,673	6,414	564	76	103	315	38	704
5 or more	218,424	39,923	40,509	88,369	9,917	10,100	3,202	7,633	13,978	2,114	229	201	597	103	1,549
No. of admissions	1,405,089	266,324	199,983	359,171	117,999	43,879	25,563	206,988	134,405	11,955	2,317	1,838	4,377	665	29,625

<sup>1</sup> For drugs other than alcohol, this is the age at which the client first used the substance. For alcohol, this is the age at first intoxication.

NOTE: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 2.5b. Age of first use and number of prior treatment episodes among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse:  
Percent distribution, 2015**

Age of first use and number of prior treatment episodes	All admissions	Primary substance at admission													
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Methamphetamine/amphetamines	Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route								
<b>Total</b>	1,537,025	294,303	226,786	401,743	124,943	47,384	27,326	213,001	136,028	14,217	2,801	1,917	4,626	695	41,255
<b>Age of first use<sup>1</sup></b>															
12 years or under	10.7	13.4	21.1	1.7	2.5	2.1	3.0	24.1	5.7	3.1	2.2	4.8	3.6	8.0	11.8
13 to 14 years	14.3	16.8	23.3	4.6	5.3	4.5	6.6	30.2	12.0	7.7	6.2	14.3	9.7	13.0	9.9
15 to 16 years	19.2	27.1	27.1	10.5	11.8	9.3	14.2	25.1	17.1	15.7	10.1	20.5	19.3	14.1	14.3
17 to 18 years	16.5	21.0	15.5	16.5	14.4	14.2	19.4	12.4	17.3	15.5	10.0	17.9	19.0	12.4	13.1
19 to 20 years	9.3	7.9	5.0	14.0	12.0	12.5	13.2	3.6	10.8	10.1	8.0	11.1	12.1	9.3	8.7
21 to 25 years	14.8	9.7	5.6	25.2	22.6	24.8	22.2	3.2	16.9	16.5	12.9	14.1	19.8	10.1	15.0
26 to 30 years	7.4	1.9	1.2	14.3	13.7	16.2	11.0	0.8	9.2	11.4	9.4	7.9	10.1	9.5	9.6
Over 30 years	7.8	2.3	1.1	13.2	17.6	16.4	10.4	0.7	11.1	19.9	41.3	9.2	6.5	23.6	17.7
<b>Total</b>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,473,246	286,509	224,648	390,606	119,471	46,821	26,815	210,187	135,493	13,890	2,783	1,887	4,514	686	8,936
<b>No. of prior treatment episodes</b>															
None	36.3	42.7	30.7	22.3	40.3	23.6	36.1	53.6	38.2	36.4	43.5	36.8	25.8	34.3	58.8
1	22.5	21.7	22.1	20.3	25.8	20.2	23.6	25.1	24.8	21.9	24.6	24.3	23.4	23.2	20.5
2	12.9	10.5	13.1	15.3	13.6	15.1	14.0	10.4	13.7	11.6	12.1	14.9	17.5	13.5	8.6
3	8.1	6.3	8.6	10.8	7.8	11.2	9.0	4.9	8.1	7.8	6.7	7.5	12.5	7.8	4.5
4	4.7	3.7	5.3	6.7	4.0	7.0	4.7	2.3	4.8	4.7	3.3	5.6	7.2	5.7	2.4
5 or more	15.5	15.0	20.3	24.6	8.4	23.0	12.5	3.7	10.4	17.7	9.9	10.9	13.6	15.5	5.2
<b>Total</b>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,405,089	266,324	199,983	359,171	117,999	43,879	25,563	206,988	134,405	11,955	2,317	1,838	4,377	665	29,625

<sup>1</sup> For drugs other than alcohol, this is the age at which the client first used the substance. For alcohol, this is the age at first intoxication.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 2.6a. Treatment referral source and detailed criminal justice referral among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse:  
Number, 2015**

Treatment referral source and detailed criminal justice referral	All admissions	Primary substance at admission													
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Methamphetamine/amphetamines	Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route								
<b>Total</b>	1,537,025	294,303	226,786	401,743	124,943	47,384	27,326	213,001	136,028	14,217	2,801	1,917	4,626	695	41,255
<b>Treatment referral source</b>															
Self or individual	618,636	100,892	82,113	241,576	64,264	19,695	8,513	39,235	39,619	6,913	1,170	599	1,274	232	12,541
Court/criminal justice system (see detail below)	456,839	102,641	70,428	55,219	23,403	11,246	9,908	108,079	59,428	2,462	547	662	1,822	208	10,786
Other community referral	170,306	31,341	27,297	27,168	12,575	5,486	3,716	34,742	18,869	1,365	309	230	799	81	6,328
Substance abuse care provider	150,652	25,227	23,964	55,694	12,356	6,457	2,831	9,856	9,159	1,750	500	194	458	92	2,114
Other health care provider	97,802	26,936	17,502	15,913	9,965	3,670	1,730	9,902	6,844	1,456	186	171	141	73	3,313
School (educational)	9,880	924	717	138	88	21	27	7,076	177	37	25	16	1	5	628
Employer/EAP	5,556	1,888	993	364	383	100	207	1,178	236	65	16	3	13	1	109
No. of admissions	1,509,671	289,849	223,014	396,072	123,034	46,675	26,932	210,068	134,332	14,048	2,753	1,875	4,508	692	35,819
<b>Detailed criminal justice referral<sup>1</sup></b>															
<b>Total</b>	456,839	102,641	70,428	55,219	23,403	11,246	9,908	108,079	59,428	2,462	547	662	1,822	208	10,786
Probation/parole	105,145	12,424	12,609	14,167	4,747	2,832	2,710	31,146	20,030	517	93	145	609	45	3,071
State/federal court	59,565	9,560	9,020	8,675	4,977	1,880	1,590	14,968	7,200	505	107	77	161	23	822
Formal adjudication	33,320	4,985	3,764	3,085	2,211	726	472	8,074	8,217	318	75	53	130	31	1,179
DUI/DWI	36,862	22,905	8,646	728	554	82	128	2,649	394	117	17	9	38	5	590
Other legal entity	25,818	10,274	3,462	3,055	958	600	449	5,244	1,203	157	16	38	71	13	278
Diversions program	11,622	583	996	4,724	1,055	428	564	2,313	351	95	8	39	138	2	326
Prison	8,304	1,087	1,202	2,132	506	356	361	1,637	803	34	7	13	44	3	119
Other	53,887	14,861	10,503	4,366	1,255	919	857	9,085	11,189	121	69	65	97	23	477
No. of admissions	334,523	76,679	50,202	40,932	16,263	7,823	7,131	75,116	49,387	1,864	392	439	1,288	145	6,862

<sup>1</sup> Detailed criminal justice referral is a Supplemental Data Set item. Individual Supplemental Data Set items are reported at each state's option.

NOTE: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 2.6b. Treatment referral source and detailed criminal justice referral among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse: Percent distribution, 2015**

Treatment referral source and detailed criminal justice referral	All admissions	Primary substance at admission													
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Methamphetamine/amphetamines	Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route								
<b>Total</b>	1,537,025	294,303	226,786	401,743	124,943	47,384	27,326	213,001	136,028	14,217	2,801	1,917	4,626	695	41,255
<b>Treatment referral source</b>															
Self or individual	41.0	34.8	36.8	61.0	52.2	42.2	31.6	18.7	29.5	49.2	42.5	31.9	28.3	33.5	35.0
Court/criminal justice system (see detail below)	30.3	35.4	31.6	13.9	19.0	24.1	36.8	51.4	44.2	17.5	19.9	35.3	40.4	30.1	30.1
Other community referral	11.3	10.8	12.2	6.9	10.2	11.8	13.8	16.5	14.0	9.7	11.2	12.3	17.7	11.7	17.7
Substance abuse care provider	10.0	8.7	10.7	14.1	10.0	13.8	10.5	4.7	6.8	12.5	18.2	10.3	10.2	13.3	5.9
Other health care provider	6.5	9.3	7.8	4.0	8.1	7.9	6.4	4.7	5.1	10.4	6.8	9.1	3.1	10.5	9.2
School (educational)	0.7	0.3	0.3	*	0.1	*	0.1	3.4	0.1	0.3	0.9	0.9	*	0.7	1.8
Employer/EAP	0.4	0.7	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.8	0.6	0.2	0.5	0.6	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.3
<b>Total</b>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,509,671	289,849	223,014	396,072	123,034	46,675	26,932	210,068	134,332	14,048	2,753	1,875	4,508	692	35,819
<b>Detailed criminal justice referral<sup>1</sup></b>															
<b>Total</b>	456,839	102,641	70,428	55,219	23,403	11,246	9,908	108,079	59,428	2,462	547	662	1,822	208	10,786
Probation/parole	31.4	16.2	25.1	34.6	29.2	36.2	38.0	41.5	40.6	27.7	23.7	33.0	47.3	31.0	44.8
State/federal court	17.8	12.5	18.0	21.2	30.6	24.0	22.3	19.9	14.6	27.1	27.3	17.5	12.5	15.9	12.0
Formal adjudication	10.0	6.5	7.5	7.5	13.6	9.3	6.6	10.7	16.6	17.1	19.1	12.1	10.1	21.4	17.2
DUI/DWI	11.0	29.9	17.2	1.8	3.4	1.0	1.8	3.5	0.8	6.3	4.3	2.1	3.0	3.4	8.6
Other legal entity	7.7	13.4	6.9	7.5	5.9	7.7	6.3	7.0	2.4	8.4	4.1	8.7	5.5	9.0	4.1
Diversionary program	3.5	0.8	2.0	11.5	6.5	5.5	7.9	3.1	0.7	5.1	2.0	8.9	10.7	1.4	4.8
Prison	2.5	1.4	2.4	5.2	3.1	4.6	5.1	2.2	1.6	1.8	1.8	3.0	3.4	2.1	1.7
Other	16.1	19.4	20.9	10.7	7.7	11.7	12.0	12.1	22.7	6.5	17.6	14.8	7.5	15.9	7.0
<b>Total</b>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	334,523	76,679	50,202	40,932	16,263	7,823	7,131	75,116	49,387	1,864	392	439	1,288	145	6,862

\* Less than 0.05 percent.

<sup>1</sup> Detailed criminal justice referral is a Supplemental Data Set item. Individual Supplemental Data Set items are reported at each state's option.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 2.7a. Type of treatment service at admission and planned medication-assisted opioid therapy among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse: Number, 2015**

Type of treatment service at admission and planned medication-assisted opioid therapy	All admissions	Primary substance at admission														
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Methamphetamine/amphetamines	Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified	
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route									
<b>Total</b>	1,537,025	294,303	226,786	401,743	124,943	47,384	27,326	213,001	136,028	14,217	2,801	1,917	4,626	695	41,255	
<b>Type of treatment service at admission</b>																
Ambulatory	940,953	160,012	121,250	223,036	84,154	25,178	18,315	182,092	80,711	5,516	2,012	1,228	3,205	403	33,841	
Outpatient	733,934	123,697	89,928	177,745	67,710	18,065	14,457	147,581	58,667	3,972	1,381	841	1,842	289	27,759	
Intensive outpatient	189,682	32,504	30,230	36,415	13,883	7,074	3,834	34,412	21,852	1,413	249	385	1,360	112	5,959	
Detoxification	17,337	3,811	1,092	8,876	2,561	39	24	99	192	131	382	2	3	2	123	
Rehabilitation/residential	260,682	38,466	44,344	65,222	18,790	14,815	6,106	24,201	39,642	3,242	465	485	1,203	197	3,504	
Short-term (<31 days)	147,318	24,112	27,251	36,489	12,168	8,457	3,420	11,834	17,831	2,257	264	283	701	136	2,115	
Long-term (31+ days)	109,338	13,246	16,135	28,109	6,257	6,197	2,609	12,210	21,491	848	163	198	489	61	1,325	
Hospital (non-detox)	4,026	1,108	958	624	365	161	77	157	320	137	38	4	13	--	64	
Detoxification (24-hour service)	335,184	95,808	61,182	113,412	21,956	7,383	2,900	6,698	15,654	5,453	324	203	216	95	3,900	
Free-standing residential	291,167	82,723	50,485	98,845	19,980	6,945	2,506	6,258	15,385	4,065	240	200	189	91	3,255	
Hospital inpatient	44,017	13,085	10,697	14,567	1,976	438	394	440	269	1,388	84	3	27	4	645	
No. of admissions	1,536,819	294,286	226,776	401,670	124,900	47,376	27,321	212,991	136,007	14,211	2,801	1,916	4,624	695	41,245	
<b>Planned medication-assisted opioid therapy<sup>1</sup></b>																
Yes	197,234	1,622	3,843	145,633	37,356	1,370	1,232	1,407	766	1,264	124	107	93	13	2,404	
No	1,301,720	283,208	217,618	248,930	85,053	44,794	25,577	206,962	133,126	12,619	2,595	1,762	4,460	670	34,346	
No. of admissions	1,498,954	284,830	221,461	394,563	122,409	46,164	26,809	208,369	133,892	13,883	2,719	1,869	4,553	683	36,750	

-- Quantity is zero.

<sup>1</sup> Therapy with methadone or buprenorphine is part of client's treatment plan.

NOTE: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 2.7b. Type of treatment service at admission and planned medication-assisted opioid therapy among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse: Percent distribution, 2015**

Type of treatment service at admission and planned medication-assisted opioid therapy	All admissions	Primary substance at admission														
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Methamphetamine/amphetamines	Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified	
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route									
<b>Total</b>	1,537,025	294,303	226,786	401,743	124,943	47,384	27,326	213,001	136,028	14,217	2,801	1,917	4,626	695	41,255	
<b>Type of treatment service at admission</b>																
Ambulatory	61.2	54.4	53.5	55.5	67.4	53.1	67.0	85.5	59.3	38.8	71.8	64.1	69.3	58.0	82.0	
Outpatient	47.8	42.0	39.7	44.3	54.2	38.1	52.9	69.3	43.1	28.0	49.3	43.9	39.8	41.6	67.3	
Intensive outpatient	12.3	11.0	13.3	9.1	11.1	14.9	14.0	16.2	16.1	9.9	8.9	20.1	29.4	16.1	14.4	
Detoxification	1.1	1.3	0.5	2.2	2.1	0.1	0.1	*	0.1	0.9	13.6	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	
Rehabilitation/residential	17.0	13.1	19.6	16.2	15.0	31.3	22.3	11.4	29.1	22.8	16.6	25.3	26.0	28.3	8.5	
Short-term (<31 days)	9.6	8.2	12.0	9.1	9.7	17.9	12.5	5.6	13.1	15.9	9.4	14.8	15.2	19.6	5.1	
Long-term (31+ days)	7.1	4.5	7.1	7.0	5.0	13.1	9.5	5.7	15.8	6.0	5.8	10.3	10.6	8.8	3.2	
Hospital (non-detox)	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	1.0	1.4	0.2	0.3	--	0.2	
Detoxification (24-hour service)	21.8	32.6	27.0	28.2	17.6	15.6	10.6	3.1	11.5	38.4	11.6	10.6	4.7	13.7	9.5	
Free-standing residential	18.9	28.1	22.3	24.6	16.0	14.7	9.2	2.9	11.3	28.6	8.6	10.4	4.1	13.1	7.9	
Hospital inpatient	2.9	4.4	4.7	3.6	1.6	0.9	1.4	0.2	0.2	9.8	3.0	0.2	0.6	0.6	1.6	
<b>Total</b>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
No. of admissions	1,536,819	294,286	226,776	401,670	124,900	47,376	27,321	212,991	136,007	14,211	2,801	1,916	4,624	695	41,245	
<b>Planned medication-assisted opioid therapy<sup>1</sup></b>																
Yes	13.2	0.6	1.7	36.9	30.5	3.0	4.6	0.7	0.6	9.1	4.6	5.7	2.0	1.9	6.5	
No	86.8	99.4	98.3	63.1	69.5	97.0	95.4	99.3	99.4	90.9	95.4	94.3	98.0	98.1	93.5	
<b>Total</b>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
No. of admissions	1,498,954	284,830	221,461	394,563	122,409	46,164	26,809	208,369	133,892	13,883	2,719	1,869	4,553	683	36,750	

-- Quantity is zero; \* Less than 0.05 percent.

<sup>1</sup> Therapy with methadone or buprenorphine is part of client's treatment plan.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 2.8a. Employment status and detailed not in labor force among admissions aged 16 and older, by primary substance of abuse:  
Number, 2015**

Employment status and detailed not in labor force	All admissions aged 16+	Primary substance at admission													
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Other/none specified							
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route	Marijuana/hashish	Methamphetamine/amphetamines	Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
<b>Total admissions aged 16 and older</b>	1,512,786	293,350	225,304	401,592	124,740	47,366	27,256	193,716	135,463	14,098	2,770	1,836	4,621	659	40,015
<b>Employment status</b>															
Employed	368,193	101,954	58,589	68,017	31,802	5,934	7,150	57,087	26,117	2,371	447	356	864	125	7,380
Full time	252,716	78,146	41,050	43,875	21,508	3,735	5,058	35,153	16,616	1,549	275	229	531	79	4,912
Part time	115,477	23,808	17,539	24,142	10,294	2,199	2,092	21,934	9,501	822	172	127	333	46	2,468
Unemployed	545,662	96,912	78,350	150,672	50,851	16,699	9,343	63,879	58,603	5,043	721	714	1,812	276	11,787
Not in labor force (see detail below)	574,871	91,297	86,483	179,502	40,737	24,267	10,497	71,011	50,069	6,539	1,552	743	1,874	251	10,049
No. of admissions	1,488,726	290,163	223,422	398,191	123,390	46,900	26,990	191,977	134,789	13,953	2,720	1,813	4,550	652	29,216
<b>Detailed not in labor force<sup>1</sup></b>															
<b>Total admissions aged 16 and older and not in labor force</b>	574,871	91,297	86,483	179,502	40,737	24,267	10,497	71,011	50,069	6,539	1,552	743	1,874	251	10,049
Disabled/retired	124,628	29,223	23,235	31,796	11,308	7,234	2,333	8,637	5,731	1,358	848	130	329	64	2,402
Student	35,978	3,192	3,322	2,567	1,299	229	368	21,826	1,172	412	59	153	41	35	1,303
Inmate of institution	27,409	3,092	3,817	6,970	1,892	1,103	832	4,514	3,888	202	41	111	278	17	652
Homemaker	13,222	2,506	1,404	2,744	2,676	261	183	1,685	1,153	179	38	13	33	9	338
Other	280,801	42,153	44,913	112,928	18,140	12,172	5,997	22,307	11,468	4,021	359	271	1,008	94	4,970
No. of admissions	482,038	80,166	76,691	157,005	35,315	20,999	9,713	58,969	23,412	6,172	1,345	678	1,689	219	9,665

<sup>1</sup> Detailed not in labor force is a Supplemental Data Set item. Individual Supplemental Data Set items are reported at each state's option.

NOTE: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 2.8b. Employment status and detailed not in labor force among admissions aged 16 and older, by primary substance of abuse: Percent distribution, 2015**

Employment status and detailed not in labor force	All admissions aged 16+	Primary substance at admission													
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Methamphetamine/amphetamines	Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route								
<b>Total admissions aged 16 and older</b>	1,512,786	293,350	225,304	401,592	124,740	47,366	27,256	193,716	135,463	14,098	2,770	1,836	4,621	659	40,015
<b>Employment status</b>															
Employed	24.7	35.1	26.2	17.1	25.8	12.7	26.5	29.7	19.4	17.0	16.4	19.6	19.0	19.2	25.3
Full time	17.0	26.9	18.4	11.0	17.4	8.0	18.7	18.3	12.3	11.1	10.1	12.6	11.7	12.1	16.8
Part time	7.8	8.2	7.9	6.1	8.3	4.7	7.8	11.4	7.0	5.9	6.3	7.0	7.3	7.1	8.4
Unemployed	36.7	33.4	35.1	37.8	41.2	35.6	34.6	33.3	43.5	36.1	26.5	39.4	39.8	42.3	40.3
Not in labor force (see detail below)	38.6	31.5	38.7	45.1	33.0	51.7	38.9	37.0	37.1	46.9	57.1	41.0	41.2	38.5	34.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,488,726	290,163	223,422	398,191	123,390	46,900	26,990	191,977	134,789	13,953	2,720	1,813	4,550	652	29,216
<b>Detailed not in labor force<sup>1</sup></b>															
<b>Total admissions aged 16 and older and not in labor force</b>	574,871	91,297	86,483	179,502	40,737	24,267	10,497	71,011	50,069	6,539	1,552	743	1,874	251	10,049
Disabled/retired	25.9	36.5	30.3	20.3	32.0	34.4	24.0	14.6	24.5	22.0	63.0	19.2	19.5	29.2	24.9
Student	7.5	4.0	4.3	1.6	3.7	1.1	3.8	37.0	5.0	6.7	4.4	22.6	2.4	16.0	13.5
Inmate of institution	5.7	3.9	5.0	4.4	5.4	5.3	8.6	7.7	16.6	3.3	3.0	16.4	16.5	7.8	6.7
Homemaker	2.7	3.1	1.8	1.7	7.6	1.2	1.9	2.9	4.9	2.9	2.8	1.9	2.0	4.1	3.5
Other	58.3	52.6	58.6	71.9	51.4	58.0	61.7	37.8	49.0	65.1	26.7	40.0	59.7	42.9	51.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	482,038	80,166	76,691	157,005	35,315	20,999	9,713	58,969	23,412	6,172	1,345	678	1,689	219	9,665

<sup>1</sup> Detailed not in labor force is a Supplemental Data Set item. Individual Supplemental Data Set items are reported at each state's option.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 2.9a. Education among admissions aged 18 and older, by primary substance of abuse: Number, 2015**

Education (by highest school grade completed)	All admissions aged 18+	Primary substance at admission													
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Methamphetamine/amines	Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route								
<b>Total admissions aged 18 and older</b>	1,471,539	291,806	222,266	400,365	124,075	47,279	26,969	163,271	133,560	13,703	2,698	1,651	4,606	624	38,666
8 years or less	87,644	18,611	11,843	29,626	5,077	3,429	1,771	7,680	6,783	785	116	65	341	30	1,487
9 to 11	296,010	37,856	45,229	79,744	21,492	12,569	6,250	47,548	35,654	2,417	373	414	1,556	108	4,800
12 (or GED)	656,232	126,023	98,417	188,199	55,366	20,218	11,736	73,286	60,863	5,742	1,029	731	2,076	240	12,306
13-15	268,532	62,436	44,358	69,513	25,164	7,879	5,016	24,093	22,304	2,980	463	303	451	140	3,432
16 or more	95,095	36,250	15,000	18,792	8,663	2,021	1,484	4,652	4,248	1,067	596	63	113	82	2,064
No. of admissions	1,403,513	281,176	214,847	385,874	115,762	46,116	26,257	157,259	129,852	12,991	2,577	1,576	4,537	600	24,089

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Self-contained special education class (no grade level equivalent) is excluded from the tabulation because there were too few cases to report.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 2.9b. Education among admissions aged 18 and older, by primary substance of abuse: Percent distribution, 2015**

Education (by highest school grade completed)	All admissions aged 18+	Primary substance at admission													
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Methamphetamine/amphetamines	Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route								
<b>Total admissions aged 18 and older</b>	1,471,539	291,806	222,266	400,365	124,075	47,279	26,969	163,271	133,560	13,703	2,698	1,651	4,606	624	38,666
8 years or less	6.2	6.6	5.5	7.7	4.4	7.4	6.7	4.9	5.2	6.0	4.5	4.1	7.5	5.0	6.2
9 to 11	21.1	13.5	21.1	20.7	18.6	27.3	23.8	30.2	27.5	18.6	14.5	26.3	34.3	18.0	19.9
12 (or GED)	46.8	44.8	45.8	48.8	47.8	43.8	44.7	46.6	46.9	44.2	39.9	46.4	45.8	40.0	51.1
13-15	19.1	22.2	20.6	18.0	21.7	17.1	19.1	15.3	17.2	22.9	18.0	19.2	9.9	23.3	14.2
16 or more	6.8	12.9	7.0	4.9	7.5	4.4	5.7	3.0	3.3	8.2	23.1	4.0	2.5	13.7	8.6
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,403,513	281,176	214,847	385,874	115,762	46,116	26,257	157,259	129,852	12,991	2,577	1,576	4,537	600	24,089

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Self-contained special education class (no grade level equivalent) is excluded from the tabulation because there were too few cases to report. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 2.10a. Marital status, living arrangements, pregnancy status, and veteran status among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse: Number, 2015**

Marital status, living arrangements, pregnancy status, and veteran status	All admis- sions	Primary substance at admission													
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Mari- juana/ hashish	Metham- phetamine/ amphet- amines	Tran- quil- izers	Seda- tives	Hallu- cino- gens	PCP	Inhal- ants	Other/ none speci- fied
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route								
<b>Total</b>	1,537,025	294,303	226,786	401,743	124,943	47,384	27,326	213,001	136,028	14,217	2,801	1,917	4,626	695	41,255
<b>Marital status</b>															
Never married	800,783	123,791	112,102	234,113	63,916	23,740	15,162	145,253	49,085	7,539	962	1,330	3,261	399	20,130
Divorced	157,583	49,663	29,531	26,923	13,331	6,348	3,004	8,931	14,871	1,354	275	114	215	66	2,957
Now married	165,454	45,882	23,387	33,656	19,136	4,789	3,249	16,155	13,299	1,446	473	141	326	82	3,433
Separated	65,153	14,248	10,913	14,557	6,080	3,116	1,440	5,701	6,795	587	124	65	160	29	1,338
Widowed	22,134	6,365	3,744	5,316	1,894	992	373	1,175	1,383	237	171	13	25	6	440
No. of admissions	1,211,107	239,949	179,677	314,565	104,357	38,985	23,228	177,215	85,433	11,163	2,005	1,663	3,987	582	28,298
<b>Living arrangements</b>															
Independent living	1,000,771	206,011	141,859	272,505	95,397	26,282	18,467	136,584	66,675	9,888	2,170	1,030	2,980	414	20,509
Dependent living	263,558	33,158	34,387	58,119	18,273	8,541	4,854	58,488	38,708	2,180	403	592	881	195	4,779
Homeless	232,797	50,904	47,264	62,344	8,194	11,549	3,537	14,184	29,398	1,884	175	254	665	75	2,370
No. of admissions	1,497,126	290,073	223,510	392,968	121,864	46,372	26,858	209,256	134,781	13,952	2,748	1,876	4,526	684	27,658
<b>Pregnant (female only)</b>															
Yes	19,847	994	1,186	6,163	2,954	618	291	3,242	3,633	187	25	20	95	10	429
No	469,676	77,894	55,921	125,027	53,630	17,652	7,670	55,254	56,718	5,546	1,178	453	1,598	263	10,872
No. of female admissions	489,523	78,888	57,107	131,190	56,584	18,270	7,961	58,496	60,351	5,733	1,203	473	1,693	273	11,301
<b>Veteran</b>															
Yes	47,067	14,393	9,349	8,391	3,334	2,132	853	3,338	4,040	384	61	44	48	19	681
No	1,370,651	256,869	202,102	371,241	109,424	42,029	24,570	191,707	123,314	12,771	2,557	1,689	4,435	595	27,348
No. of admissions	1,417,718	271,262	211,451	379,632	112,758	44,161	25,423	195,045	127,354	13,155	2,618	1,733	4,483	614	28,029

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. The data items in this table are Supplemental Data Set items, which are reported at each state's option.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 2.10b. Marital status, living arrangements, pregnancy status, and veteran status among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse:  
Percent distribution, 2015**

Marital status, living arrangements, pregnancy status, and veteran status	All admis- sions	Primary substance at admission														
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Metham- phetamine/ Tran- quil- izers						Hallu- cino- gens		Other/ none speci- fied
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route	Mari- juana/ hashish	phet- amine/ amines	Tran- quil- izers	Seda- tives	Hallu- cino- gens	PCP	Inhal- ants		
<b>Total</b>	1,537,025	294,303	226,786	401,743	124,943	47,384	27,326	213,001	136,028	14,217	2,801	1,917	4,626	695	41,255	
<b>Marital status</b>																
Never married	66.1	51.6	62.4	74.4	61.2	60.9	65.3	82.0	57.5	67.5	48.0	80.0	81.8	68.6	71.1	
Divorced	13.0	20.7	16.4	8.6	12.8	16.3	12.9	5.0	17.4	12.1	13.7	6.9	5.4	11.3	10.4	
Now married	13.7	19.1	13.0	10.7	18.3	12.3	14.0	9.1	15.6	13.0	23.6	8.5	8.2	14.1	12.1	
Separated	5.4	5.9	6.1	4.6	5.8	8.0	6.2	3.2	8.0	5.3	6.2	3.9	4.0	5.0	4.7	
Widowed	1.8	2.7	2.1	1.7	1.8	2.5	1.6	0.7	1.6	2.1	8.5	0.8	0.6	1.0	1.6	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
No. of admissions	1,211,107	239,949	179,677	314,565	104,357	38,985	23,228	177,215	85,433	11,163	2,005	1,663	3,987	582	28,298	
<b>Living arrangements</b>																
Independent living	66.8	71.0	63.5	69.3	78.3	56.7	68.8	65.3	49.5	70.9	79.0	54.9	65.8	60.5	74.2	
Dependent living	17.6	11.4	15.4	14.8	15.0	18.4	18.1	28.0	28.7	15.6	14.7	31.6	19.5	28.5	17.3	
Homeless	15.5	17.5	21.1	15.9	6.7	24.9	13.2	6.8	21.8	13.5	6.4	13.5	14.7	11.0	8.6	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
No. of admissions	1,497,126	290,073	223,510	392,968	121,864	46,372	26,858	209,256	134,781	13,952	2,748	1,876	4,526	684	27,658	
<b>Pregnant (female only)</b>																
Yes	4.1	1.3	2.1	4.7	5.2	3.4	3.7	5.5	6.0	3.3	2.1	4.2	5.6	3.7	3.8	
No	95.9	98.7	97.9	95.3	94.8	96.6	96.3	94.5	94.0	96.7	97.9	95.8	94.4	96.3	96.2	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
No. of female admissions	489,523	78,888	57,107	131,190	56,584	18,270	7,961	58,496	60,351	5,733	1,203	473	1,693	273	11,301	
<b>Veteran</b>																
Yes	3.3	5.3	4.4	2.2	3.0	4.8	3.4	1.7	3.2	2.9	2.3	2.5	1.1	3.1	2.4	
No	96.7	94.7	95.6	97.8	97.0	95.2	96.6	98.3	96.8	97.1	97.7	97.5	98.9	96.9	97.6	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
No. of admissions	1,417,718	271,262	211,451	379,632	112,758	44,161	25,423	195,045	127,354	13,155	2,618	1,733	4,483	614	28,029	

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. The data items in this table are Supplemental Data Set items, which are reported at each state's option. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 2.11a. Psychiatric problem in addition to substance abuse problem and DSM criteria diagnosis among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse: Number, 2015**

Psychiatric problem in addition to substance abuse problem and DSM criteria diagnosis	All admissions	Primary substance at admission													
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Methamphetamine/amphetamines	Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route								
<b>Total</b>	1,537,025	294,303	226,786	401,743	124,943	47,384	27,326	213,001	136,028	14,217	2,801	1,917	4,626	695	41,255
<b>Psychiatric problem in addition to substance abuse problem</b>															
Yes	493,277	78,907	78,879	139,757	41,957	20,148	10,224	64,431	35,621	5,944	1,175	818	2,182	306	12,928
No	770,949	156,369	100,322	198,733	63,130	19,433	12,369	117,832	77,001	4,488	976	748	1,962	245	17,341
No. of admissions	1,264,226	235,276	179,201	338,490	105,087	39,581	22,593	182,263	112,622	10,432	2,151	1,566	4,144	551	30,269
<b>DSM criteria diagnosis</b>															
Alcohol dependence	61,740	34,965	23,556	318	369	308	157	918	365	71	21	11	9	8	664
Alcohol intoxication	25,946	16,696	9,202	5	6	2	3	17	9	2	0	0	--	--	4
Alcohol abuse	20,767	13,175	6,131	67	90	55	46	643	112	21	4	11	9	1	402
Alcohol-induced disorder	3,199	1,967	695	219	167	11	14	45	16	28	1.0	1.0	--	--	35
Opioid dependence	64,425	280	930	36,271	23,189	273	248	869	610	430	55	19	8	8	1,235
Opioid abuse	3,047	39	81	1,052	1,474	17	20	106	45	36	7	2	2	1	165
Cocaine dependence	8,781	78	380	178	105	5,269	2,270	321	58	14	3	1	6	--	98
Cocaine abuse	1,988	19	83	40	29	769	852	106	16	8	1	1	2	1	61
Cannabis dependence	23,107	147	748	185	222	113	98	20,758	421	59	4	33	13	5	301
Cannabis abuse	16,206	126	546	62	96	38	44	14,618	122	29	3	7	4	2	509
Other substance dependence	34,520	362	2,475	2,199	2,303	503	373	2,435	20,447	1,437	246	165	368	107	1,100
Other substance abuse	5,214	104	227	64	156	23	27	380	3,322	263	76	81	155	31	305
Substance-induced disorder	12,546	1,847	274	3,932	1,836	672	223	922	2,246	245	34	45	5	14	251
Anxiety disorders	1,704	269	266	147	235	45	37	348	131	35	7	4	4	0	176
Depressive disorders	3,322	633	639	272	444	129	68	614	184	58	9	4	3	4	261
Bipolar disorders	1,792	266	344	184	169	119	53	349	133	27	2	4	2	2	138
Attention deficit/disruptive behavior disorders	380	24	36	12	21	2	2	213	14	1	0	0	0	1	54
Schizophrenia/other psychotic disorders	976	131	230	50	37	74	30	256	91	8	3	1	1	2	62
Other mental health condition	7,044	1,139	762	1,147	638	221	93	1,427	1,188	71	17	14	7	3	317
Other condition/no diagnosis	30,452	6,489	4,188	8,497	3,103	1,213	377	2,810	2,077	217	51	22	16	25	1,367
No. of admissions	327,156	78,756	51,793	54,901	34,689	9,856	5,035	48,155	31,607	3,060	544	426	614	215	7,505

-- Quantity is zero.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. The data items in this table are Supplemental Data items, which are reported at each state's option.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 2.11b. Psychiatric problem in addition to substance abuse problem and DSM criteria diagnosis among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse: Percent distribution, 2015**

Psychiatric problem in addition to substance abuse problem and DSM criteria diagnosis	All admissions	Primary substance at admission													
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Methamphetamine/amphetamines			Tranquilizers		Hallucinogens		Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route	Marijuana/hashish			Sedatives	PCP	Inhalants		
<b>Total</b>	1,537,025	294,303	226,786	401,743	124,943	47,384	27,326	213,001	136,028	14,217	2,801	1,917	4,626	695	41,255
<b>Psychiatric problem in addition to substance abuse problem</b>															
Yes	39.0	33.5	44.0	41.3	39.9	50.9	45.3	35.4	31.6	57.0	54.6	52.2	52.7	55.5	42.7
No	61.0	66.5	56.0	58.7	60.1	49.1	54.7	64.6	68.4	43.0	45.4	47.8	47.3	44.5	57.3
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,264,226	235,276	179,201	338,490	105,087	39,581	22,593	182,263	112,622	10,432	2,151	1,566	4,144	551	30,269
<b>DSM criteria diagnosis</b>															
Alcohol dependence	18.9	44.4	45.5	0.6	1.1	3.1	3.1	1.9	1.2	2.3	3.9	2.6	1.5	3.7	8.8
Alcohol intoxication	7.9	21.2	17.8	*	*	*	0.1	*	*	0.1	--	--	--	--	0.1
Alcohol abuse	6.3	16.7	11.8	0.1	0.3	0.6	0.9	1.3	0.4	0.7	0.7	2.6	1.5	0.5	5.4
Alcohol-induced disorder	1.0	2.5	1.3	0.4	0.5	0.1	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.9	0.2	0.2	--	--	0.5
Opioid dependence	19.7	0.4	1.8	66.1	66.8	2.8	4.9	1.8	1.9	14.1	10.1	4.5	1.3	3.7	16.5
Opioid abuse	0.9	*	0.2	1.9	4.2	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.1	1.2	1.3	0.5	0.3	0.5	2.2
Cocaine dependence	2.7	0.1	0.7	0.3	0.3	53.5	45.1	0.7	0.2	0.5	0.6	0.2	1.0	--	1.3
Cocaine abuse	0.6	*	0.2	0.1	0.1	7.8	16.9	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.8
Cannabis dependence	7.1	0.2	1.4	0.3	0.6	1.1	1.9	43.1	1.3	1.9	0.7	7.7	2.1	2.3	4.0
Cannabis abuse	5.0	0.2	1.1	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.9	30.4	0.4	0.9	0.6	1.6	0.7	0.9	6.8
Other substance dependence	10.6	0.5	4.8	4.0	6.6	5.1	7.4	5.1	64.7	47.0	45.2	38.7	59.9	49.8	14.7
Other substance abuse	1.6	0.1	0.4	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.5	0.8	10.5	8.6	14.0	19.0	25.2	14.4	4.1
Substance-induced disorder	3.8	2.3	0.5	7.2	5.3	6.8	4.4	1.9	7.1	8.0	6.3	10.6	0.8	6.5	3.3
Anxiety disorders	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.7	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.4	1.1	1.3	0.9	0.7	--	2.3
Depressive disorders	1.0	0.8	1.2	0.5	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.3	0.6	1.9	1.7	0.9	0.5	1.9	3.5
Bipolar disorders	0.5	0.3	0.7	0.3	0.5	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.4	0.9	0.4	0.9	0.3	0.9	1.8
disorders	0.1	*	0.1	*	0.1	*	*	0.4	*	*	--	--	--	0.5	0.7
Schizophrenia/other psychotic disorders	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.9	0.8
Other mental health condition	2.2	1.4	1.5	2.1	1.8	2.2	1.8	3.0	3.8	2.3	3.1	3.3	1.1	1.4	4.2
Other condition/no diagnosis	9.3	8.2	8.1	15.5	8.9	12.3	7.5	5.8	6.6	7.1	9.4	5.2	2.6	11.6	18.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	327,156	78,756	51,793	54,901	34,689	9,856	5,035	48,155	31,607	3,060	544	426	614	215	7,505

-- Quantity is zero; \* Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. The data items in this table are Supplemental Data items, which are reported at each state's option. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 2.12a. Source of income support among admissions aged 16 and older, by primary substance of abuse: Number, 2015**

Source of income support	All admissions aged 16+	Primary substance at admission													
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Methamphetamine/					Other/none specified		
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route	Marijuana/hashish	amphetamines	Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
<b>Total admissions aged 16 and over</b>	1,512,786	293,350	225,304	401,592	124,740	47,366	27,256	193,716	135,463	14,098	2,770	1,836	4,621	659	40,015
None	330,729	56,002	51,058	105,107	23,090	10,828	6,390	36,547	31,496	3,495	280	437	1,089	160	4,750
Wages/salary	278,870	79,946	45,134	53,430	23,188	4,308	5,181	40,999	17,805	1,941	282	292	602	100	5,662
Public assistance	100,182	13,160	16,149	36,314	7,223	4,614	2,148	12,562	4,691	1,088	71	99	489	34	1,540
Disability	65,001	13,296	9,982	20,846	5,193	3,837	1,047	4,633	3,960	562	75	74	248	37	1,211
Retirement/pension	7,667	3,822	1,132	953	483	250	88	361	313	40	11	6	4	2	202
Other	188,922	30,933	32,410	54,127	14,848	7,323	4,123	27,249	10,299	2,643	988	222	556	79	3,122
No. of admissions	971,371	197,159	155,865	270,777	74,025	31,160	18,977	122,351	68,564	9,769	1,707	1,130	2,988	412	16,487

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. The data items in this table are Supplemental Data items, which are reported at each state's option.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 2.12b. Source of income support among admissions aged 16 and older, by primary substance of abuse:  
Percent distribution, 2015**

Source of income support	All admissions aged 16+	Primary substance at admission													
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Methamphetamine/amphetamines	Tranquillizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route								
<b>Total admissions aged 16 and over</b>	1,512,786	293,350	225,304	401,592	124,740	47,366	27,256	193,716	135,463	14,098	2,770	1,836	4,621	659	40,015
None	34.0	28.4	32.8	38.8	31.2	34.7	33.7	29.9	45.9	35.8	16.4	38.7	36.4	38.8	28.8
Wages/salary	28.7	40.5	29.0	19.7	31.3	13.8	27.3	33.5	26.0	19.9	16.5	25.8	20.1	24.3	34.3
Public assistance	10.3	6.7	10.4	13.4	9.8	14.8	11.3	10.3	6.8	11.1	4.2	8.8	16.4	8.3	9.3
Disability	6.7	6.7	6.4	7.7	7.0	12.3	5.5	3.8	5.8	5.8	4.4	6.5	8.3	9.0	7.3
Retirement/pension	0.8	1.9	0.7	0.4	0.7	0.8	0.5	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.1	0.5	1.2
Other	19.4	15.7	20.8	20.0	20.1	23.5	21.7	22.3	15.0	27.1	57.9	19.6	18.6	19.2	18.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	971,371	197,159	155,865	270,777	74,025	31,160	18,977	122,351	68,564	9,769	1,707	1,130	2,988	412	16,487

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. The data items in this table are Supplemental Data items, which are reported at each state's option. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 2.13a. Type of health insurance and expected/actual primary source of payment among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse: Number, 2015**

Type of health insurance and expected/actual primary source of payment	All admissions	Primary substance at admission													
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Methamphetamine/amines	Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route								
<b>Total</b>	1,537,025	294,303	226,786	401,743	124,943	47,384	27,326	213,001	136,028	14,217	2,801	1,917	4,626	695	41,255
<b>Type of health insurance</b>															
None	263,873	63,785	43,464	49,158	18,902	6,596	4,337	34,383	33,036	1,974	260	345	679	131	6,823
Medicaid	270,342	33,135	25,527	109,718	28,468	7,479	3,520	32,184	14,677	2,491	210	341	1,219	117	11,256
Private insurance	43,234	16,515	7,645	6,603	2,826	390	481	5,113	2,628	348	43	51	19	18	554
Blue Cross/Blue Shield	13,611	4,018	2,207	1,414	1,125	188	116	2,974	1,192	141	33	13	15	6	169
HMO	16,341	6,621	2,743	3,013	895	282	166	1,414	915	102	12	13	20	3	142
Medicare	13,300	3,169	1,687	4,459	1,104	493	197	794	670	138	26	6	44	8	505
Other	41,942	9,988	6,053	10,486	3,358	884	635	4,867	4,280	495	47	45	125	22	657
No. of admissions	662,643	137,231	89,326	184,851	56,678	16,312	9,452	81,729	57,398	5,689	631	814	2,121	305	20,106
<b>Expected/actual primary source of payment<sup>1</sup></b>															
Self-pay	56,349	20,179	11,193	8,077	3,644	602	562	6,018	4,557	259	68	53	52	14	1,071
Medicaid	225,479	34,554	28,674	74,668	24,675	6,054	2,508	27,912	13,536	1,559	181	288	752	106	10,012
Medicare	7,578	1,625	954	2,681	629	258	100	531	289	54	12	9	25	3	408
Other government payments	186,002	36,819	24,546	44,012	11,960	5,704	3,805	28,311	22,790	1,601	136	315	996	125	4,882
No charge	23,264	2,947	3,340	4,091	1,796	913	446	4,239	4,574	182	31	33	135	9	528
Blue Cross/Blue Shield	9,604	3,200	1,773	823	757	62	74	1,985	699	72	20	11	1	4	123
Other health insurance	23,434	7,106	3,718	4,382	2,145	254	279	3,205	1,214	225	39	37	10	15	805
Workers' Compensation	64	9	13	7	10	2	--	10	11	1	--	1	--	--	--
Other	49,844	13,328	7,757	7,479	3,755	928	641	6,633	6,653	302	54	53	61	26	2,174
No. of admissions	581,618	119,767	81,968	146,220	49,371	14,777	8,415	78,844	54,323	4,255	541	800	2,032	302	20,003

-- Quantity is zero.

<sup>1</sup> This information is collected at admission and may not correspond to the actual source of payment.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. The data items in this table are Supplemental Data items, which are reported at each state's option.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 2.13b. Type of health insurance and expected/actual primary source of payment among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse:  
Percent distribution, 2015**

Type of health insurance and expected/actual primary source of payment	All admissions	Primary substance at admission													
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Methamphetamine/amphetamines	Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route								
<b>Total</b>	1,537,025	294,303	226,786	401,743	124,943	47,384	27,326	213,001	136,028	14,217	2,801	1,917	4,626	695	41,255
<b>Type of health insurance</b>															
None	39.8	46.5	48.7	26.6	33.3	40.4	45.9	42.1	57.6	34.7	41.2	42.4	32.0	43.0	33.9
Medicaid	40.8	24.1	28.6	59.4	50.2	45.8	37.2	39.4	25.6	43.8	33.3	41.9	57.5	38.4	56.0
Private insurance	6.5	12.0	8.6	3.6	5.0	2.4	5.1	6.3	4.6	6.1	6.8	6.3	0.9	5.9	2.8
Blue Cross/Blue Shield	2.1	2.9	2.5	0.8	2.0	1.2	1.2	3.6	2.1	2.5	5.2	1.6	0.7	2.0	0.8
HMO	2.5	4.8	3.1	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.9	1.6	0.9	1.0	0.7
Medicare	2.0	2.3	1.9	2.4	1.9	3.0	2.1	1.0	1.2	2.4	4.1	0.7	2.1	2.6	2.5
Other	6.3	7.3	6.8	5.7	5.9	5.4	6.7	6.0	7.5	8.7	7.4	5.5	5.9	7.2	3.3
<b>Total</b>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	662,643	137,231	89,326	184,851	56,678	16,312	9,452	81,729	57,398	5,689	631	814	2,121	305	20,106
<b>Expected/actual primary source of payment<sup>1</sup></b>															
Self-pay	9.7	16.8	13.7	5.5	7.4	4.1	6.7	7.6	8.4	6.1	12.6	6.6	2.6	4.6	5.4
Medicaid	38.8	28.9	35.0	51.1	50.0	41.0	29.8	35.4	24.9	36.6	33.5	36.0	37.0	35.1	50.1
Medicare	1.3	1.4	1.2	1.8	1.3	1.7	1.2	0.7	0.5	1.3	2.2	1.1	1.2	1.0	2.0
Other government payments	32.0	30.7	29.9	30.1	24.2	38.6	45.2	35.9	42.0	37.6	25.1	39.4	49.0	41.4	24.4
No charge	4.0	2.5	4.1	2.8	3.6	6.2	5.3	5.4	8.4	4.3	5.7	4.1	6.6	3.0	2.6
Blue Cross/Blue Shield	1.7	2.7	2.2	0.6	1.5	0.4	0.9	2.5	1.3	1.7	3.7	1.4	*	1.3	0.6
Other health insurance	4.0	5.9	4.5	3.0	4.3	1.7	3.3	4.1	2.2	5.3	7.2	4.6	0.5	5.0	4.0
Workers' Compensation	*	*	*	*	*	*	--	*	*	*	--	0.1	--	--	--
Other	8.6	11.1	9.5	5.1	7.6	6.3	7.6	8.4	12.2	7.1	10.0	6.6	3.0	8.6	10.9
<b>Total</b>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	581,618	119,767	81,968	146,220	49,371	14,777	8,415	78,844	54,323	4,255	541	800	2,032	302	20,003

-- Quantity is zero; \* Less than 0.05 percent.

<sup>1</sup> This information is collected at admission and may not correspond to the actual source of payment.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. The data items in this table are Supplemental Data items, which are reported at each state's option. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 2.14a. Arrests in 30 days prior to admission and days waiting to enter treatment among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse: Number, 2015**

Arrests in 30 days prior to admission and days waiting to enter treatment	All admissions	Primary substance at admission													
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Methamphetamine/amphetamines	Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route								
<b>Total</b>	1,537,025	294,303	226,786	401,743	124,943	47,384	27,326	213,001	136,028	14,217	2,801	1,917	4,626	695	41,255
<b>Arrests in 30 days prior to admission</b>															
None	1,302,836	253,242	184,981	336,409	109,733	41,693	24,108	191,581	118,889	11,027	2,162	1,712	4,125	579	22,595
1 or more	113,925	21,032	17,563	25,045	7,014	2,885	1,801	18,563	16,410	1,033	169	170	379	102	1,759
No. of admissions	1,416,761	274,274	202,544	361,454	116,747	44,578	25,909	210,144	135,299	12,060	2,331	1,882	4,504	681	24,354
<b>Days waiting to enter treatment</b>															
None	607,214	121,724	78,804	151,346	50,887	16,450	8,423	79,982	75,185	4,550	779	705	1,797	275	16,307
1-7 days	174,232	32,163	20,850	56,528	13,973	4,514	2,490	21,523	17,112	1,437	207	177	450	68	2,740
8-14 days	44,651	8,416	6,281	10,780	3,607	1,152	677	7,087	5,404	349	67	52	92	27	660
15-30 days	34,457	6,092	4,846	7,792	2,494	886	518	5,801	5,037	237	38	50	77	15	574
More than 30 days	25,960	4,335	3,865	5,689	2,245	620	394	4,346	3,830	116	35	39	31	14	401
No. of admissions	886,514	172,730	114,646	232,135	73,206	23,622	12,502	118,739	106,568	6,689	1,126	1,023	2,447	399	20,682

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. The data items in this table are Supplemental Data Set items, which are reported at each state's option.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 2.14b. Arrests in 30 days prior to admission and days waiting to enter treatment among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse: Percent distribution, 2015**

Arrests in 30 days prior to admission and days waiting to enter treatment	All admissions	Primary substance at admission													
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Methamphetamine/amphetamines	Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route								
<b>Total</b>	1,537,025	294,303	226,786	401,743	124,943	47,384	27,326	213,001	136,028	14,217	2,801	1,917	4,626	695	41,255
<b>Arrests in 30 days prior to admission</b>															
None	92.0	92.3	91.3	93.1	94.0	93.5	93.0	91.2	87.9	91.4	92.7	91.0	91.6	85.0	92.8
1 or more	8.0	7.7	8.7	6.9	6.0	6.5	7.0	8.8	12.1	8.6	7.3	9.0	8.4	15.0	7.2
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,416,761	274,274	202,544	361,454	116,747	44,578	25,909	210,144	135,299	12,060	2,331	1,882	4,504	681	24,354
<b>Days waiting to enter treatment</b>															
None	68.5	70.5	68.7	65.2	69.5	69.6	67.4	67.4	70.6	68.0	69.2	68.9	73.4	68.9	78.8
1-7 days	19.7	18.6	18.2	24.4	19.1	19.1	19.9	18.1	16.1	21.5	18.4	17.3	18.4	17.0	13.2
8-14 days	5.0	4.9	5.5	4.6	4.9	4.9	5.4	6.0	5.1	5.2	6.0	5.1	3.8	6.8	3.2
15-30 days	3.9	3.5	4.2	3.4	3.4	3.8	4.1	4.9	4.7	3.5	3.4	4.9	3.1	3.8	2.8
More than 30 days	2.9	2.5	3.4	2.5	3.1	2.6	3.2	3.7	3.6	1.7	3.1	3.8	1.3	3.5	1.9
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	886,514	172,730	114,646	232,135	73,206	23,622	12,502	118,739	106,568	6,689	1,126	1,023	2,447	399	20,682

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. The data items in this table are Supplemental Data Set items, which are reported at each state's option. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 2.15a. Frequency of attendance at self-help programs among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse:  
Number, 2015**

Frequency of attendance at self-help programs	All admissions	Primary substance at admission													
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Methamphetamine/amphetamines	Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route								
<b>Total</b>	1,537,025	294,303	226,786	401,743	124,943	47,384	27,326	213,001	136,028	14,217	2,801	1,917	4,626	695	41,255
None in the past month	896,218	185,514	130,606	216,146	76,204	25,825	16,759	151,799	62,224	7,769	1,538	1,245	2,645	421	17,523
1-3 times in the past month	78,633	14,495	11,931	22,676	7,370	2,380	1,296	7,470	8,141	823	152	123	224	51	1,501
4-7 times in the past month	52,938	10,745	8,279	15,484	4,329	1,842	874	4,628	5,185	468	57	58	157	28	804
8-15 times in the past month	49,143	9,520	7,936	14,992	3,913	1,784	1,027	3,698	4,782	457	46	80	195	37	676
16-30 times in the past month	44,967	8,246	7,512	14,398	4,075	1,785	872	3,077	3,625	440	60	79	104	30	664
Some attendance in the past month, but frequency unknown	74,124	12,324	12,551	21,781	7,545	4,171	2,133	5,350	1,963	858	107	73	183	35	5,050
No. of admissions	1,196,023	240,844	178,815	305,477	103,436	37,787	22,961	176,022	85,920	10,815	1,960	1,658	3,508	602	26,218

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. The data items in this table are Supplemental Data items, which are reported at each state's option.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 2.15b. Frequency of attendance at self-help programs among admissions aged 12 and older, by primary substance of abuse: Percent distribution, 2015**

Frequency of attendance at self-help programs	All admissions	Primary substance at admission													
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Methamphetamine/amphetamines	Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route								
<b>Total</b>	1,537,025	294,303	226,786	401,743	124,943	47,384	27,326	213,001	136,028	14,217	2,801	1,917	4,626	695	41,255
None in the past month	74.9	77.0	73.0	70.8	73.7	68.3	73.0	86.2	72.4	71.8	78.5	75.1	75.4	69.9	66.8
1-3 times in the past month	6.6	6.0	6.7	7.4	7.1	6.3	5.6	4.2	9.5	7.6	7.8	7.4	6.4	8.5	5.7
4-7 times in the past month	4.4	4.5	4.6	5.1	4.2	4.9	3.8	2.6	6.0	4.3	2.9	3.5	4.5	4.7	3.1
8-15 times in the past month	4.1	4.0	4.4	4.9	3.8	4.7	4.5	2.1	5.6	4.2	2.3	4.8	5.6	6.1	2.6
16-30 times in the past month	3.8	3.4	4.2	4.7	3.9	4.7	3.8	1.7	4.2	4.1	3.1	4.8	3.0	5.0	2.5
Some attendance in the past month, but frequency unknown	6.2	5.1	7.0	7.1	7.3	11.0	9.3	3.0	2.3	7.9	5.5	4.4	5.2	5.8	19.3
<b>Total</b>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,196,023	240,844	178,815	305,477	103,436	37,787	22,961	176,022	85,920	10,815	1,960	1,658	3,508	602	26,218

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. The data items in this table are Supplemental Data items, which are reported at each state's option. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 2.16. Admissions aged 12 and older, by primary, secondary, and tertiary detailed drug: Number and percent distribution, 2015**

Detailed drug	Total <sup>1</sup>	Primary	Secondary	Tertiary	Total <sup>1</sup>	Primary	Secondary	Tertiary
	Number				Percent distribution			
<b>Admissions reporting detailed drug(s)</b>	1,287,114	725,141	393,761	168,212	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
<b>Alcohol</b>	374,917	269,019	75,152	30,746	29.1	37.1	19.1	18.3
<b>Marijuana/hashish</b>	238,136	93,777	99,577	44,782	18.5	12.9	25.3	26.6
<b>Cocaine</b>	154,498	38,871	84,720	30,907	12.0	5.4	21.5	18.4
Crack	65,108	20,728	34,330	10,050	5.1	2.9	8.7	6.0
Other cocaine	89,390	18,143	50,390	20,857	6.9	2.5	12.8	12.4
<b>Opiates</b>	352,375	268,097	62,023	22,255	27.4	37.0	15.8	13.2
Heroin	235,691	203,264	24,944	7,483	18.3	28.0	6.3	4.4
Other opiates or synthetics	65,954	36,421	21,100	8,433	5.1	5.0	5.4	5.0
Oxycodone (Oxycontin, Percocet)	33,417	19,921	10,214	3,282	2.6	2.7	2.6	2.0
Hydrocodone (Vicodin)	5,209	2,835	1,609	765	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5
Non-prescription methadone	4,625	1,767	1,736	1,122	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.7
Hydromorphone (Dilaudid)	3,181	2,052	851	278	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2
Buprenorphine	2,537	914	1,022	601	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.4
Codeine	1,370	760	422	188	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Tramadol (Ultram)	205	90	66	49	*	*	*	*
Meperidine (Demerol)	105	25	37	43	*	*	*	*
Propoxyphene (Darvon)	40	20	13	7	*	*	*	*
Pentazocine (Talwin)	41	28	9	4	*	*	*	*
<b>Stimulants</b>	66,294	36,006	19,929	10,359	5.2	5.0	5.1	6.2
Methamphetamine/speed	55,211	32,756	15,727	6,728	4.3	4.5	4.0	4.0
Amphetamines	4,329	1,668	1,438	1,223	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.7
MDMA (Ecstasy)	3,197	535	1,249	1,413	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.8
Other stimulants	1,728	442	814	472	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3
Other amphetamines	1,708	573	652	483	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3
Methylphenidate (Ritalin)	121	32	49	40	*	*	*	*
<b>Tranquilizers</b>	54,295	7,890	29,617	16,788	4.2	1.1	7.5	10.0
Alprazolam (Xanax)	30,485	4,541	16,933	9,011	2.4	0.6	4.3	5.4
Other benzodiazepines	18,382	2,598	9,715	6,069	1.4	0.4	2.5	3.6
Diazepam (Valium)	3,345	394	1,879	1,072	0.3	0.1	0.5	0.6
Clonazepam (Klonopin, Rivotril)	1,301	175	717	409	0.1	*	0.2	0.2
Lorazepam (Ativan)	336	74	166	96	*	*	*	0.1
Other tranquilizers	299	65	134	100	*	*	*	0.1
Chlordiazepoxide (Librium)	62	16	31	15	*	*	*	*
Clorazepate (Tranxene)	30	9	16	5	*	*	*	*
Flunitrazepam (Rohypnol)	22	11	5	6	*	*	*	*
Meprobamate (Miltown)	22	7	13	2	*	*	*	*
Flurazepam (Dalmane)	7	--	5	2	*	--	*	*
Triazolam (Halcion)	4	--	3	1	*	--	*	*

Continued. See notes at end of table.

**Table 2.16. Admissions aged 12 and older, by primary, secondary, and tertiary detailed drug: Number and percent distribution, 2015 (continued)**

<i>Detailed drug</i>	<i>Number</i>				<i>Percent distribution</i>			
	<i>Total</i> <sup>1</sup>	<i>Primary</i>	<i>Secondary</i>	<i>Tertiary</i>	<i>Total</i> <sup>1</sup>	<i>Primary</i>	<i>Secondary</i>	<i>Tertiary</i>
<b>Sedatives/hypnotics</b>	3,765	1,432	1,410	923	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.5
Other sedatives	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Other non-barbiturate sedatives	2,361	510	1,122	729	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.4
Other barbiturate sedatives	1,308	889	251	168	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Phenobarbital	62	16	28	18	*	*	*	*
Methaqualone	12	6	4	2	*	*	*	*
Ethchlorvynol (Placidyl)	11	7	4	--	*	*	*	--
Secobarbital/amobarbital (Tuinal)	6	2	1	3	*	*	*	*
Secobarbital (Seconal)	3	1	--	2	*	*	--	*
Glutethimide (Doriden)	2	1	--	1	*	*	--	*
<b>Hallucinogens</b>	3,833	778	1,354	1,701	0.3	0.1	0.3	1.0
Other hallucinogens	3,013	662	1,044	1,307	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.8
LSD	820	116	310	394	0.1	*	0.1	0.2
<b>PCP/PCP combinations</b>	5,355	2,683	1,610	1,062	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.6
<b>Inhalants</b>	850	285	313	252	0.1	*	0.1	0.1
Other inhalants	572	174	220	178	*	*	0.1	0.1
Aerosols	212	87	74	51	*	*	*	*
Solvents	29	5	6	18	*	*	*	*
Anesthetics	26	16	9	1	*	*	*	*
Nitrites	11	3	4	4	*	*	*	*
<b>Other drugs</b>	32,796	6,303	18,056	8,437	2.5	0.9	4.6	5.0
Other drugs	30,837	5,674	17,264	7,899	2.4	0.8	4.4	4.7
Other over-the-counter	985	282	427	276	0.1	*	0.1	0.2
Ketamine	585	229	211	145	*	*	0.1	0.1
GHB/GBL	192	38	94	60	*	*	*	*
Diphenhydramine	177	73	54	50	*	*	*	*
Diphenylhydantoin/phenytoin (Dilantin)	20	7	6	7	*	*	*	*

-- Quantity is zero; \* Less than 0.05 percent.

<sup>1</sup> Admissions can report up to three substances of abuse, so in the total column an individual admission may be counted up to three times. Approximately 725,000 admissions aged 12 and older who supplied detailed drug information reported about 1.3 million substances (an average of 1.8 substances per admission).

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. The data items in this table are Supplemental Data Set items, which are reported at each state's option. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 3.1a. Admissions aged 12 to 17, by primary substance of abuse: Number, 2005-2015**

<i>Primary substance</i>	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
<b>Total admissions aged 12-17</b>	145,000	146,575	145,626	157,622	156,554	141,587	145,333	123,615	103,437	79,689	65,486
<b>Marijuana/hashish</b>	96,129	96,814	95,767	108,319	111,579	103,573	108,730	93,072	78,194	60,697	49,730
<b>Alcohol</b>	26,862	29,205	30,224	30,364	28,017	22,239	19,877	16,565	13,039	9,298	7,017
Alcohol only	10,034	11,393	12,059	11,849	11,061	8,121	7,503	6,282	4,806	3,147	2,497
Alcohol w/secondary drug	16,828	17,812	18,165	18,515	16,956	14,118	12,374	10,283	8,233	6,151	4,520
<b>Stimulants</b>	8,454	6,489	5,375	4,009	3,199	3,715	3,691	3,140	3,407	2,986	2,517
Methamphetamine	7,062	5,550	3,822	2,205	2,019	2,044	2,212	2,560	2,961	2,593	2,212
Other amphetamines	1,277	610	697	723	886	1,039	817	487	386	342	256
Other stimulants	115	329	856	1,081	294	632	662	93	60	51	49
<b>Cocaine</b>	3,814	4,281	3,354	2,652	1,491	1,212	1,179	923	649	525	462
Smoked cocaine	1,231	1,360	916	768	479	324	303	241	230	134	105
Non-smoked cocaine	2,583	2,921	2,438	1,884	1,012	888	876	682	419	391	357
<b>Opiates</b>	2,582	2,633	2,821	3,856	4,673	4,555	4,731	4,079	3,525	2,820	2,246
Heroin	1,337	1,225	1,143	1,353	1,598	1,471	1,617	1,695	1,853	1,653	1,378
Other opiates/synthetics	1,245	1,408	1,678	2,503	3,075	3,084	3,114	2,384	1,672	1,167	868
Non-RX methadone	61	52	59	80	69	62	46	34	27	27	17
Other opiates/synthetics	1,184	1,356	1,619	2,423	3,006	3,022	3,068	2,350	1,645	1,140	851
<b>Other drugs</b>	2,773	2,869	3,166	3,322	3,467	2,971	3,080	2,797	2,313	1,701	1,799
Tranquilizers	440	417	598	652	822	769	778	599	457	407	514
Benzodiazepine	375	372	522	584	744	707	725	544	428	381	491
Other tranquilizers	65	45	76	68	78	62	53	55	29	26	23
Inhalants	482	471	490	534	540	437	401	243	184	93	71
Hallucinogens	329	318	412	424	439	314	360	373	344	267	266
Sedatives/hypnotics	255	309	419	387	362	263	201	154	121	77	103
Barbiturates	26	40	52	62	61	50	28	18	14	9	16
Other sedatives/hypnotics	229	269	367	325	301	213	173	136	107	68	87
Over-the-counter	287	412	359	348	422	399	320	315	325	249	169
PCP	91	101	68	67	58	36	48	46	22	16	20
Other	889	841	820	910	824	753	972	1,067	860	592	656
<b>None reported</b>	4,386	4,284	4,919	5,100	4,128	3,322	4,045	3,039	2,310	1,662	1,715

NOTE: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 3.1b. Admissions aged 12 to 17, by primary substance of abuse: Percent distribution, 2005-2015**

<i>Primary substance</i>	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
<b>Total</b>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
<b>Marijuana/hashish</b>	66.3	66.1	65.8	68.7	71.3	73.2	74.8	75.3	75.6	76.2	75.9
<b>Alcohol</b>	18.5	19.9	20.8	19.3	17.9	15.7	13.7	13.4	12.6	11.7	10.7
Alcohol only	6.9	7.8	8.3	7.5	7.1	5.7	5.2	5.1	4.6	3.9	3.8
Alcohol w/secondary drug	11.6	12.2	12.5	11.7	10.8	10.0	8.5	8.3	8.0	7.7	6.9
<b>Stimulants</b>	5.8	4.4	3.7	2.5	2.0	2.6	2.5	2.5	3.3	3.7	3.8
Methamphetamine	4.9	3.8	2.6	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.5	2.1	2.9	3.3	3.4
Other amphetamines	0.9	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Other stimulants	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.7	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
<b>Cocaine</b>	2.6	2.9	2.3	1.7	1.0	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.7
Smoked cocaine	0.8	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Non-smoked cocaine	1.8	2.0	1.7	1.2	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.5
<b>Opiates</b>	1.8	1.8	1.9	2.4	3.0	3.2	3.3	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.4
Heroin	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.4	1.8	2.1	2.1
Other opiates/synthetics	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.6	2.0	2.2	2.1	1.9	1.6	1.5	1.3
Non-RX methadone	*	*	*	0.1	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Other opiates/synthetics	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.5	1.9	2.1	2.1	1.9	1.6	1.4	1.3
<b>Other drugs</b>	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.7
Tranquilizers	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.8
Benzodiazepine	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.7
Other tranquilizers	*	*	0.1	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Inhalants	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
Hallucinogens	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4
Sedatives/hypnotics	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2
Barbiturates	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Other sedatives/hypnotics	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
Over-the-counter	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
PCP	0.1	0.1	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Other	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.9	0.8	0.7	1.0
<b>None reported</b>	3.0	2.9	3.4	3.2	2.6	2.3	2.8	2.5	2.2	2.1	2.6

\* Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 3.2a. Gender and race/ethnicity among admissions aged 12 to 17, by primary substance of abuse: Number, 2015**

Gender and race/ethnicity	All admissions aged 12-17	Primary substance at admission													
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Methamphetamine/amphetamines							Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route	Marijuana/hashish	Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants		
<b>Total admissions aged 12-17</b>	65,486	2,497	4,520	1,378	868	105	357	49,730	2,468	514	103	266	20	71	2,589
<b>Gender</b>															
Male	45,277	1,293	2,509	568	512	68	186	36,861	1,092	300	60	187	12	46	1,583
Female	20,196	1,202	2,011	810	355	36	171	12,862	1,375	214	43	78	8	25	1,006
No. of admissions	65,473	2,495	4,520	1,378	867	104	357	49,723	2,467	514	103	265	20	71	2,589
<b>Race/ethnicity</b>															
White (non-Hispanic)	27,642	1,056	2,216	1,041	647	48	196	19,396	1,285	325	63	193	7	39	1,130
Black (non-Hispanic)	11,095	196	269	30	60	19	19	9,817	67	36	8	18	5	2	549
Hispanic origin	17,403	768	1,132	192	80	24	103	13,861	721	103	20	32	4	14	349
Mexican	9,128	511	678	72	27	12	43	7,111	522	23	14	13	--	8	94
Puerto Rican	1,203	23	54	30	14	--	10	995	4	10	--	2	3	--	58
Cuban	164	6	6	2	4	--	--	134	4	2	--	1	--	--	5
Other/not specified	6,908	228	394	88	35	12	50	5,621	191	68	6	16	1	6.0	192
Other	8,151	436	827	88	65	13	33	5,912	354	45	9	21	3	12	333
American Indian/Alaska Native	1,908	84	327	26	28	1	6	1,259	118	2	1	6	--	8	42
Asian/Pacific Islander	2,092	213	213	13	8	4	11	1,392	61	13	2	1	--	--	161
Other	4,151	139	287	49	29	8	16	3,261	175	30	6	14	3	4	130
No. of admissions	64,291	2,456	4,444	1,351	852	104	351	48,986	2,427	509	100	264	19	67	2,361

-- Quantity is zero

NOTE: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 3.2b. Gender and race/ethnicity among admissions aged 12 to 17, by primary substance of abuse: Percent distribution, 2015**

Gender and race/ethnicity	All admissions aged 12-17	Primary substance at admission														
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Methamphetamine/ amphetamines							Other/ none specified	
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route	Marijuana/ hashish	Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants			
<b>Total admissions aged 12-17</b>	65,486	2,497	4,520	1,378	868	105	357	49,730	2,468	514	103	266	20	71	2,589	
<b>Gender</b>																
Male	69.2	51.8	55.5	41.2	59.1	65.4	52.1	74.1	44.3	58.4	58.3	70.6	60.0	64.8	61.1	
Female	30.8	48.2	44.5	58.8	40.9	34.6	47.9	25.9	55.7	41.6	41.7	29.4	40.0	35.2	38.9	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
No. of admissions	65,473	2,495	4,520	1,378	867	104	357	49,723	2,467	514	103	265	20	71	2,589	
<b>Race/ethnicity</b>																
White (non-Hispanic)	43.0	43.0	49.9	77.1	75.9	46.2	55.8	39.6	52.9	63.9	63.0	73.1	36.8	58.2	47.9	
Black (non-Hispanic)	17.3	8.0	6.1	2.2	7.0	18.3	5.4	20.0	2.8	7.1	8.0	6.8	26.3	3.0	23.3	
Hispanic origin	27.1	31.3	25.5	14.2	9.4	23.1	29.3	28.3	29.7	20.2	20.0	12.1	21.1	20.9	14.8	
Mexican	14.2	20.8	15.3	5.3	3.2	11.5	12.3	14.5	21.5	4.5	14.0	4.9	--	11.9	4.0	
Puerto Rican	1.9	0.9	1.2	2.2	1.6	--	2.8	2.0	0.2	2.0	--	0.8	15.8	--	2.5	
Cuban	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.5	--	--	0.3	0.2	0.4	--	0.4	--	--	0.2	
Other/not specified	10.7	9.3	8.9	6.5	4.1	11.5	14.2	11.5	7.9	13.4	6.0	6.1	5.3	9.0	8.1	
Other	12.7	17.8	18.6	6.5	7.6	12.5	9.4	12.1	14.6	8.8	9.0	8.0	15.8	17.9	14.1	
American Indian/Alaska Native	3.0	3.4	7.4	1.9	3.3	1.0	1.7	2.6	4.9	0.4	1.0	2.3	--	11.9	1.8	
Asian/Pacific Islander	3.3	8.7	4.8	1.0	0.9	3.8	3.1	2.8	2.5	2.6	2.0	0.4	--	--	6.8	
Other	6.5	5.7	6.5	3.6	3.4	7.7	4.6	6.7	7.2	5.9	6.0	5.3	15.8	6.0	5.5	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
No. of admissions	64,291	2,456	4,444	1,351	852	104	351	48,986	2,427	509	100	264	19	67	2,361	

-- Quantity is zero.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 3.3a. Age at admission and treatment referral source among admissions aged 12 to 17, by primary substance of abuse:  
Number, 2015**

Age at admission and treatment referral source	All admissions aged 12-17	Primary substance at admission													
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Meth-amphetamine/amphetamines							Other/none specified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route	Marijuana/hashish	Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants		
<b>Total admissions aged 12-17</b>	65,486	2,497	4,520	1,378	868	105	357	49,730	2,468	514	103	266	20	71	2,589
<b>Age at admission</b>															
12 years	745	105	39	--	2	--	--	491	1	1	--	--	--	1	105
13 years	2,840	189	165	7	22	2	6	2,189	34	7	3	4	--	10	202
14 years	7,003	279	421	23	44	5	15	5,616	145	30	6	28	3	13	375
15 years	13,651	380	857	121	135	11	49	10,989	385	81	22	49	2	12	558
16 years	19,758	645	1,364	310	238	42	116	15,314	801	150	37	80	4	18	639
17 years	21,489	899	1,674	917	427	45	171	15,131	1,102	245	35	105	11	17	710
No. of admissions	65,486	2,497	4,520	1,378	868	105	357	49,730	2,468	514	103	266	20	71	2,589
<b>Treatment referral source</b>															
Court/criminal justice system	27,874	799	1,805	329	257	39	138	22,355	1,102	158	30	99	4	30	729
Self or individual	12,921	653	972	513	251	22	77	9,133	490	140	23	59	8	14	566
School (educational)	8,281	665	516	28	33	8	11	6,313	98	26	24	13	1	5	540
Substance abuse care provider	3,884	76	345	207	120	14	44	2,670	195	66	9	30	1	4	103
Other health care provider	3,587	77	346	119	106	7	31	2,437	140	77	6	31	1	7	202
Employer/EAP	23	1	2	--	--	--	1	15	1	2	--	--	--	--	1
Other community referral	8,118	206	490	160	93	14	52	6,278	422	43	9	32	5	11	303
No. of admissions	64,688	2,477	4,476	1,356	860	104	354	49,201	2,448	512	101	264	20	71	2,444

-- Quantity is zero

NOTE: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 110010160

**Table 3.3b. Age at admission and treatment referral source among admissions aged 12 to 17, by primary substance of abuse:  
Percent distribution, 2015**

Age at admission and treatment referral source	All admissions aged 12-17	Primary substance at admission													
		Alcohol		Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Methamphetamine/amphetamines	Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/nonespecified
		Alcohol only	With secondary drug	Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route								
<b>Total admissions aged 12-17</b>	65,486	2,497	4,520	1,378	868	105	357	49,730	2,468	514	103	266	20	71	2,589
<b>Age at admission</b>															
12 years	1.1	4.2	0.9	--	0.2	--	--	1.0	*	0.2	--	--	--	1.4	4.1
13 years	4.3	7.6	3.7	0.5	2.5	1.9	1.7	4.4	1.4	1.4	2.9	1.5	--	14.1	7.8
14 years	10.7	11.2	9.3	1.7	5.1	4.8	4.2	11.3	5.9	5.8	5.8	10.5	15.0	18.3	14.5
15 years	20.8	15.2	19.0	8.8	15.6	10.5	13.7	22.1	15.6	15.8	21.4	18.4	10.0	16.9	21.6
16 years	30.2	25.8	30.2	22.5	27.4	40.0	32.5	30.8	32.5	29.2	35.9	30.1	20.0	25.4	24.7
17 years	32.8	36.0	37.0	66.5	49.2	42.9	47.9	30.4	44.7	47.7	34.0	39.5	55.0	23.9	27.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	65,486	2,497	4,520	1,378	868	105	357	49,730	2,468	514	103	266	20	71	2,589
<b>Treatment referral source</b>															
Court/criminal justice system	43.1	32.3	40.3	24.3	29.9	37.5	39.0	45.4	45.0	30.9	29.7	37.5	20.0	42.3	29.8
Self or individual	20.0	26.4	21.7	37.8	29.2	21.2	21.8	18.6	20.0	27.3	22.8	22.3	40.0	19.7	23.2
School (educational)	12.8	26.8	11.5	2.1	3.8	7.7	3.1	12.8	4.0	5.1	23.8	4.9	5.0	7.0	22.1
Substance abuse care provider	6.0	3.1	7.7	15.3	14.0	13.5	12.4	5.4	8.0	12.9	8.9	11.4	5.0	5.6	4.2
Other health care provider	5.5	3.1	7.7	8.8	12.3	6.7	8.8	5.0	5.7	15.0	5.9	11.7	5.0	9.9	8.3
Employer/EAP	*	*	*	--	--	--	0.3	*	*	0.4	--	--	--	--	*
Other community referral	12.5	8.3	10.9	11.8	10.8	13.5	14.7	12.8	17.2	8.4	8.9	12.1	25.0	15.5	12.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	64,688	2,477	4,476	1,356	860	104	354	49,201	2,448	512	101	264	20	71	2,444

-- Quantity is zero; \* Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 3.4a. Admissions aged 12 to 17, by marijuana involvement and treatment referral source: Number, 2005-2015**

<i>Marijuana involvement<sup>1</sup> and treatment referral source</i>	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
<b>Total admissions aged 12-17</b>	145,000	146,575	145,626	157,622	156,554	141,587	145,333	123,615	103,437	79,689	65,486
<b>Marijuana-involved<sup>1</sup> admissions</b>	118,811	120,064	118,305	129,696	131,897	121,125	124,283	107,132	90,182	70,029	57,282
Criminal justice referral	63,312	63,643	60,496	67,168	66,989	58,129	56,621	49,408	41,780	31,920	25,521
Both alcohol and marijuana	32,634	33,431	31,831	34,021	33,038	27,571	24,858	21,139	17,372	12,958	9,627
Primary marijuana, no alcohol	26,200	26,435	25,619	30,598	31,624	28,191	29,403	25,846	22,249	17,164	14,392
Marijuana not primary, no alcohol	4,478	3,777	3,046	2,549	2,327	2,367	2,360	2,423	2,159	1,798	1,502
Other referral source	55,499	56,421	57,809	62,528	64,908	62,996	67,662	57,724	48,402	38,109	31,761
Both alcohol and marijuana	29,203	30,131	31,189	32,670	32,700	30,455	29,932	25,402	20,552	15,872	12,501
Primary marijuana, no alcohol	20,675	21,201	22,258	25,768	27,981	28,353	33,581	28,408	24,342	19,328	16,762
Marijuana not primary, no alcohol	5,621	5,089	4,362	4,090	4,227	4,188	4,149	3,914	3,508	2,909	2,498
<b>All other admissions</b>	21,830	23,479	24,960	24,712	22,076	17,866	18,069	14,214	11,596	8,326	7,406
Criminal justice referral	9,354	9,691	10,052	9,025	8,577	6,454	5,817	4,996	3,805	2,717	2,353
Primary alcohol, no marijuana	5,014	5,616	5,972	5,335	5,120	3,727	3,109	2,568	1,916	1,235	940
Other drugs and drug combinations <sup>2</sup>	2,729	2,462	2,170	1,920	2,018	1,640	1,722	1,470	1,379	1,111	1,024
No substance reported	1,611	1,613	1,910	1,770	1,439	1,087	986	958	510	371	389
Other referral source	12,476	13,788	14,908	15,687	13,499	11,412	12,252	9,218	7,791	5,609	5,053
Primary alcohol, no marijuana	5,923	6,968	7,332	7,715	7,034	5,329	5,277	4,434	3,458	2,373	1,932
Other drugs and drug combinations <sup>2</sup>	4,424	4,600	4,867	4,982	4,023	4,035	4,191	2,943	2,668	2,076	1,936
No substance reported	2,129	2,220	2,709	2,990	2,442	2,048	2,784	1,841	1,665	1,160	1,185
No. of admissions	140,641	143,543	143,265	154,408	153,973	138,991	142,352	121,346	101,778	78,355	64,688

<sup>1</sup> Admissions reporting marijuana as a primary, secondary, or tertiary substance were considered to be marijuana-involved.

<sup>2</sup> Drug combinations includes combinations of alcohol and drugs.

NOTE: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 3.4b. Admissions aged 12 to 17, by marijuana involvement and treatment referral source: Percent distribution, 2005-2015**

<i>Marijuana involvement<sup>1</sup> and treatment referral source</i>	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
<b>Total admissions aged 12-17</b>	145,000	146,575	145,626	157,622	156,554	141,587	145,333	123,615	103,437	79,689	65,486
<b>Marijuana-involved<sup>1</sup> admissions</b>	84.5	83.6	82.6	84.0	85.7	87.1	87.3	88.3	88.6	89.4	88.6
Criminal justice referral	45.0	44.3	42.2	43.5	43.5	41.8	39.8	40.7	41.1	40.7	39.5
Both alcohol and marijuana	23.2	23.3	22.2	22.0	21.5	19.8	17.5	17.4	17.1	16.5	14.9
Primary marijuana, no alcohol	18.6	18.4	17.9	19.8	20.5	20.3	20.7	21.3	21.9	21.9	22.2
Marijuana not primary, no alcohol	3.2	2.6	2.1	1.7	1.5	1.7	1.7	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.3
Other referral source	39.5	39.3	40.4	40.5	42.2	45.3	47.5	47.6	47.6	48.6	49.1
Both alcohol and marijuana	20.8	21.0	21.8	21.2	21.2	21.9	21.0	20.9	20.2	20.3	19.3
Primary marijuana, no alcohol	14.7	14.8	15.5	16.7	18.2	20.4	23.6	23.4	23.9	24.7	25.9
Marijuana not primary, no alcohol	4.0	3.5	3.0	2.6	2.7	3.0	2.9	3.2	3.4	3.7	3.9
<b>All other admissions</b>	15.5	16.4	17.4	16.0	14.3	12.9	12.7	11.7	11.4	10.6	11.4
Criminal justice referral	6.7	6.8	7.0	5.8	5.6	4.6	4.1	4.1	3.7	3.5	3.6
Primary alcohol, no marijuana	3.6	3.9	4.2	3.5	3.3	2.7	2.2	2.1	1.9	1.6	1.5
Other drugs and drug combinations <sup>2</sup>	1.9	1.7	1.5	1.2	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.6
No substance reported	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.5	0.5	0.6
Other referral source	8.9	9.6	10.4	10.2	8.8	8.2	8.6	7.6	7.7	7.2	7.8
Primary alcohol, no marijuana	4.2	4.9	5.1	5.0	4.6	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.4	3.0	3.0
Other drugs and drug combinations <sup>2</sup>	3.1	3.2	3.4	3.2	2.6	2.9	2.9	2.4	2.6	2.6	3.0
No substance reported	1.5	1.5	1.9	1.9	1.6	1.5	2.0	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.8
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	140,641	143,543	143,265	154,408	153,973	138,991	142,352	121,346	101,778	78,355	64,688

<sup>1</sup> Admissions reporting marijuana as a primary, secondary, or tertiary substance were considered to be marijuana involved.

<sup>2</sup> Drug combinations includes combinations of alcohol and drugs.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 3.5a. Heroin admissions aged 12 and older, by age group and race/ethnicity: Number, 2005-2015**

<i>Age group and race/ethnicity</i>	<i>2005</i>	<i>2006</i>	<i>2007</i>	<i>2008</i>	<i>2009</i>	<i>2010</i>	<i>2011</i>	<i>2012</i>	<i>2013</i>	<i>2014</i>	<i>2015</i>
<b>Total heroin admissions</b>	260,902	268,556	263,254	283,635	289,935	270,564	286,304	304,794	344,387	366,853	401,743
<b>12 to 19 years</b>	7,787	7,654	7,097	8,629	9,870	9,264	9,427	10,069	10,626	9,169	7,461
White (non-Hispanic)	6,653	6,612	6,188	7,565	8,702	8,026	7,898	8,583	8,933	7,551	6,079
Black (non-Hispanic)	168	165	130	112	125	151	200	165	182	178	159
Puerto Rican origin	244	154	133	149	120	87	118	144	156	135	145
Other	722	723	646	803	923	1,000	1,211	1,177	1,355	1,305	1,078
<b>20 to 34 years</b>	107,674	113,093	113,040	127,217	136,846	137,509	151,632	169,264	200,215	216,660	225,299
White (non-Hispanic)	72,621	80,522	83,592	97,895	108,171	111,105	123,766	140,216	166,787	179,180	183,549
Black (non-Hispanic)	9,128	7,730	6,372	5,947	5,946	5,109	5,178	5,459	5,913	6,681	8,043
Puerto Rican origin	12,897	11,143	10,478	10,229	9,175	7,443	7,650	7,541	7,734	7,780	7,791
Other	13,028	13,698	12,598	13,146	13,554	13,852	15,038	16,048	19,781	23,019	25,916
<b>35 to 44 years</b>	80,654	78,555	74,046	73,151	68,427	58,567	58,261	57,749	62,528	66,815	76,618
White (non-Hispanic)	29,298	29,320	27,765	28,801	27,842	25,426	26,923	29,410	35,356	40,443	48,171
Black (non-Hispanic)	25,212	23,823	22,505	21,881	19,823	15,464	13,865	11,344	9,759	8,735	10,456
Puerto Rican origin	14,775	13,846	12,981	12,769	11,952	9,897	10,030	9,684	9,494	9,042	9,020
Other	11,369	11,566	10,795	9,700	8,810	7,780	7,443	7,311	7,919	8,595	8,971
<b>45 years and older</b>	63,095	68,187	67,574	71,713	69,113	63,881	65,699	66,273	68,925	71,952	88,262
White (non-Hispanic)	21,166	22,296	21,414	23,187	21,785	19,682	19,839	21,329	23,140	25,103	30,447
Black (non-Hispanic)	25,638	28,377	28,720	30,261	29,814	27,615	28,767	26,966	26,555	25,945	37,219
Puerto Rican origin	7,194	7,431	7,513	8,306	8,431	7,932	8,695	9,455	10,054	10,327	10,221
Other	9,097	10,083	9,927	9,959	9,083	8,652	8,398	8,523	9,176	10,577	10,375
No. of admissions	259,210	267,489	261,757	280,710	284,256	269,221	285,019	303,355	342,294	364,596	397,640

NOTE: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 3.5b. Heroin admissions aged 12 and older, by age group and race/ethnicity: Percent distribution, 2005-2015**

<i>Age group and race/ethnicity</i>	<i>2005</i>	<i>2006</i>	<i>2007</i>	<i>2008</i>	<i>2009</i>	<i>2010</i>	<i>2011</i>	<i>2012</i>	<i>2013</i>	<i>2014</i>	<i>2015</i>
<b>Total heroin admissions</b>	260,902	268,556	263,254	283,635	289,935	270,564	286,304	304,794	344,387	366,853	401,743
<b>12 to 19 years</b>	3.0	2.9	2.7	3.1	3.5	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.1	2.5	1.9
White (non-Hispanic)	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.7	3.1	3.0	2.8	2.8	2.6	2.1	1.5
Black (non-Hispanic)	0.1	0.1	*	*	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	*
Puerto Rican origin	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Other	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3
<b>20 to 34 years</b>	41.5	42.3	43.2	45.3	48.1	51.1	53.2	55.8	58.5	59.4	56.7
White (non-Hispanic)	28.0	30.1	31.9	34.9	38.1	41.3	43.4	46.2	48.7	49.1	46.2
Black (non-Hispanic)	3.5	2.9	2.4	2.1	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.8	2.0
Puerto Rican origin	5.0	4.2	4.0	3.6	3.2	2.8	2.7	2.5	2.3	2.1	2.0
Other	5.0	5.1	4.8	4.7	4.8	5.1	5.3	5.3	5.8	6.3	6.5
<b>35 to 44 years</b>	31.1	29.4	28.3	26.1	24.1	21.8	20.4	19.0	18.3	18.3	19.3
White (non-Hispanic)	11.3	11.0	10.6	10.3	9.8	9.4	9.4	9.7	10.3	11.1	12.1
Black (non-Hispanic)	9.7	8.9	8.6	7.8	7.0	5.7	4.9	3.7	2.9	2.4	2.6
Puerto Rican origin	5.7	5.2	5.0	4.5	4.2	3.7	3.5	3.2	2.8	2.5	2.3
Other	4.4	4.3	4.1	3.5	3.1	2.9	2.6	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.3
<b>45 years and older</b>	24.3	25.5	25.8	25.5	24.3	23.7	23.1	21.8	20.1	19.7	22.2
White (non-Hispanic)	8.2	8.3	8.2	8.3	7.7	7.3	7.0	7.0	6.8	6.9	7.7
Black (non-Hispanic)	9.9	10.6	11.0	10.8	10.5	10.3	10.1	8.9	7.8	7.1	9.4
Puerto Rican origin	2.8	2.8	2.9	3.0	3.0	2.9	3.1	3.1	2.9	2.8	2.6
Other	3.5	3.8	3.8	3.5	3.2	3.2	2.9	2.8	2.7	2.9	2.6
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	259,210	267,489	261,757	280,710	284,256	269,221	285,019	303,355	342,294	364,596	397,640

\* Less than 0.05 percent.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 3.6a. Heroin admissions aged 12 and older, by usual route of administration, age group, and characteristics of treatment episode: Number, 2005-2015**

<i>Usual route of administration, age group, and characteristics of treatment episode</i>	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
<b>Total heroin admissions</b>	260,902	268,556	263,254	283,635	289,935	270,564	286,304	304,794	344,387	366,853	401,743
<b>Injection</b>	162,359	169,506	168,005	182,787	193,069	187,139	199,843	216,297	246,979	262,486	274,309
<i>Age group</i>											
12 to 19 years	5,228	5,153	4,884	6,042	7,192	6,828	6,597	6,978	7,370	6,272	5,031
20 to 34 years	75,207	82,026	84,440	96,669	108,298	109,488	121,112	134,981	158,941	169,609	171,459
35 to 44 years	43,457	42,348	40,159	39,898	39,293	35,252	36,650	37,909	42,936	46,809	52,555
45 years and older	38,467	39,979	38,522	40,178	38,286	35,571	35,484	36,429	37,732	39,796	45,264
<i>Treatment episode</i>											
No prior treatment episode	30,889	30,083	30,975	33,803	36,908	30,879	33,435	36,614	44,019	47,176	47,883
One or more prior treatment episodes	102,324	105,443	120,797	131,924	137,507	138,053	148,055	159,122	179,185	186,411	197,844
Average years of use before first treatment episode <sup>1</sup>	12.9	13.6	13.4	12.6	11.6	10.8	9.9	9.5	9.1	9.5	10.1
<b>Inhalation</b>	85,675	86,554	83,006	87,068	83,179	69,339	70,109	69,867	75,900	78,404	99,901
<i>Age group</i>											
12 to 19 years	1,988	1,869	1,615	1,832	1,831	1,348	1,339	1,530	1,851	1,605	1,444
20 to 34 years	27,491	25,722	23,418	25,090	24,596	20,477	21,141	23,365	28,198	30,762	37,470
35 to 44 years	34,175	33,284	31,239	30,875	27,583	21,297	19,620	17,536	17,100	16,835	20,843
45 years and older	22,021	25,679	26,734	29,271	29,169	26,217	28,009	27,436	28,751	29,202	40,144
<i>Treatment episode</i>											
No prior treatment episode	17,810	15,919	17,159	17,532	17,711	12,941	12,037	11,873	14,273	16,401	22,042
One or more prior treatment episodes	44,000	41,410	54,447	57,985	54,747	47,405	48,417	47,943	50,484	49,871	64,714
Average years of use before first treatment episode <sup>1</sup>	13.1	14.1	15.0	14.2	14.3	14.6	13.7	12.6	11.5	11.6	12.8
<b>Other</b>	10,595	10,615	10,820	12,228	12,841	13,230	15,366	17,457	20,037	23,946	26,240
No. of admissions	258,629	266,675	261,831	282,083	289,089	269,708	285,318	303,621	342,916	364,836	400,450

<sup>1</sup> Calculated among all admissions with no prior treatment episode.

NOTE: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 3.6b. Heroin admissions aged 12 and older, by usual route of administration, age group, and characteristics of treatment episode: Percent distribution, 2005-2015**

<i>Usual route of administration, age group, and characteristics of treatment episode</i>	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
<b>Total heroin admissions</b>	260,902	268,556	263,254	283,635	289,935	270,564	286,304	304,794	344,387	366,853	401,743
<b>Injection</b>	62.8	63.6	64.2	64.8	66.8	69.4	70.0	71.2	72.0	71.9	68.5
<i>Age group</i>											
12 to 19 years	2.0	1.9	1.9	2.1	2.5	2.5	2.3	2.3	2.1	1.7	1.3
20 to 34 years	29.1	30.8	32.2	34.3	37.5	40.6	42.4	44.5	46.3	46.5	42.8
35 to 44 years	16.8	15.9	15.3	14.1	13.6	13.1	12.8	12.5	12.5	12.8	13.1
45 years and older	14.9	15.0	14.7	14.2	13.2	13.2	12.4	12.0	11.0	10.9	11.3
<i>Treatment episode</i>											
No prior treatment episode	23.2	22.2	20.4	20.4	21.2	18.3	18.4	18.7	19.7	20.2	19.5
One or more prior treatment episodes	76.8	77.8	79.6	79.6	78.8	81.7	81.6	81.3	80.3	79.8	80.5
Average years of use before first treatment episode <sup>1</sup>	12.9	13.6	13.4	12.6	11.6	10.8	9.9	9.5	9.1	9.5	10.1
<b>Inhalation</b>	33.1	32.5	31.7	30.9	28.8	25.7	24.6	23.0	22.1	21.5	24.9
<i>Age group</i>											
12 to 19 years	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4
20 to 34 years	10.6	9.6	8.9	8.9	8.5	7.6	7.4	7.7	8.2	8.4	9.4
35 to 44 years	13.2	12.5	11.9	10.9	9.5	7.9	6.9	5.8	5.0	4.6	5.2
45 years and older	8.5	9.6	10.2	10.4	10.1	9.7	9.8	9.0	8.4	8.0	10.0
<i>Treatment episode</i>											
No prior treatment episode	28.8	27.8	24.0	23.2	24.4	21.4	19.9	19.8	22.0	24.7	25.4
One or more prior treatment episodes	71.2	72.2	76.0	76.8	75.6	78.6	80.1	80.2	78.0	75.3	74.6
Average years of use before first treatment episode <sup>1</sup>	13.1	14.1	15.0	14.2	14.3	14.6	13.7	12.6	11.5	11.6	12.8
<b>Other</b>	4.1	4.0	4.1	4.3	4.4	4.9	5.4	5.7	5.8	6.6	6.6
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	258,629	266,675	261,831	282,083	289,089	269,708	285,318	303,621	342,916	364,836	400,450

<sup>1</sup> Calculated among all admissions with no prior treatment episode.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 3.7a. Heroin admissions aged 12 and older with planned medication-assisted opioid therapy, by usual route of administration and age group: Number, 2005-2015**

<i>Usual route of administration and age group</i>	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
<b>Total heroin admissions</b>	260,902	268,556	263,254	283,635	289,935	270,564	286,304	304,794	344,387	366,853	401,743
<b>Total medication-assisted opioid therapy<sup>1</sup> admissions (as percentage)</b>	30.2	30.3	29.6	29.4	29.1	28.5	28.2	28.2	27.6	28.3	36.9
<b>Usual route of administration</b>											
With planned medication-assisted opioid therapy <sup>1</sup>											
Injection	49,072	49,115	47,423	50,908	52,670	50,614	53,321	55,843	61,700	69,252	93,394
Inhalation	24,074	26,670	24,742	26,840	26,180	21,463	21,582	22,392	23,605	23,661	41,768
Smoking	1,945	1,825	1,957	2,074	2,357	2,395	3,073	3,607	3,909	5,663	6,766
Other	1,248	1,224	1,083	1,143	995	991	996	1,179	1,411	1,839	3,347
No. of admissions	76,339	78,834	75,205	80,965	82,202	75,463	78,972	83,021	90,625	100,415	145,275
Without planned medication-assisted opioid therapy											
Injection	109,314	115,427	115,977	127,338	135,936	132,627	142,909	153,401	175,114	186,367	175,680
Inhalation	60,651	58,716	57,623	59,817	56,258	47,371	47,661	45,753	49,902	53,047	56,629
Smoking	3,483	3,634	3,655	4,447	5,059	5,883	7,718	8,567	9,831	11,274	11,967
Other	3,410	3,341	3,421	3,728	3,588	3,276	3,311	3,673	4,200	4,544	3,884
No. of admissions	176,858	181,118	180,676	195,330	200,841	189,157	201,599	211,394	239,047	255,232	248,160
<b>Age group</b>											
With planned medication-assisted opioid therapy <sup>1</sup>											
12 to 19 years	855	855	928	1,069	1,388	1,232	1,354	1,285	1,320	1,247	1,321
20 to 34 years	25,011	25,564	25,584	28,635	31,697	30,966	34,153	37,487	43,290	48,420	66,016
35 to 44 years	24,976	24,002	22,212	22,447	21,359	17,895	17,677	17,666	18,766	20,685	30,574
45 years and older	26,233	28,955	27,253	29,539	28,132	25,676	26,141	27,017	27,822	30,687	47,722
No. of admissions	77,075	79,376	75,977	81,690	82,576	75,769	79,325	83,455	91,198	101,039	145,633
Without planned medication-assisted opioid therapy											
12 to 19 years	6,819	6,655	6,008	7,409	8,443	7,842	7,906	8,384	8,877	7,756	6,049
20 to 34 years	80,882	85,412	85,977	97,725	105,925	104,570	115,389	126,669	149,219	163,391	156,591
35 to 44 years	54,543	52,806	50,496	49,951	46,632	40,059	40,053	38,905	42,104	44,958	45,621
45 years and older	35,816	37,341	38,651	40,961	40,270	37,189	38,844	38,079	39,618	40,300	40,669
No. of admissions	178,060	182,214	181,132	196,046	201,270	189,660	202,192	212,037	239,818	256,405	248,930

<sup>1</sup> Therapy with methadone or buprenorphine is part of the client's treatment plan.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 3.7b. Heroin admissions aged 12 and older with planned medication-assisted opioid therapy, by usual route of administration and age group: Percent, 2005-2015**

<i>Usual route of administration and age group</i>	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
<b>Total heroin admissions</b>	260,902	268,556	263,254	283,635	289,935	270,564	286,304	304,794	344,387	366,853	401,743
<b>Total medication-assisted opioid therapy<sup>1</sup> admissions</b>	30.2	30.3	29.6	29.4	29.1	28.5	28.2	28.2	27.6	28.3	36.9
<b>Usual route of administration (Percentage in each group with planned medication-assisted opioid therapy)<sup>1</sup></b>											
Injection	31.0	29.8	29.0	28.6	27.9	27.6	27.2	26.7	26.1	27.1	34.7
Inhalation	28.4	31.2	30.0	31.0	31.8	31.2	31.2	32.9	32.1	30.8	42.4
Smoking	35.8	33.4	34.9	31.8	31.8	28.9	28.5	29.6	28.4	33.4	36.1
Other	26.8	26.8	24.0	23.5	21.7	23.2	23.1	24.3	25.1	28.8	46.3
No. of admissions	253,197	259,952	255,881	276,295	283,043	264,620	280,571	294,415	329,672	355,647	393,435
<b>Age group (Percentage in each group with planned medication-assisted opioid therapy)<sup>1</sup></b>											
12 to 19 years	11.1	11.4	13.4	12.6	14.1	13.6	14.6	13.3	12.9	13.9	17.9
20 to 34 years	23.6	23.0	22.9	22.7	23.0	22.8	22.8	22.8	22.5	22.9	29.7
35 to 44 years	31.4	31.2	30.5	31.0	31.4	30.9	30.6	31.2	30.8	31.5	40.1
45 years and older	42.3	43.7	41.4	41.9	41.1	40.8	40.2	41.5	41.3	43.2	54.0
No. of admissions	255,135	261,590	257,109	277,736	283,846	265,429	281,517	295,492	331,016	357,444	394,563

<sup>1</sup> Therapy with methadone or buprenorphine is part of the client's treatment plan.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 3.8. Primary substance of abuse among admissions aged 12 and older, by additional substance of abuse: Number and percent distribution, 2015**

	All admissions	Primary substance at admission												
		Alcohol	Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Methamphetamine/amphetamines	Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified
			Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route								
<b>Total</b>	1,537,025	521,089	401,743	124,943	47,384	27,326	213,001	136,028	14,217	2,801	1,917	4,626	695	41,255
<b>Any use of substance</b>		745,974	462,776	222,701	133,832	135,557	516,031	230,958	94,251	9,743	8,956	9,145	1,978	96,448
<b>Average number of substances per admission</b>	1.7	1.6	1.9	1.8	1.9	2.0	1.7	1.9	2.1	1.7	2.1	1.9	2.0	1.2
<b>Secondary or tertiary substance</b>							<i>Number</i>							
None	714,494	294,303	155,847	52,046	15,963	8,323	98,851	46,153	3,693	1,407	508	1,675	240	35,485
Marijuana/hashish	303,030	122,182	72,614	27,927	13,471	8,144	--	49,501	3,401	482	813	1,660	198	2,637
Alcohol	224,885	--	57,822	20,192	19,155	9,644	74,679	35,480	3,185	453	515	1,378	240	2,142
Non-smoked cocaine	108,231	31,400	51,871	7,584	--	--	11,175	4,141	953	118	153	373	25	438
Opiates other than heroin	97,758	21,128	45,185	1,981	1,881	1,945	11,005	9,704	3,438	335	116	109	66	865
Smoked cocaine	86,448	32,716	40,482	3,895	--	--	5,272	2,745	598	80	65	220	12	363
Methamphetamine/amphetamines	94,930	25,688	30,816	10,256	1,503	1,440	21,635	1,271	998	175	234	156	58	700
Tranquilizers	80,034	13,489	39,272	15,172	926	1,007	6,262	3,161	26	97	67	55	25	475
Heroin	61,033	23,098	--	11,815	4,905	3,655	5,313	8,807	2,475	196	94	160	19	496
Sedatives	6,942	1,483	1,796	1,670	95	98	956	573	155	7	11	7	7	84
Hallucinogens	7,039	1,712	795	250	141	205	3,013	728	64	14	--	36	10	71
PCP	4,519	1,411	747	104	335	199	1,421	218	29	5	19	--	--	31
Inhalants	1,283	500	116	89	26	15	350	139	12	2	9	2	--	23
Other	55,193	25,172	10,719	3,815	1,084	604	8,419	4,481	414	50	103	92	30	210

Continued. See notes at end of table.

**Table 3.8. Primary substance of abuse among admissions aged 12 and older, by additional substance of abuse: Number and percent distribution, 2015 (continued)**

All admissions	Primary substance at admission													
	Alcohol	Opiates		Cocaine		Marijuana/hashish	Methamphetamine/amphetamines	Tranquilizers	Sedatives	Hallucinogens	PCP	Inhalants	Other/none specified	
		Heroin	Other opiates	Smoked cocaine	Other route									
<b>Total</b>	1,537,025	521,089	401,743	124,943	47,384	27,326	213,001	136,028	14,217	2,801	1,917	4,626	695	41,255
<b>Primary use of substance</b>	100.0	33.9	26.1	8.1	3.1	1.8	13.9	8.9	0.9	0.2	0.1	0.3	*	2.7
<b>Secondary or tertiary substance</b>	Column percent <sup>1</sup>													
None	46.5	56.5	38.8	41.7	33.7	30.5	46.4	33.9	26.0	50.2	26.5	36.2	34.5	86.0
Marijuana/hashish	19.7	23.4	18.1	22.4	28.4	29.8	--	36.4	23.9	17.2	42.4	35.9	28.5	6.4
Alcohol	14.6	--	14.4	16.2	40.4	35.3	35.1	26.1	22.4	16.2	26.9	29.8	34.5	5.2
Non-smoked cocaine	7.0	6.0	12.9	6.1	--	--	5.2	3.0	6.7	4.2	8.0	8.1	3.6	1.1
Opiates other than heroin	6.4	4.1	11.2	1.6	4.0	7.1	5.2	7.1	24.2	12.0	6.1	2.4	9.5	2.1
Smoked cocaine	5.6	6.3	10.1	3.1	--	--	2.5	2.0	4.2	2.9	3.4	4.8	1.7	0.9
Methamphetamine/amphetamines	6.2	4.9	7.7	8.2	3.2	5.3	10.2	0.9	7.0	6.2	12.2	3.4	8.3	1.7
Tranquilizers	5.2	2.6	9.8	12.1	2.0	3.7	2.9	2.3	0.2	3.5	3.5	1.2	3.6	1.2
Heroin	4.0	4.4	--	9.5	10.4	13.4	2.5	6.5	17.4	7.0	4.9	3.5	2.7	1.2
Sedatives	0.5	0.3	0.4	1.3	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.4	1.1	0.2	0.6	0.2	1.0	0.2
Hallucinogens	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.8	1.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	--	0.8	1.4	0.2
PCP	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.2	0.2	0.2	1.0	--	--	0.1
Inhalants	0.1	0.1	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.5	*	--	0.1
Other	3.6	4.8	2.7	3.1	2.3	2.2	4.0	3.3	2.9	1.8	5.4	2.0	4.3	0.5
<b>Secondary or tertiary substance</b>	Row percent distribution <sup>2</sup>													
None	100.0	41.2	21.8	7.3	2.2	1.2	13.8	6.5	0.5	0.2	0.1	0.2	*	5.0
Marijuana/hashish	100.0	40.3	24.0	9.2	4.4	2.7	--	16.3	1.1	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.1	0.9
Alcohol	100.0	--	25.7	9.0	8.5	4.3	33.2	15.8	1.4	0.2	0.2	0.6	0.1	1.0
Non-smoked cocaine	100.0	29.0	47.9	7.0	--	--	10.3	3.8	0.9	0.1	0.1	0.3	*	0.4
Opiates other than heroin	100.0	21.6	46.2	2.0	1.9	2.0	11.3	9.9	3.5	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.9
Smoked cocaine	100.0	37.8	46.8	4.5	--	--	6.1	3.2	0.7	0.1	0.1	0.3	*	0.4
Methamphetamine/amphetamines	100.0	27.1	32.5	10.8	1.6	1.5	22.8	1.3	1.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.7
Tranquilizers	100.0	16.9	49.1	19.0	1.2	1.3	7.8	3.9	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	0.6
Heroin	100.0	37.8	--	19.4	8.0	6.0	8.7	14.4	4.1	0.3	0.2	0.3	*	0.8
Sedatives	100.0	21.4	25.9	24.1	1.4	1.4	13.8	8.3	2.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	1.2
Hallucinogens	100.0	24.3	11.3	3.6	2.0	2.9	42.8	10.3	0.9	0.2	--	0.5	0.1	1.0
PCP	100.0	31.2	16.5	2.3	7.4	4.4	31.4	4.8	0.6	0.1	0.4	--	--	0.7
Inhalants	100.0	39.0	9.0	6.9	2.0	1.2	27.3	10.8	0.9	0.2	0.7	0.2	--	1.8
Other	100.0	45.6	19.4	6.9	2.0	1.1	15.3	8.1	0.8	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.4

-- Quantity is zero; \* Less than 0.05 percent.

<sup>1</sup> Percentages sum to more than 100 percent because an admission could report more than one additional substance.

<sup>2</sup> Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 3.9 Substance abuse combinations, by selected primary substance of abuse: Number and percent distribution, 2015**

<i>Primary substance</i>	<i>Secondary and tertiary substances</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent of all admissions</i>	<i>Percent of primary substance</i>
<b>All admissions aged 12 and older</b>		1,537,025	100.0	
<b>Alcohol</b>		521,089	33.9	100.0
<i>No other substance</i>	<i>n/a</i>	294,303	19.1	56.5
<i>1 other substance</i>	Marijuana/hashish	73,755	4.8	14.2
	Cocaine	29,812	1.9	5.7
	Opiates	18,329	1.2	3.5
	Methamphetamine/amphetamines	11,779	0.8	2.3
	Other	21,698	1.4	4.2
<i>2 other substances</i>	Cocaine & Marijuana/hashish	20,136	1.3	3.9
	Marijuana/hashish & Methamphetamine/amphetamines	8,699	0.6	1.7
	Marijuana/hashish & Opiates	8,080	0.5	1.6
	Cocaine & Opiates	9,011	0.6	1.7
	Cocaine & Methamphetamine/amphetamines	1,807	0.1	0.3
	Methamphetamine/amphetamines & Opiates	2,084	0.1	0.4
	Marijuana/hashish & Other	11,512	0.7	2.2
	Opiates & Other	5,415	0.4	1.0
	Cocaine & Other	3,350	0.2	0.6
	Methamphetamine/amphetamines & Other	1,319	0.1	0.3
<b>Opiates</b>		526,686	34.3	100.0
<i>No other substance</i>	<i>n/a</i>	233,279	15.2	44.3
<i>1 other substance</i>	Marijuana/hashish	47,236	3.1	9.0
	Cocaine	52,446	3.4	10.0
	Alcohol	32,665	2.1	6.2
	Methamphetamine/amphetamines	23,388	1.5	4.4
	Other	34,432	2.2	6.5
<i>2 other substances</i>	Cocaine & Marijuana/hashish	19,248	1.3	3.7
	Alcohol & Marijuana/hashish	15,181	1.0	2.9
	Alcohol & Cocaine	17,068	1.1	3.2
	Marijuana/hashish & Methamphetamine/amphetamines	6,724	0.4	1.3
	Alcohol & Methamphetamine/amphetamines	3,509	0.2	0.7
	Cocaine & Methamphetamine/amphetamines	2,754	0.2	0.5
	Marijuana/hashish & Other	12,152	0.8	2.3
	Cocaine & Other	12,316	0.8	2.3
	Alcohol & Other	9,591	0.6	1.8
	Methamphetamine/amphetamines & Other	4,697	0.3	0.9
<b>Marijuana</b>		213,001	13.9	100.0
<i>No other substance</i>	<i>n/a</i>	98,851	6.4	46.4
<i>1 other substance</i>	Alcohol	49,753	3.2	23.4
	Methamphetamine/amphetamines	11,311	0.7	5.3
	Cocaine	5,669	0.4	2.7
	Opiates	6,052	0.4	2.8
	Other	7,138	0.5	3.4
<i>2 other substances</i>	Alcohol & Cocaine	6,807	0.4	3.2
	Alcohol & Methamphetamine/amphetamines	5,990	0.4	2.8
	Alcohol & Opiates	4,256	0.3	2.0
	Cocaine & Opiates	1,766	0.1	0.8
	Methamphetamine/amphetamines & Opiates	1,744	0.1	0.8
	Cocaine & Methamphetamine/amphetamines	982	0.1	0.5
	Alcohol & Other	7,873	0.5	3.7
	Opiates & Other	1,978	0.1	0.9
	Methamphetamine/amphetamines & Other	1,608	0.1	0.8
	Cocaine & Other	1,223	0.1	0.6

*Continued. See notes at end of table.*

**Table 3.9 Substance abuse combinations, by selected primary substance of abuse: Number and percent distribution, 2015  
(continued)**

<i>Primary substance</i>	<i>Secondary and tertiary substances</i>	<i>Number</i>	<i>Percent of all admissions</i>	<i>Percent of primary substance</i>
<b>Methamphetamine/ amphetamines</b>		136,028	8.9	100.0
<i>No other substance</i>	<i>n/a</i>	46,668	3.0	34.3
<i>1 other substance</i>	Marijuana/hashish	28,253	1.8	20.8
	Alcohol	17,742	1.2	13.0
	Opiates	8,411	0.5	6.2
	Cocaine	2,376	0.2	1.7
	Other	3,044	0.2	2.2
<i>2 other substances</i>	Alcohol & Marijuana/hashish	12,191	0.8	9.0
	Marijuana/hashish & Opiates	4,470	0.3	3.3
	Alcohol & Opiates	2,603	0.2	1.9
	Cocaine & Marijuana/hashish	1,818	0.1	1.3
	Alcohol & Cocaine	1,512	0.1	1.1
	Cocaine & Opiates	839	0.1	0.6
	Marijuana/hashish & Other	2,769	0.2	2.0
	Alcohol & Other	1,432	0.1	1.1
	Opiates & Other	1,559	0.1	1.1
	Cocaine & Other	341	*	0.3
<b>Cocaine</b>		74,710	4.9	100.0
<i>No other substance</i>	<i>n/a</i>	24,286	1.6	32.5
<i>1 other substance</i>	Alcohol	14,758	1.0	19.8
	Marijuana/hashish	8,077	0.5	10.8
	Opiates	5,607	0.4	7.5
	Methamphetamine/amphetamines	1,176	0.1	1.6
	Other	1,256	0.1	1.7
<i>2 other substances</i>	Alcohol & Marijuana/hashish	9,602	0.6	12.9
	Alcohol & Opiates	2,695	0.2	3.6
	Marijuana/hashish & Opiates	2,225	0.1	3.0
	Alcohol & Methamphetamine/amphetamines	582	*	0.8
	Marijuana/hashish & Methamphetamine/amphetamines	648	*	0.9
	Opiates & Methamphetamine/amphetamines	384	*	0.5
	Alcohol & Other	1,162	0.1	1.6
	Marijuana/hashish & Other	1,063	0.1	1.4
	Opiates & Other	1,036	0.1	1.4
	Methamphetamine/amphetamines & Other	153	*	0.2
<b>Other<sup>1</sup></b>		35,393	2.3	100.0
<i>Other substance only</i>	<i>n/a</i>	14,238	0.9	40.2
<i>1 other substance</i>	Opiates	3,910	0.3	11.0
	Marijuana/hashish	3,589	0.2	10.1
	Alcohol	3,007	0.2	8.5
	Cocaine	897	0.1	2.5
	Methamphetamine/amphetamines	831	0.1	2.3
<i>2 other substances</i>	Alcohol & Marijuana/hashish	2,633	0.2	7.4
	Methamphetamine/amphetamines & Opiates	1,460	0.1	4.1
	Alcohol & Opiates	1,164	0.1	3.3
	Cocaine & Opiates	836	0.1	2.4
	Alcohol & Cocaine	668	*	1.9
	Cocaine & Marijuana/hashish	743	*	2.1
	Methamphetamine/amphetamines & Opiates	460	*	1.3
	Marijuana/hashish & Methamphetamine/amphetamines	554	*	1.6
	Alcohol & Methamphetamine/amphetamines	295	*	0.8
	Cocaine & Methamphetamine/amphetamines	108	*	0.3
<b>Not applicable</b>		30,118	2.0	

\* Less than 0.05 percent; *n/a* Not applicable.

<sup>1</sup>Other can include any substances other than alcohol, opiates, marijuana/hashish, methamphetamine/amphetamines, or cocaine.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 4.1a. Primary substance of abuse and age at admission among admissions aged 12 and older, by type of treatment service: Number and average age at admission, 2015**

Primary substance and age at admission	All admissions	Type of treatment service										
		Ambulatory		Detoxification (24-hour service)			Rehabilitation/residential			Medication-assisted opioid therapy <sup>1</sup>		
		Out-patient	Intensive outpatient	Free-standing residential	Hospital inpatient	Ambulatory	Short-term (<30 days)	Long-term (30+ days)	Hospital (non-detox)	Out-patient	Detoxification	Residential
<b>Total</b>	1,536,819	577,639	182,204	279,985	43,568	10,386	138,243	103,899	3,787	163,773	18,582	14,753
<b>Primary substance</b>												
Alcohol	521,062	211,789	62,357	131,827	23,671	4,891	50,008	29,026	2,038	2,213	1,504	1,738
Opiates	526,570	95,896	43,777	110,246	16,224	4,588	42,325	29,807	810	156,080	15,747	11,070
Marijuana	212,991	146,588	34,306	6,227	439	89	11,674	12,110	155	1,099	42	262
Cocaine	74,697	31,164	10,728	9,231	831	57	11,299	8,558	233	1,538	227	831
Methamphetamine/amphetamines	136,007	58,340	21,754	15,303	265	186	17,682	21,406	311	425	92	243
Tranquilizers	14,211	3,568	1,348	3,727	1,381	127	1,886	788	125	469	349	443
Sedatives	2,801	1,290	241	234	83	378	254	161	36	99	11	14
Other/none specified	48,480	29,004	7,693	3,190	674	70	3,115	2,043	79	1,850	610	152
No. of admissions	1,536,819	577,639	182,204	279,985	43,568	10,386	138,243	103,899	3,787	163,773	18,582	14,753
<b>Age at admission</b>												
12 to 17 years	65,480	43,126	8,957	2,391	79	3	5,049	5,606	5	176	29	59
18 to 19 years	36,782	19,768	5,033	4,118	327	122	3,230	2,552	42	1,121	251	218
20 to 24 years	197,790	84,005	26,388	30,126	3,303	1,009	17,924	14,806	356	15,010	2,700	2,163
25 to 29 years	271,380	100,969	33,700	47,413	5,525	1,566	24,969	19,240	570	29,802	4,186	3,440
30 to 34 years	239,862	87,867	29,378	41,874	5,329	1,618	21,575	16,854	616	28,614	3,390	2,747
35 to 39 years	176,794	65,369	21,399	32,098	4,744	1,186	15,480	11,788	449	20,416	2,182	1,683
40 to 44 years	139,651	48,934	16,197	28,321	4,547	1,203	12,403	8,890	431	16,074	1,499	1,152
45 to 49 years	143,857	45,987	15,651	31,627	6,169	1,081	13,481	9,371	437	17,511	1,272	1,270
50 to 54 years	132,967	41,434	13,611	31,056	6,332	1,139	12,590	8,062	468	15,946	1,257	1,072
55 to 59 years	81,911	24,769	7,768	19,549	4,067	699	7,481	4,551	250	11,148	1,016	613
60 to 64 years	35,157	10,338	3,007	8,160	1,960	285	2,962	1,601	103	5,835	626	280
65 years and older	15,188	5,073	1,115	3,252	1,186	475	1,099	578	60	2,120	174	56
No. of admissions	1,536,819	577,639	182,204	279,985	43,568	10,386	138,243	103,899	3,787	163,773	18,582	14,753
<b>Average age at admission</b>	36 yrs	34 yrs	34 yrs	38 yrs	42 yrs	40 yrs	36 yrs	34 yrs	39 yrs	38 yrs	36 yrs	35 yrs

<sup>1</sup> Therapy with methadone or buprenorphine is part of client's treatment plan.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Unknown types of services were excluded.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 4.1b. Primary substance of abuse and age at admission among admissions aged 12 and older, by type of treatment service: Column percent distribution and average age at admission, 2015**

Primary substance and age at admission		Type of treatment service										
		Ambulatory		Detoxification (24-hour service)			Rehabilitation/residential			Medication-assisted opioid therapy <sup>1</sup>		
		Out-patient	Intensive outpatient	Free-standing residential	Hospital inpatient	Ambulatory	Short-term (<30 days)	Long-term (30+ days)	Hospital (non-detox)	Out-patient	Detoxification	Residential
<b>Total</b>	1,536,819	577,639	182,204	279,985	43,568	10,386	138,243	103,899	3,787	163,773	18,582	14,753
<b>Primary substance</b>												
Alcohol	33.9	36.7	34.2	47.1	54.3	47.1	36.2	27.9	53.8	1.4	8.1	11.8
Opiates	34.3	16.6	24.0	39.4	37.2	44.2	30.6	28.7	21.4	95.3	84.7	75.0
Marijuana	13.9	25.4	18.8	2.2	1.0	0.9	8.4	11.7	4.1	0.7	0.2	1.8
Cocaine	4.9	5.4	5.9	3.3	1.9	0.5	8.2	8.2	6.2	0.9	1.2	5.6
Methamphetamine/amphetamines	8.8	10.1	11.9	5.5	0.6	1.8	12.8	20.6	8.2	0.3	0.5	1.6
Tranquilizers	0.9	0.6	0.7	1.3	3.2	1.2	1.4	0.8	3.3	0.3	1.9	3.0
Sedatives	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	3.6	0.2	0.2	1.0	0.1	0.1	0.1
Other/none specified	3.2	5.0	4.2	1.1	1.5	0.7	2.3	2.0	2.1	1.1	3.3	1.0
<b>Total</b>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,536,819	577,639	182,204	279,985	43,568	10,386	138,243	103,899	3,787	163,773	18,582	14,753
<b>Age at admission</b>												
12 to 17 years	4.3	7.5	4.9	0.9	0.2	*	3.7	5.4	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.4
18 to 19 years	2.4	3.4	2.8	1.5	0.8	1.2	2.3	2.5	1.1	0.7	1.4	1.5
20 to 24 years	12.9	14.5	14.5	10.8	7.6	9.7	13.0	14.3	9.4	9.2	14.5	14.7
25 to 29 years	17.7	17.5	18.5	16.9	12.7	15.1	18.1	18.5	15.1	18.2	22.5	23.3
30 to 34 years	15.6	15.2	16.1	15.0	12.2	15.6	15.6	16.2	16.3	17.5	18.2	18.6
35 to 39 years	11.5	11.3	11.7	11.5	10.9	11.4	11.2	11.3	11.9	12.5	11.7	11.4
40 to 44 years	9.1	8.5	8.9	10.1	10.4	11.6	9.0	8.6	11.4	9.8	8.1	7.8
45 to 49 years	9.4	8.0	8.6	11.3	14.2	10.4	9.8	9.0	11.5	10.7	6.8	8.6
50 to 54 years	8.7	7.2	7.5	11.1	14.5	11.0	9.1	7.8	12.4	9.7	6.8	7.3
55 to 59 years	5.3	4.3	4.3	7.0	9.3	6.7	5.4	4.4	6.6	6.8	5.5	4.2
60 to 64 years	2.3	1.8	1.7	2.9	4.5	2.7	2.1	1.5	2.7	3.6	3.4	1.9
65 years and older	1.0	0.9	0.6	1.2	2.7	4.6	0.8	0.6	1.6	1.3	0.9	0.4
<b>Total</b>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,536,819	577,639	182,204	279,985	43,568	10,386	138,243	103,899	3,787	163,773	18,582	14,753
<b>Average age at admission</b>	36 yrs	34 yrs	34 yrs	38 yrs	42 yrs	40 yrs	36 yrs	34 yrs	39 yrs	38 yrs	36 yrs	35 yrs

\* Less than 0.05 percent.

<sup>1</sup> Therapy with methadone or buprenorphine is part of client's treatment plan.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Unknown types of service were excluded. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 4.1c. Primary substance of abuse and age at admission among admissions aged 12 and older, by type of treatment service: Row percent distribution, 2015**

Primary substance and age at admission		Type of treatment service											Total
		Ambulatory		Detoxification (24-hour service)			Rehabilitation/residential			Medication-assisted opioid therapy <sup>1</sup>			
		Out-patient	Intensive outpatient	Free-standing residential	Hospital inpatient	Ambulatory	Short-term (<30 days)	Long-term (30+ days)	Hospital (non-detox)	Out-patient	Detoxification	Residential	
<b>Total</b>	1,536,819	37.6	11.9	18.2	2.8	0.7	9.0	6.8	0.2	10.7	1.2	1.0	100.0
<b>Primary substance</b>													
Alcohol	521,062	40.6	12.0	25.3	4.5	0.9	9.6	5.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	100.0
Opiates	526,570	18.2	8.3	20.9	3.1	0.9	8.0	5.7	0.2	29.6	3.0	2.1	100.0
Marijuana	212,991	68.8	16.1	2.9	0.2	*	5.5	5.7	0.1	0.5	*	0.1	100.0
Cocaine	74,697	41.7	14.4	12.4	1.1	0.1	15.1	11.5	0.3	2.1	0.3	1.1	100.0
Methamphetamine/amphetamines	136,007	42.9	16.0	11.3	0.2	0.1	13.0	15.7	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.2	100.0
Tranquilizers	14,211	25.1	9.5	26.2	9.7	0.9	13.3	5.5	0.9	3.3	2.5	3.1	100.0
Sedatives	2,801	46.1	8.6	8.4	3.0	13.5	9.1	5.7	1.3	3.5	0.4	0.5	100.0
Other/none specified	48,480	59.8	15.9	6.6	1.4	0.1	6.4	4.2	0.2	3.8	1.3	0.3	100.0
No. of admissions	1,536,819	577,639	182,204	279,985	43,568	10,386	138,243	103,899	3,787	163,773	18,582	14,753	
<b>Age at admission</b>													
12 to 17 years	65,480	65.9	13.7	3.7	0.1	*	7.7	8.6	*	0.3	*	0.1	100.0
18 to 19 years	36,782	53.7	13.7	11.2	0.9	0.3	8.8	6.9	0.1	3.0	0.7	0.6	100.0
20 to 24 years	197,790	42.5	13.3	15.2	1.7	0.5	9.1	7.5	0.2	7.6	1.4	1.1	100.0
25 to 29 years	271,380	37.2	12.4	17.5	2.0	0.6	9.2	7.1	0.2	11.0	1.5	1.3	100.0
30 to 34 years	239,862	36.6	12.2	17.5	2.2	0.7	9.0	7.0	0.3	11.9	1.4	1.1	100.0
35 to 39 years	176,794	37.0	12.1	18.2	2.7	0.7	8.8	6.7	0.3	11.5	1.2	1.0	100.0
40 to 44 years	139,651	35.0	11.6	20.3	3.3	0.9	8.9	6.4	0.3	11.5	1.1	0.8	100.0
45 to 49 years	143,857	32.0	10.9	22.0	4.3	0.8	9.4	6.5	0.3	12.2	0.9	0.9	100.0
50 to 54 years	132,967	31.2	10.2	23.4	4.8	0.9	9.5	6.1	0.4	12.0	0.9	0.8	100.0
55 to 59 years	81,911	30.2	9.5	23.9	5.0	0.9	9.1	5.6	0.3	13.6	1.2	0.7	100.0
60 to 64 years	35,157	29.4	8.6	23.2	5.6	0.8	8.4	4.6	0.3	16.6	1.8	0.8	100.0
65 years and older	15,188	33.4	7.3	21.4	7.8	3.1	7.2	3.8	0.4	14.0	1.1	0.4	100.0
No. of admissions	1,536,819	577,639	182,204	279,985	43,568	10,386	138,243	103,899	3,787	163,773	18,582	14,753	
<b>Average age at admission</b>	36 yrs	34 yrs	34 yrs	38 yrs	42 yrs	40 yrs	36 yrs	34 yrs	39 yrs	38 yrs	36 yrs	35 yrs	

\* Less than 0.05 percent.

<sup>1</sup> Therapy with methadone or buprenorphine is part of client's treatment plan.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Unknown types of service were excluded. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 4.2a. Gender and race/ethnicity among admissions aged 12 and older, by type of treatment service: Number, 2015**

Gender and race/ethnicity	All admissions	Type of treatment service										
		Ambulatory		Detoxification (24-hour service)			Rehabilitation/residential			Medication-assisted opioid therapy <sup>1</sup>		
		Out-patient	Intensive outpatient	Free-standing residential	Hospital inpatient	Ambulatory	Short-term (<30 days)	Long-term (30+ days)	Hospital (non-detox)	Out-patient	Detox-ification	Resi-dential
<b>Total</b>	1,536,819	577,639	182,204	279,985	43,568	10,386	138,243	103,899	3,787	163,773	18,582	14,753
<b>Gender</b>												
Male	1,011,105	380,922	115,829	201,771	32,847	7,107	89,510	67,212	2,506	92,173	11,987	9,241
Female	525,287	196,570	66,317	78,114	10,720	3,276	48,691	36,644	1,280	71,573	6,592	5,510
No. of admissions	1,536,392	577,492	182,146	279,885	43,567	10,383	138,201	103,856	3,786	163,746	18,579	14,751
<b>Race/ethnicity</b>												
White (non-Hispanic)	923,774	328,171	111,863	175,580	23,504	5,134	91,906	57,948	2,617	104,410	12,851	9,790
Black (non-Hispanic)	269,665	108,179	36,539	39,557	9,650	1,047	23,427	17,422	477	29,512	1,996	1,859
Hispanic origin	214,625	90,719	17,186	41,660	8,508	1,173	14,054	16,278	416	20,134	2,265	2,232
Mexican	68,766	32,498	5,239	13,406	300	60	2,250	7,427	35	5,884	1,572	95
Puerto Rican	59,495	17,209	4,076	13,563	4,532	379	4,329	4,161	280	9,143	286	1,537
Other/not specified	86,364	41,012	7,871	14,691	3,676	734	7,475	4,690	101	5,107	407	600
Other	108,276	41,668	14,669	18,814	1,829	3,019	7,677	11,613	266	6,460	1,417	844
American Indian/Alaska Native	36,569	12,334	5,067	6,542	311	2,724	3,124	4,001	169	1,985	84	228
Asian/Pacific Islander	16,930	7,799	2,645	2,151	307	52	873	1,929	14	912	171	77
Other	54,777	21,535	6,957	10,121	1,211	243	3,680	5,683	83	3,563	1,162	539
No. of admissions	1,516,340	568,737	180,257	275,611	43,491	10,373	137,064	103,261	3,776	160,516	18,529	14,725

<sup>1</sup> Therapy with methadone or buprenorphine is part of client's treatment plan.

NOTE: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Unknown types of treatment service were excluded.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 4.2b. Gender and race/ethnicity among admissions aged 12 and older, by type of treatment service:  
Column percent distribution, 2015**

Gender and race/ethnicity	All admissions	Type of treatment service										
		Ambulatory		Detoxification (24-hour service)			Rehabilitation/residential			Medication-assisted opioid therapy <sup>1</sup>		
		Out-patient	Intensive outpatient	Free-standing residential	Hospital inpatient	Ambulatory	Short-term (<30 days)	Long-term (30+ days)	Hospital (non-detox)	Out-patient	Detox-ification	Resi-dential
<b>Total</b>	1,536,819	577,639	182,204	279,985	43,568	10,386	138,243	103,899	3,787	163,773	18,582	14,753
<b>Gender</b>												
Male	65.8	66.0	63.6	72.1	75.4	68.4	64.8	64.7	66.2	56.3	64.5	62.6
Female	34.2	34.0	36.4	27.9	24.6	31.6	35.2	35.3	33.8	43.7	35.5	37.4
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,536,392	577,492	182,146	279,885	43,567	10,383	138,201	103,856	3,786	163,746	18,579	14,751
<b>Race/ethnicity</b>												
White (non-Hispanic)	60.9	57.7	62.1	63.7	54.0	49.5	67.1	56.1	69.3	65.0	69.4	66.5
Black (non-Hispanic)	17.8	19.0	20.3	14.4	22.2	10.1	17.1	16.9	12.6	18.4	10.8	12.6
Hispanic origin	14.2	16.0	9.5	15.1	19.6	11.3	10.3	15.8	11.0	12.5	12.2	15.2
Mexican	4.5	5.7	2.9	4.9	0.7	0.6	1.6	7.2	0.9	3.7	8.5	0.6
Puerto Rican	3.9	3.0	2.3	4.9	10.4	3.7	3.2	4.0	7.4	5.7	1.5	10.4
Other/not specified	5.7	7.2	4.4	5.3	8.5	7.1	5.5	4.5	2.7	3.2	2.2	4.1
Other	7.1	7.3	8.1	6.8	4.2	29.1	5.6	11.2	7.0	4.0	7.6	5.7
American Indian/Alaska Native	2.4	2.2	2.8	2.4	0.7	26.3	2.3	3.9	4.5	1.2	0.5	1.5
Asian/Pacific Islander	1.1	1.4	1.5	0.8	0.7	0.5	0.6	1.9	0.4	0.6	0.9	0.5
Other	3.6	3.8	3.9	3.7	2.8	2.3	2.7	5.5	2.2	2.2	6.3	3.7
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,516,340	568,737	180,257	275,611	43,491	10,373	137,064	103,261	3,776	160,516	18,529	14,725

<sup>1</sup> Therapy with methadone or buprenorphine is part of client's treatment plan.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Unknown types of treatment service were excluded. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 4.2c. Gender and race/ethnicity among admissions aged 12 and older, by type of treatment service: Row percent distribution, 2015**

Gender and race/ethnicity	All admissions	Type of treatment service											Total
		Ambulatory		Detoxification (24-hour service)			Rehabilitation/residential			Medication-assisted opioid therapy <sup>1</sup>			
		Out-patient	Intensive outpatient	Free-standing residential	Hospital inpatient	Ambulatory	Short-term (<30 days)	Long-term (30+ days)	Hospital (non-detox)	Out-patient	Detox-ification	Resi-dential	
<b>Total</b>	1,536,819	37.6	11.9	18.2	2.8	0.7	9.0	6.8	0.2	10.7	1.2	1.0	100.0
<b>Gender</b>													
Male	1,011,105	37.7	11.5	20.0	3.2	0.7	8.9	6.6	0.2	9.1	1.2	0.9	100.0
Female	525,287	37.4	12.6	14.9	2.0	0.6	9.3	7.0	0.2	13.6	1.3	1.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,536,392	577,492	182,146	279,885	43,567	10,383	138,201	103,856	3,786	163,746	18,579	14,751	
<b>Race/ethnicity</b>													
White (non-Hispanic)	923,774	35.5	12.1	19.0	2.5	0.6	9.9	6.3	0.3	11.3	1.4	1.1	100.0
Black (non-Hispanic)	269,665	40.1	13.5	14.7	3.6	0.4	8.7	6.5	0.2	10.9	0.7	0.7	100.0
Hispanic origin	214,625	42.3	8.0	19.4	4.0	0.5	6.5	7.6	0.2	9.4	1.1	1.0	100.0
Mexican	68,766	47.3	7.6	19.5	0.4	0.1	3.3	10.8	0.1	8.6	2.3	0.1	100.0
Puerto Rican	59,495	28.9	6.9	22.8	7.6	0.6	7.3	7.0	0.5	15.4	0.5	2.6	100.0
Other/not specified	86,364	47.5	9.1	17.0	4.3	0.8	8.7	5.4	0.1	5.9	0.5	0.7	100.0
Other	108,276	38.5	13.5	17.4	1.7	2.8	7.1	10.7	0.2	6.0	1.3	0.8	100.0
American Indian/Alaska Native	36,569	33.7	13.9	17.9	0.9	7.4	8.5	10.9	0.5	5.4	0.2	0.6	100.0
Asian/Pacific Islander	16,930	46.1	15.6	12.7	1.8	0.3	5.2	11.4	0.1	5.4	1.0	0.5	100.0
Other	54,777	39.3	12.7	18.5	2.2	0.4	6.7	10.4	0.2	6.5	2.1	1.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,516,340	568,737	180,257	275,611	43,491	10,373	137,064	103,261	3,776	160,516	18,529	14,725	

<sup>1</sup> Therapy with methadone or buprenorphine is part of client's treatment plan.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Unknown types of treatment service were excluded. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 4.3a. Treatment referral source, frequency of use, and number of prior treatment episodes among admissions aged 12 and older, by type of treatment service: Number, 2015**

Treatment referral source, frequency of use, and number of prior treatment episodes	All admis- sions	Type of treatment service										
		Ambulatory		Detoxification (24-hour service)			Rehabilitation/residential			Medication-assisted opioid therapy <sup>1</sup>		
		Out- patient	Intensive outpatient	Free- standing residential	Hospital inpatient	Ambu- latory	Short-term (<30 days)	Long-term (30+ days)	Hospital (non- detox)	Out- patient	Detox- ification	Resi- dential
<b>Total</b>	1,536,819	577,639	182,204	279,985	43,568	10,386	138,243	103,899	3,787	163,773	18,582	14,753
<b>Treatment referral source</b>												
Self or individual	618,513	141,320	50,420	164,642	34,790	5,935	47,712	29,343	1,687	123,047	14,578	5,039
Court/criminal justice system	456,815	270,264	73,349	38,377	1,099	2,307	24,131	37,637	417	7,448	264	1,522
Other community referral	170,291	81,971	24,044	24,040	1,767	421	14,284	10,454	174	11,105	774	1,257
Substance abuse care provider	150,631	29,348	17,781	23,342	1,559	621	34,933	20,433	481	13,833	2,447	5,853
Other health care provider	97,785	31,764	10,230	24,585	3,654	955	12,849	5,026	721	6,591	469	941
School (educational)	9,880	8,558	902	148	7	2	116	100	2	37	6	2
Employer/EAP	5,556	3,332	853	158	46	35	793	203	7	88	6	35
No. of admissions	1,509,471	566,557	177,579	275,292	42,922	10,276	134,818	103,196	3,489	162,149	18,544	14,649
<b>Frequency of use</b>												
No use in the past month	420,843	239,311	68,991	9,544	418	342	16,635	36,986	301	45,408	452	2,455
1-3 times in the past month	163,798	89,253	23,984	20,515	511	1,102	9,381	8,516	194	9,439	190	713
1-2 times in the past week	118,144	56,065	16,905	20,011	398	982	9,269	7,791	188	5,523	306	706
3-6 times in the past week	164,818	54,221	23,593	34,143	2,633	1,232	19,045	15,941	504	11,116	1,152	1,238
Daily	626,405	112,629	43,126	193,937	38,933	6,666	82,108	33,549	2,553	87,356	15,955	9,593
No. of admissions	1,494,008	551,479	176,599	278,150	42,893	10,324	136,438	102,783	3,740	158,842	18,055	14,705
<b>No. of prior treatment episodes</b>												
None	509,457	255,002	59,137	76,944	2,852	1,982	36,424	26,695	1,337	41,579	5,807	1,698
1	316,470	138,563	41,091	34,338	1,839	1,646	31,117	22,196	631	39,357	3,138	2,554
2	180,678	63,574	26,626	20,135	1,026	1,205	19,816	15,440	320	28,223	2,171	2,142
3	113,661	35,366	17,386	14,401	619	832	13,596	10,303	251	17,547	1,540	1,820
4	66,235	18,701	10,025	10,058	513	499	8,164	6,542	152	9,384	950	1,247
5 or more	218,398	41,682	21,252	71,113	2,117	1,428	27,103	19,858	484	23,866	4,266	5,229
No. of admissions	1,404,899	552,888	175,517	226,989	8,966	7,592	136,220	101,034	3,175	159,956	17,872	14,690

<sup>1</sup> Therapy with methadone or buprenorphine is part of client's treatment plan.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Unknown types of treatment service were excluded.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 4.3b. Treatment referral source, frequency of use, and number of prior treatment episodes among admissions aged 12 and older, by type of treatment service: Column percent distribution, 2015**

Treatment referral source, frequency of use, and number of prior treatment episodes	All admis- sions	Type of treatment service										
		Ambulatory		Detoxification (24-hour service)			Rehabilitation/residential			Medication-assisted opioid therapy <sup>1</sup>		
		Out- patient	Intensive outpatient	Free- standing residential	Hospital inpatient	Ambu- latory	Short-term (<30 days)	Long-term (30+ days)	Hospital (non- detox)	Out- patient	Detox- ification	Resi- dential
<b>Total</b>	1,536,819	577,639	182,204	279,985	43,568	10,386	138,243	103,899	3,787	163,773	18,582	14,753
<b>Treatment referral source</b>												
Self or individual	41.0	24.9	28.4	59.8	81.1	57.8	35.4	28.4	48.4	75.9	78.6	34.4
Court/criminal justice system	30.3	47.7	41.3	13.9	2.6	22.5	17.9	36.5	12.0	4.6	1.4	10.4
Other community referral	11.3	14.5	13.5	8.7	4.1	4.1	10.6	10.1	5.0	6.8	4.2	8.6
Substance abuse care provider	10.0	5.2	10.0	8.5	3.6	6.0	25.9	19.8	13.8	8.5	13.2	40.0
Other health care provider	6.5	5.6	5.8	8.9	8.5	9.3	9.5	4.9	20.7	4.1	2.5	6.4
School (educational)	0.7	1.5	0.5	0.1	*	*	0.1	0.1	0.1	*	*	*
Employer/EAP	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.1	*	0.2
<b>Total</b>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,509,471	566,557	177,579	275,292	42,922	10,276	134,818	103,196	3,489	162,149	18,544	14,649
<b>Frequency of use</b>												
No use in the past month	28.2	43.4	39.1	3.4	1.0	3.3	12.2	36.0	8.0	28.6	2.5	16.7
1-3 times in the past month	11.0	16.2	13.6	7.4	1.2	10.7	6.9	8.3	5.2	5.9	1.1	4.8
1-2 times in the past week	7.9	10.2	9.6	7.2	0.9	9.5	6.8	7.6	5.0	3.5	1.7	4.8
3-6 times in the past week	11.0	9.8	13.4	12.3	6.1	11.9	14.0	15.5	13.5	7.0	6.4	8.4
Daily	41.9	20.4	24.4	69.7	90.8	64.6	60.2	32.6	68.3	55.0	88.4	65.2
<b>Total</b>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,494,008	551,479	176,599	278,150	42,893	10,324	136,438	102,783	3,740	158,842	18,055	14,705
<b>No. of prior treatment episodes</b>												
None	36.3	46.1	33.7	33.9	31.8	26.1	26.7	26.4	42.1	26.0	32.5	11.6
1	22.5	25.1	23.4	15.1	20.5	21.7	22.8	22.0	19.9	24.6	17.6	17.4
2	12.9	11.5	15.2	8.9	11.4	15.9	14.5	15.3	10.1	17.6	12.1	14.6
3	8.1	6.4	9.9	6.3	6.9	11.0	10.0	10.2	7.9	11.0	8.6	12.4
4	4.7	3.4	5.7	4.4	5.7	6.6	6.0	6.5	4.8	5.9	5.3	8.5
5 or more	15.5	7.5	12.1	31.3	23.6	18.8	19.9	19.7	15.2	14.9	23.9	35.6
<b>Total</b>	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
No. of admissions	1,404,899	552,888	175,517	226,989	8,966	7,592	136,220	101,034	3,175	159,956	17,872	14,690

\* Less than 0.05 percent.

<sup>1</sup> Therapy with methadone or buprenorphine is part of client's treatment plan.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Unknown types of treatment service were excluded. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

**Table 4.3c. Treatment referral source, frequency of use, and number of prior treatment episodes among admissions aged 12 and older, by type of treatment service: Row percent distribution, 2015**

Treatment referral source, frequency of use, and number of prior treatment episodes	All admis- sions	Type of treatment service											Total
		Ambulatory		Detoxification (24-hour service)			Rehabilitation/residential			Medication-assisted opioid therapy <sup>1</sup>			
		Out- patient	Intensive outpatient	Free- standing residential	Hospital inpatient	Ambu- latory	Short-term (<30 days)	Long-term (30+ days)	Hospital (non- detox)	Out- patient	Detox- ification	Resi- dential	
<b>Total</b>	1,536,819	37.6	11.9	18.2	2.8	0.7	9.0	6.8	0.2	10.7	1.2	1.0	100.0
<b>Treatment referral source</b>													
Self or individual	618,513	22.8	8.2	26.6	5.6	1.0	7.7	4.7	0.3	19.9	2.4	0.8	100.0
Court/criminal justice system	456,815	59.2	16.1	8.4	0.2	0.5	5.3	8.2	0.1	1.6	0.1	0.3	100.0
Other community referral	170,291	48.1	14.1	14.1	1.0	0.2	8.4	6.1	0.1	6.5	0.5	0.7	100.0
Substance abuse care provider	150,631	19.5	11.8	15.5	1.0	0.4	23.2	13.6	0.3	9.2	1.6	3.9	100.0
Other health care provider	97,785	32.5	10.5	25.1	3.7	1.0	13.1	5.1	0.7	6.7	0.5	1.0	100.0
School (educational)	9,880	86.6	9.1	1.5	0.1	*	1.2	1.0	*	0.4	0.1	*	100.0
Employer/EAP	5,556	60.0	15.4	2.8	0.8	0.6	14.3	3.7	0.1	1.6	0.1	0.6	100.0
No. of admissions	1,509,471	566,557	177,579	275,292	42,922	10,276	134,818	103,196	3,489	162,149	18,544	14,649	
<b>Frequency of use</b>													
No use in the past month	420,843	56.9	16.4	2.3	0.1	0.1	4.0	8.8	0.1	10.8	0.1	0.6	100.0
1-3 times in the past month	163,798	54.5	14.6	12.5	0.3	0.7	5.7	5.2	0.1	5.8	0.1	0.4	100.0
1-2 times in the past week	118,144	47.5	14.3	16.9	0.3	0.8	7.8	6.6	0.2	4.7	0.3	0.6	100.0
3-6 times in the past week	164,818	32.9	14.3	20.7	1.6	0.7	11.6	9.7	0.3	6.7	0.7	0.8	100.0
Daily	626,405	18.0	6.9	31.0	6.2	1.1	13.1	5.4	0.4	13.9	2.5	1.5	100.0
No. of admissions	1,494,008	551,479	176,599	278,150	42,893	10,324	136,438	102,783	3,740	158,842	18,055	14,705	
<b>No. of prior treatment episodes</b>													
None	509,457	50.1	11.6	15.1	0.6	0.4	7.1	5.2	0.3	8.2	1.1	0.3	100.0
1	316,470	43.8	13.0	10.9	0.6	0.5	9.8	7.0	0.2	12.4	1.0	0.8	100.0
2	180,678	35.2	14.7	11.1	0.6	0.7	11.0	8.5	0.2	15.6	1.2	1.2	100.0
3	113,661	31.1	15.3	12.7	0.5	0.7	12.0	9.1	0.2	15.4	1.4	1.6	100.0
4	66,235	28.2	15.1	15.2	0.8	0.8	12.3	9.9	0.2	14.2	1.4	1.9	100.0
5 or more	218,398	19.1	9.7	32.6	1.0	0.7	12.4	9.1	0.2	10.9	2.0	2.4	100.0
No. of admissions	1,404,899	552,888	175,517	226,989	8,966	7,592	136,220	101,034	3,175	159,956	17,872	14,690	

\* Less than 0.05 percent.

<sup>1</sup> Therapy with methadone or buprenorphine is part of client's treatment plan.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Unknown types of treatment service were excluded. Percentages may not sum to 100 percent due to rounding. Percentages are based on all admissions with known and valid values. Admissions for which values were not collected, unknown, or missing are excluded from the percentage base (denominator).

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

# **APPENDIX A.**

## **ABOUT THE TREATMENT EPISODE DATA SET (TEDS)**

### **Introduction**

This report presents data from the Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) on the demographic and substance abuse characteristics of admissions to substance abuse treatment. The Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality (CBHSQ), Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA), coordinates and manages collection of TEDS data from the states.

The Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) is a compilation of client-level data routinely collected by the individual state administrative data systems to monitor their substance abuse treatment systems. Generally, facilities that are required to report to the state substance abuse agency (SSA) are those that receive public funds and/or are licensed or certified by the SSA to provide substance abuse treatment (or are administratively tracked for other reasons).

The TEDS system comprises two major components, the Admissions Data Set and the Linked Discharge Data Set. The TEDS Admissions Data Set includes client-level data on substance abuse treatment admissions from 1992 through the present. The TEDS Linked Discharge Data Set is linked at record level to admissions, and includes information from clients discharged in 2000 and later. For both data sets, selected data items from the individual state data files are converted to a standardized format consistent across states. These standardized data constitute TEDS.

The TEDS Admissions Data System consists of a Minimum Data Set of items collected by all states, and a Supplemental Data Set where individual data items are reported at the states' choosing.

The Minimum Data Set consists of items that include:

- Demographic information
- Primary, secondary, and tertiary substances and their route of administration, frequency of use, and age at first use
- Source of referral to treatment
- Number of prior treatment episodes
- Type of treatment service, including planned use of medication-assisted opioid therapy

The Supplemental Data Set consists of 17 items that include psychiatric, social, and economic measures.

### **History**

National-level data collection on admissions to substance abuse treatment was first mandated in 1972 under the Drug Abuse Office and Treatment Act, P.L. 92-255. This act initiated federal funding for drug treatment and rehabilitation, and required reporting on clients entering drug (but not alcohol)

abuse treatment. The Client-Oriented Data Acquisition Process (CODAP) was developed to collect admission and discharge data directly from federally funded drug treatment programs. (Programs for treatment of alcohol abuse were not included.) Reporting was mandatory for all such programs, and data were collected using a standard form. CODAP included all clients in federally funded programs regardless of individual funding source. Reports were issued from 1973 to 1981 based on data from 1,800 to 2,000 programs, including some 200,000 annual admissions.

In 1981, collection of national-level data on admissions to substance abuse treatment was discontinued because of the introduction of the Alcohol, Drug Abuse, and Mental Health Services (ADMS) Block Grant. The Block Grant transferred federal funding from individual programs to the states for distribution, and it included no data reporting requirement. Participation in CODAP became voluntary; although several states submitted data through 1984, the data were in no way nationally representative.

In 1988, the Comprehensive Alcohol Abuse, Drug Abuse, and Mental Health Amendments (P.L. 100-690) established a revised Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment (SAPT) Block Grant and mandated federal data collection on clients receiving treatment for either alcohol or drug abuse. The Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS) data collection effort represents the federal response to this mandate. TEDS began in 1989 with the issue of three-year development grants to states.

### **State Data Collection Systems**

TEDS is an exceptionally large and powerful data set that covers a significant portion of all admissions to substance abuse treatment. TEDS is a compilation of data collected through the individual data collection systems of the state substance abuse agencies (SSAs) for substance abuse treatment. States have cooperated with the federal government in the data collection process, and substantial progress has been made toward developing a standardized data set. However, because each state system is unique and each state has unique powers and mandates, significant differences exist among state data collection systems. These differences are compounded by evolving health care payment systems, and so state-to-state comparisons must be made with extreme caution.

The number and client mix of TEDS admissions do not represent the total national demand for substance abuse treatment or the prevalence of substance abuse in the general population.

States differ widely in the amount of public funding available for substance abuse treatment and in the constraints placed on the use of funds. States may be directed to target special populations such as pregnant women or adolescents. Where funds are limited, states may be compelled to exercise triage in admitting persons to treatment, admitting only those with the most “severe” problems. In states with higher funding levels, a larger proportion of the population in need of treatment may be admitted, including the less severely impaired.

States may include or exclude reporting by certain sectors of the treatment population, and these sectors may change over time. For example, treatment programs based in the criminal justice system may or may not be administered through the SSA. Detoxification facilities, which can generate large numbers of admissions, are not uniformly considered treatment facilities and are not uniformly reported by all states.

*Appendix A Table 1* presents key characteristics of state data collection systems for 2015. However, these characteristics can change as state substance abuse treatment systems change, and thus may be responsible for some year-to-year variation within states.

- *Facilities included.* The scope of facilities included in TEDS is affected by differences in state licensure, certification, and accreditation practices, and disbursement of public funds. Most SSAs require facilities that receive state/public funding (including federal block grant funds) for the provision of alcohol and/or drug treatment services to report data to the SSA. Generally this funding is distributed by the SSA but may be distributed by another public agency.

Some SSAs regulate private facilities, methadone clinics, and/or individual practitioners and require them to report TEDS data. Others do not because of the difficulty in obtaining data from these facilities, although these facilities may report voluntarily. Facilities operated by federal agencies (e.g., the Bureau of Prisons, the Department of Defense, and the Department of Veterans Affairs) generally do not report TEDS data to the SSA, although some facilities operated by the Indian Health Service are included. Hospital-based substance abuse treatment facilities are frequently not licensed through the SSA and do not report TEDS data. Correctional facilities (state prisons and local jails) are monitored by the SSA and report TEDS data in some states but not in others.

- The primary goal of TEDS is to monitor the characteristics of clients admitted to planned, continuing treatment regimens. Thus early intervention and crisis intervention programs that do not lead to enrollment in continued treatment are excluded from TEDS.
- *Clients included.* Of the 45 states included in the report, as well as the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico, about 49 percent reported data on all admissions to all eligible facilities; others reported only, or mostly, admissions financed by public funds. TEDS is an admission-based system; therefore, TEDS admissions do not represent individuals. For example, an individual admitted to treatment twice within a calendar year would be counted as two admissions.
- *Ability to track multi-service episodes.* The goal for the TEDS system is to enumerate treatment episodes by distinguishing the initial admission of a client from his/her subsequent transfer to a different type of treatment service (e.g., from rehabilitation/residential treatment to outpatient) within a single continuous treatment episode. Thus TEDS records are ideally coded as admissions if they represent the initial treatment service in a treatment episode and as transfers if they represent a change in type of treatment service or a change in provider without an interruption in treatment.

This requires, however, that clients be assigned unique IDs that can be linked across providers; not all states are legally and/or technologically able to do this. Most states can identify as transfers a change in type of treatment service within the structure of a given provider; however, fewer can also identify a transfer involving a change of provider. Several states do not track transfers, but instead report as transfers those clients who are discharged and readmitted within a specified (state-specific) time period.

Because some admission records in fact may represent transfers, the number of admissions reported probably overestimates the number of treatment episodes. Some states reported a limited data set on codependents of substance abusers entering treatment. On average, from

2005 through 2015, 89 percent of all records submitted were client admissions, 10 percent were client transfers, and less than 1 percent were codependents of substance abusers.

- *Services offered.* A state's mix of types of treatment service (e.g., outpatient, detoxification, rehabilitation/residential, opioid therapy) can have a significant effect on its admission rate. There is higher client turnover and therefore more admissions in short-stay services such as detoxification than in long-stay services such as outpatient or long-term residential treatment. Admission rates for individual substances of abuse may be affected as well (e.g., detoxification is more closely associated with alcohol or heroin use than with use of other substances).
- *Completeness and timeliness of reporting.* SAMHSA, in reporting national-level TEDS data, must balance timeliness of reporting and completeness of the data set. There may be a time lag in the publication of SAMHSA's annual report because preparation cannot begin until states have completed their data submission for that year. States in turn rely on individual facilities to report in a timely manner so they can submit TEDS data to SAMHSA at regular intervals.

Admissions from facilities that report late to the states will appear in a later data submission to SAMHSA, so the number of annual admissions in a report may be higher in subsequent reports. The number of additional admissions is small because of the time lag in issuing the report. Thus the percentage distributions will change very little in subsequent reports, although Census division- and state-level data may change somewhat more for states with reporting delays (state report only).

States continually review and improve their data collection and processing. When systematic errors are identified, states may revise or replace historical TEDS data files. While this process represents an improvement in the data system, the historical statistics in this report will differ slightly from those in earlier reports.

*Appendix A Tables 2 and 3* indicate the proportions of records by state or jurisdiction for which valid data were received for 2015. States are expected to report all variables in the Minimum Data Set (Appendix A, Table 2). Variables in the Supplemental Data Set are collected at each state's option (Appendix A, Table 3).

### **Report-Specific Considerations**

- The report focuses on treatment admissions for substance abusers, so admissions for treatment as a codependent of a substance abuser are excluded. Records for identifiable transfers within a single treatment episode are also excluded.
- Records with partially complete data have been retained. Where records include missing or invalid data for a specific variable other than primary, secondary, or tertiary substance, those records are excluded from tabulations of that variable. For substance variables, missing or unknown responses were included in the category "Other." The total number of admissions on which a percentage distribution is based is reported in each table.
- The *primary, secondary, and tertiary substances of abuse* reported to TEDS are those substances that led to the treatment episode and not necessarily a complete enumeration of all drugs used at the time of admission.

- Primary alcohol admissions are classified as “Alcohol only” or “Alcohol with secondary drug abuse.” The latter indicates a primary alcohol admission with a specified secondary and/or tertiary drug. All other primary alcohol admissions are classified as “Alcohol only.”
- Cocaine admissions are classified according to route of administration as smoked and other route. Smoked cocaine primarily represents crack or rock cocaine, but can also include cocaine hydrochloride (powder cocaine) when it is free-based. Non-smoked cocaine includes all cocaine admissions where cocaine is injected, inhaled, or taken orally; it also includes admissions where the route of administration is unknown or not collected. Thus the TEDS estimate of admissions for smoked cocaine is conservative.
- Methamphetamine/amphetamine admissions include admissions for both substances, but are primarily for methamphetamine. In 2015, methamphetamine constituted about 94 percent of combined methamphetamine/amphetamine admissions. Texas, which has a large number of methamphetamine admissions, reported them as *Other amphetamines* until 2006.
- For this report, secondary and tertiary substances (see Appendix B) are grouped and referred to as secondary substances.
- Significant changes in the clients or facilities reported to TEDS by some states and jurisdictions can result in changes in the number of admissions large enough to influence trends.

**Appendix A Table 1. State data system reporting characteristics: 2015**

State or jurisdiction	Facilities reporting TEDS data to the state SSA		Eligible clients	Change of service within episode	Change of provider within episode
	Facilities required to report to the state SSA <sup>1</sup>	Facilities reporting voluntarily to the state SSA			
Alabama	Facilities that receive state/public funding	None	All clients in facility	Admission	Admission
Alaska	Facilities that receive state/public funding	None	All clients in facility who receive substance abuse treatment services	Admission (for most providers) Transfer (for some providers)	Admission
Arizona	Facilities that receive state/public funding	None	State/public-funded clients only	<i>n/a</i> <sup>2</sup>	<i>n/a</i> <sup>2</sup>
Arkansas	Facilities that are licensed by state SSA	State Community Correction facilities Some private facilities	All clients in a licensed facility	Transfer	Admission
California	Facilities that receive state funding All licensed narcotic treatment facilities	None	All clients in facility except DUI	Transfer	Transfer
Colorado	State-licensed facilities Methadone facilities Community-based juvenile and adult justice treatment programs, except institutionally-based	None	All clients receiving substance abuse treatment services in facility	Admission	Admission
Connecticut	Facilities that receive state/public funding (including corrections) Facilities serving adults that are licensed by state Dept of Public Health Some facilities treating youth < 18 General hospitals funded by SSA	None	All clients in facility	Admission	Admission
Delaware	Facilities that receive state/public funding, excluding: - Child/youth services - Most Medicaid-funded services - Most criminal justice system services	None	State/public-funded clients only	Admission	Admission
Dist. of Columbia	Facilities that receive state/public funding	None	State/public-funded clients only	Transfer	Admission
Florida	Facilities that receive state/public funding	None	State/public-funded clients only	Transfer	Admission
Georgia	Facilities that receive SAPT/BG, state, and Medicaid funding through the state SSA (This includes Medicaid eligible aged blind, and disabled adults and youth. Medicaid individuals in Managed Care Plans are excluded.)	None	SSA funded clients with SA or co-occurring SA and mental disorders	<i>n/a</i> <sup>3</sup>	Admission
Hawaii	Facilities that receive state/public funding	None	All clients in facility	Admission	Admission

*Continued. See notes at end of table.*

**Appendix A Table 1. State data system reporting characteristics: 2015 (continued)**

State or jurisdiction	Facilities reporting TEDS data to the state SSA		Eligible clients	Change of service within episode	Change of provider within episode
	Facilities required to report to the state SSA <sup>1</sup>	Facilities reporting voluntarily to the state SSA			
Idaho	Facilities that receive state/public funding	None	State/public-funded clients only	Transfer	Admission
Illinois	Facilities that receive funding through the state SSA (this includes Medicaid paid sub-acute addiction treatment services)	None	State/public-funded clients only	Transfer	Admission
Indiana	Facilities that receive state/public funding	None	State/public-funded clients only	Transfer	Admission
Iowa	Facilities that receive state/public funding Facilities that are licensed/certified by state SSA	None	All clients in facility	<i>n/a</i> <sup>4</sup>	Admission
Kansas	Facilities that receive state/public funding Medicaid-certified facilities Department of Corrections 4th-time DUI facilities	None	All clients in facility	Transfer	Transfer
Kentucky	Facilities that receive state/public funding	None	All clients in facility	Transfer	Admission
Louisiana	Facilities that receive state/public funding State programs	None	All clients in facility	Admission	Admission
Maine	Facilities that receive state/federal/public funding Facilities licensed by the state	Some private substance abuse providers report	All clients in facility	Admission	Admission
Maryland	Facilities that receive state/public funding	None	All clients in facility	Transfer	Admission
Massachusetts	Facilities that are licensed/certified and hold a contract with the state SSA	Houses of corrections and some private opioid treatment programs that do not have a contract with the state	All clients in facility	Admission	Admission
Michigan	State licensed facilities that receive state/public funding Medicaid providers of behavioral health services	None	Clients whose services are supported by state/public funds through the Dept of Health and Human Services, including Medicaid	<i>n/a</i> <sup>3</sup>	Transfer
Minnesota	Providers serving publicly-funded clients	None	All clients in facility	Admission	Admission
Mississippi	Facilities that receive state/public funding Facilities certified by Mental Health Department	None	All clients in facility	Transfer	Admission
Missouri	Facilities that receive state/public funding	None	State/public-funded clients only	Transfer	Admission

*Continued. See notes at end of table.*

**Appendix A Table 1. State data system reporting characteristics: 2015 (continued)**

State or jurisdiction	Facilities reporting TEDS data to the state SSA		Eligible clients	Change of service within episode	Change of provider within episode
	Facilities required to report to the state SSA <sup>1</sup>	Facilities reporting voluntarily to the state SSA			
Montana	Facilities that receive state/public funding Facilities that are licensed/certified by state SSA	None	All clients in facility except DUI clients	Transfer	Admission
Nebraska	Facilities that receive SSA-administered state/public funding	None	State/public-funded clients only	Admission	Admission
Nevada	Facilities that receive state/public funding	None	All clients in facility	Transfer	Transfer
New Hampshire	Facilities that receive state/public funding Methadone maintenance facilities	None	State/public-funded clients only	Transfer	Admission
New Jersey	Facilities that receive state/public funding Facilities that are licensed/certified by state SSA Facilities in state intoxicated driver program	Some private facilities and solo practitioners	All clients in facility	Admission	Admission
New Mexico	Facilities that receive SSA substance abuse funding	None	SSA funded clients with SA or co-occurring SA and mental disorders	Transfer	Transfer
New York	Facilities that receive state/public funding Facilities that are licensed/certified by state SSA	None	All clients in facility	Admission	Admission
North Carolina	Facilities that receive state/public funding	None	All clients in facility	Transfer	Transfer
North Dakota	Eight state Divisional service centers and other facilities receiving SAPT block grant funds One state hospital	Some private facilities	All clients in state Hospital and Regional Human Services Centers Small privates report only SAPT-funded clients	<i>n/a</i> <sup>3</sup>	Admission
Ohio	Facilities that receive state/public funding	None	State/public-funded clients only	Admission	Admission
Oklahoma	Facilities that receive state/public funding	None	State/public-funded clients only	Transfer	Admission
Oregon	Facilities that receive state/public funding or are required because they provide DUI or methadone treatment	None	All clients in facility	Admission	Admission
Pennsylvania	Licensed drug and alcohol treatment providers in Pennsylvania that receive federal, state, or local funds from the Department of Drug and Alcohol Programs (Department) are required to report the treatment services they provide to the Department's Data System. Providers not receiving federal, state, or local funds from the Department are not required to report to the Department, although some do so voluntarily. Therefore, the statistics generated from the Department should not be interpreted as a complete representation of all drug and alcohol treatment services in Pennsylvania.	Some, but not all, county prisons, hospitals, and private providers and solo practitioners	State/public-funded clients only are required; data on all clients are requested and received from some facilities	Transfer	Admission

Continued. See notes at end of table.

**Appendix A Table 1. State data system reporting characteristics: 2015 (continued)**

State or jurisdiction	Facilities reporting TEDS data to the state SSA		Eligible clients	Change of service within episode	Change of provider within episode
	Facilities required to report to the state SSA <sup>1</sup>	Facilities reporting voluntarily to the state SSA			
Puerto Rico	Facilities that receive state/public funding	None	All clients in facility	Admission	Admission
Rhode Island	Facilities that receive state/public funding Facilities that are licensed/certified by state SSA	None	All clients in facility	Admission	Admission
South Carolina	Facilities that receive state/public funding	None	All clients in facility	Transfer	Admission
South Dakota	Facilities that receive state/public funding <sup>2</sup> Facilities that are licensed/certified by state SSA Medicare-certified facilities	None	All clients in facility	Transfer	Admission
Tennessee	Facilities that receive state/public funding	None	State/public-funded clients only	Transfer	Admission
Texas	Facilities that receive state/public funding	None	State/public-funded clients only	Admission	Admission
Utah	Facilities that receive state/public funding	None	All clients in facility	Transfer	Transfer
Vermont	Facilities that receive state/public funding	None	All clients in facility	Transfer	Admission
Virginia	Facilities that receive state/public funding	None	All clients in facility	<i>n/a</i> <sup>3</sup>	Admission
Washington	Facilities that receive state/public funding Medicare-certified facilities	State-certified privately funded methadone treatment programs	State/public-funded clients only are required	Transfer	Transfer
West Virginia	Facilities that receive state/public funding	None	All clients in facility	Transfer	Transfer
Wisconsin	Facilities that receive state/public funding	None	State/County/public-funded clients are required	Admission	Admission
Wyoming	Facilities that receive state/public funding	None	All clients in a facility	Admission	Admission

*n/a* Not applicable.

<sup>1</sup> "State/public funding" generally refers to funding by the state substance abuse agency but may also include funding by another public agency.

<sup>2</sup> Neither an admission nor transfer record results from a change in service or provider.

<sup>3</sup> Neither an admission nor transfer record results from a change in service within a provider.

<sup>4</sup> Not reporting as of July 1, 2014.

SOURCE: State substance abuse agencies, January 2017.

Appendix A Table 2. Item percentage response rate, by state or jurisdiction: TEDS Minimum Data Set 2015

State or jurisdiction	Prior treatment	Referral source	Age	Gender	Race	Ethnicity	Education	Employment	Primary substance				Secondary substance				Tertiary substance				Type of service	Opioid therapy
									Substance	Route <sup>1</sup>	Frequency <sup>1</sup>	Age at 1st use <sup>1</sup>	Substance	Route <sup>2</sup>	Frequency <sup>2</sup>	Age at 1st use <sup>2</sup>	Substance	Route <sup>3</sup>	Frequency <sup>3</sup>	Age at 1st use <sup>3</sup>		
<b>Total</b>	91	98	100	100	98	98	96	98	99	99	99	98	93	97	97	97	80	94	95	94	100	98
Alabama	99	98	100	100	86	80	99	99	100	100	96	100	41	99	97	99	99	100	99	100	100	100
Alaska	100	100	100	100	100	99	98	99	99	100	99	99	99	100	99	99	99	100	100	99	100	100
Arizona	100	90	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	99	100	100	100	99	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Arkansas	100	100	100	100	100	95	98	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	97
California	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	--	--	--	--	100	98
Colorado	100	100	100	100	80	100	99	100	100	100	100	95	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Connecticut	90	89	100	100	99	98	97	95	100	100	100	100	99	99	100	100	99	100	100	100	100	100
Delaware	2	65	100	100	98	96	68	63	91	65	99	63	87	44	99	43	85	22	99	21	100	98
Dist. of Columbia	100	94	100	100	99	98	88	97	100	100	100	95	100	100	100	97	100	100	100	98	100	100
Florida	100	97	100	100	100	100	90	99	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	98	100	100	100	99	100	100
Georgia	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
Hawaii	100	100	100	100	100	98	99	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Idaho	100	100	100	100	94	93	89	100	100	100	100	88	100	100	100	97	100	100	100	99	100	100
Illinois	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	57	100	100	100	100	100
Indiana	100	100	100	100	100	97	**	99	99	100	100	100	99	65	65	65	99	37	37	37	100	100
Iowa	100	100	100	100	98	100	100	100	100	100	100	99	100	100	100	98	100	100	100	98	100	100
Kansas	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
Kentucky	100	100	100	100	100	100	99	99	100	100	100	99	100	100	100	99	100	100	100	99	100	100
Louisiana	84	87	100	100	99	98	75	73	100	99	99	99	100	100	100	100	45	99	99	99	100	87
Maine	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	99	100	99	62	61	84	100	31	31	72	100	100
Maryland	98	100	100	100	94	92	86	98	93	100	93	81	36	94	93	88	14	77	75	92	100	100
Massachusetts	100	99	100	100	98	98	97	98	100	100	99	100	100	100	100	100	99	100	100	100	100	100
Michigan	99	100	100	100	99	97	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	67	67	70	100	43	43	43	100	100
Minnesota	99	100	100	100	100	100	97	97	99	99	100	100	99	100	100	100	99	100	100	100	100	100
Mississippi	93	96	100	100	99	94	97	96	100	100	98	99	90	99	99	97	83	99	99	99	100	99
Missouri	99	95	100	100	100	100	99	99	99	100	100	100	99	100	100	100	99	100	100	93	100	99
Montana	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Nebraska	100	100	100	100	100	96	92	100	100	99	95	100	100	99	97	100	100	100	98	100	100	100
Nevada	94	98	100	100	99	96	98	98	100	93	96	96	96	43	98	56	93	14	99	14	100	100
New Hampshire	100	99	100	100	99	98	94	99	98	100	100	97	100	100	100	98	100	100	100	99	100	100

Continued. See notes at end of table.

Appendix A Table 2. Item percentage response rate, by state or jurisdiction: TEDS Minimum Data Set 2015 (continued)

State or jurisdiction	Prior treatment	Referral source	Age	Gender	Race	Ethnicity	Education	Employment	Primary substance				Secondary substance				Tertiary substance				Type of service	Opioid therapy
									Substance	Route <sup>1</sup>	Frequency <sup>1</sup>	Age at 1st use <sup>1</sup>	Substance	Route <sup>2</sup>	Frequency <sup>2</sup>	Age at 1st use <sup>2</sup>	Substance	Route <sup>3</sup>	Frequency <sup>3</sup>	Age at 1st use <sup>3</sup>		
New Jersey	96	100	100	100	100	100	96	95	95	98	99	94	70	99	99	96	57	100	100	98	100	83
New Mexico	55	52	100	99	87	89	76	81	92	87	71	100	92	98	93	100	92	99	98	100	100	100
New York	71	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
North Carolina	100	97	100	100	99	100	99	99	100	100	100	100	100	100	99	100	100	99	100	100	100	100
North Dakota	98	100	100	99	100	100	99	100	100	100	99	100	100	100	99	56	100	100	100	100	100	100
Ohio	94	97	100	100	98	99	98	99	100	98	97	98	100	99	98	99	100	99	99	99	100	92
Oklahoma	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	59	100	100	100	29	100	100	99	100	100
Oregon	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
Pennsylvania	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
Puerto Rico	77	98	100	100	70	99	96	99	100	100	97	97	100	99	98	85	100	100	99	78	100	100
Rhode Island	100	99	100	100	89	96	96	98	99	99	97	94	96	100	99	97	95	100	99	99	100	100
South Carolina	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
South Dakota	98	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	98	100	100	100	98	100	100	100	97	100	100	100	100
Tennessee	100	98	100	100	100	99	99	99	100	100	100	96	100	100	100	98	100	100	100	99	100	100
Texas	100	100	100	100	100	100	99	100	100	100	99	100	100	100	99	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Utah	99	99	100	100	100	99	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Vermont	85	97	100	100	97	91	98	100	100	100	100	99	100	100	100	99	100	100	100	100	100	100
Virginia	88	92	100	100	98	94	87	96	94	96	94	92	80	96	95	92	67	97	96	95	100	100
Washington	100	94	100	100	98	94	99	100	100	100	99	100	99	100	100	100	99	100	100	100	100	100
West Virginia	100	99	100	100	80	97	100	100	99	99	99	100	97	51	100	100	98	24	100	100	100	--
Wisconsin	--	99	100	100	100	100	95	97	100	99	98	99	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
Wyoming	100	100	100	100	100	99	99	94	100	46	100	99	100	17	100	79	100	6	100	21	100	--

-- Quantity is zero; \*\* Less than 1 percent; ‡ No data, or less than a full calendar year of data, submitted.

<sup>1</sup> Percent of admissions reporting a specified primary substance.

<sup>2</sup> Percent of admissions reporting a specified secondary substance.

<sup>3</sup> Percent of admissions reporting a specified tertiary substance.

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Comparisons among states should be made with caution.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.

Appendix A Table 3. Item percentage response rate, by state or jurisdiction: TEDS Supplemental Data Set 2015

State or jurisdiction	Primary detailed drug <sup>1</sup>	Secondary detailed drug <sup>2</sup>	Tertiary detailed drug <sup>3</sup>	DSM diagnosis	Psychiatric problem	Pregnant <sup>4</sup>	Veteran	Living arrangements	Income source	Health insurance	Payment source	Detailed not in labor force <sup>5</sup>	Detailed criminal justice referral <sup>6</sup>	Marital status	Days waiting for treatment	Arrests in past 30 days	Frequency of attendance at self-help programs
<b>Total</b>	48	45	51	20	82	93	92	97	64	43	38	85	24	79	58	92	78
Alabama	95	87	97	90	12	95	17	96	97	96	64	100	51	70	100	100	26
Alaska	--	--	--	56	100	98	97	97	100	97	99	100	37	100	100	100	97
Arizona	--	--	--	54	100	100	95	97	--	--	--	100	--	31	100	100	100
Arkansas	--	--	--	91	93	99	98	100	94	86	91	‡	31	99	100	100	95
California	--	--	--	--	100	99	100	100	--	--	--	--	34	--	100	100	--
Colorado	100	100	100	50	86	100	100	100	91	91	100	100	41	100	100	100	100
Connecticut	--	--	--	--	100	90	97	95	--	--	--	100	--	88	--	96	89
Delaware	--	--	--	50	83	63	67	69	66	86	69	93	13	69	2	51	--
District of Columbia	100	100	100	86	100	97	97	98	93	97	97	96	12	98	100	100	31
Florida	100	100	100	95	100	100	100	98	33	--	--	100	25	99	100	100	100
Georgia	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
Hawaii	100	100	100	47	77	98	100	99	94	87	100	100	30	100	100	100	96
Idaho	100	100	100	59	100	80	78	99	100	100	100	100	69	100	100	100	24
Illinois	--	--	--	23	100	100	100	100	100	100	66	100	39	100	100	100	96
Indiana	--	--	--	59	100	100	1	96	--	99	--	100	--	100	--	99	99
Iowa	--	--	--	--	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	50	99	100	100	100
Kansas	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
Kentucky	100	98	97	99	100	100	100	98	99	100	100	100	30	99	--	100	100
Louisiana	--	--	--	--	100	37	94	76	86	71	70	100	23	75	73	65	71
Maine	99	99	91	41	99	99	100	100	83	100	69	87	--	100	25	100	82
Maryland	100	99	99	--	89	91	92	89	67	100	96	100	14	94	100	89	96
Massachusetts	--	--	--	--	100	100	100	99	100	99	--	100	19	99	72	100	94
Michigan	--	--	--	52	100	100	100	100	--	--	--	54	5	100	100	100	88
Minnesota	--	--	--	--	--	100	98	98	95	--	--	100	--	98	--	99	96
Mississippi	100	100	85	55	97	97	99	99	91	70	81	100	31	100	100	98	--
Missouri	100	100	100	39	99	96	99	96	99	99	99	100	42	99	93	99	99
Montana	100	100	100	28	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	52	100	100	100	100
Nebraska	100	100	100	74	100	100	100	95	100	100	96	100	57	98	100	100	100
Nevada	--	--	--	58	8	72	98	96	91	92	98	59	34	81	92	99	96
New Hampshire	100	100	100	63	98	98	93	100	99	98	98	99	23	100	100	100	94

Continued. See notes at end of table.

Appendix A Table 3. Item percentage response rate, by state or jurisdiction: TEDS Supplemental Data Set 2015

State or jurisdiction	Primary detailed drug <sup>1</sup>	Secondary detailed drug <sup>2</sup>	Tertiary detailed drug <sup>3</sup>	DSM diagnosis	Psychiatric problem	Pregnant <sup>4</sup>	Veteran	Living arrangements	Income source	Health insurance	Payment source	Detailed not in labor force <sup>5</sup>	Detailed criminal justice referral <sup>6</sup>	Marital status	Days waiting for treatment	Arrests in past 30 days	Frequency of attendance at self-help programs
New Jersey	100	100	100	--	100	94	95	96	93	90	93	100	40	100	96	96	67
New Mexico	100	99	100	69	93	42	78	88	63	62	31	71	20	78	89	50	48
New York	100	100	100	--	71	75	100	100	100	--	--	100	19	71	--	71	71
North Carolina	--	--	--	25	100	99	99	95	--	7	--	100	--	99	--	95	93
North Dakota	100	100	100	47	100	98	99	99	98	99	97	95	46	97	100	100	100
Ohio	2	18	32	40	100	100	100	98	96	--	100	100	15	99	100	99	91
Oklahoma	--	--	--	**	100	3	100	100	--	25	--	100	31	98	--	100	100
Oregon	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
Pennsylvania	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
Puerto Rico	100	96	98	56	56	100	97	90	91	98	100	97	7	79	100	100	100
Rhode Island	--	--	--	93	92	92	89	99	--	--	99	100	19	98	--	91	86
South Carolina	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡	‡
South Dakota	100	100	100	96	89	99	100	100	93	95	100	100	56	100	100	100	100
Tennessee	100	100	100	16	100	99	96	96	97	94	--	100	47	99	100	100	97
Texas	--	--	--	--	--	98	100	100	100	100	100	100	25	100	100	100	100
Utah	--	--	--	81	99	99	--	100	99	99	100	100	50	100	100	100	97
Vermont	--	--	--	26	--	93	--	92	--	--	99	88	--	--	--	100	93
Virginia	--	--	--	46	--	88	--	94	--	--	--	100	--	--	--	91	78
Washington	--	--	--	--	100	100	100	100	--	--	--	100	--	100	--	100	93
West Virginia	100	100	100	98	100	100	100	99	78	100	100	100	21	100	3	1	1
Wisconsin	--	--	--	--	--	100	--	85	--	--	--	100	--	--	--	94	78
Wyoming	--	--	--	**	100	99	100	99	98	51	51	100	54	98	100	99	100

-- Quantity is zero; \*\* Less than 1 percent; ‡ No data, or less than a full calendar year of data, submitted.

<sup>1</sup> Percentage of admissions reporting a specified primary substance.

<sup>4</sup> Percentage of female admissions reporting pregnancy status.

<sup>2</sup> Percentage of admissions reporting a specified secondary substance.

<sup>5</sup> Percentage of admissions reporting employment status as "Not in labor force."

<sup>3</sup> Percentage of admissions reporting a specified tertiary substance.

<sup>6</sup> Percentage of admissions reporting referral source as "Court/criminal justice referral."

NOTES: Based on administrative data reported to TEDS by all reporting states and jurisdictions. Comparisons among states should be made with caution.

SOURCE: Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, Treatment Episode Data Set (TEDS). Data received through 11.01.16.



## **APPENDIX B. TEDS DATA ELEMENTS**

### **TEDS MINIMUM DATA SET**

#### *Age of first use (primary, secondary, and tertiary substance)*

For drugs other than alcohol, these fields identify the age at which the client first used the respective substance. For alcohol, these fields record the age of first intoxication.

- 0—Indicates a newborn with a substance dependency problem
- 1-95—Indicates the age at first use

#### *Client or codependent/collateral*

Specifies whether the admission record is for a substance abuse treatment client, or a person being treated for his/her codependency or collateral relationship with a substance abuser.

- Client—Must meet all of the following criteria:
  - Has an alcohol or drug related problem
  - Has completed the screening and intake process
  - Has been formally admitted for treatment or recovery service in an alcohol or drug treatment unit
  - Has his or her own client record

A person is not a client if he or she has completed only a screening or intake process or has been placed on a waiting list.

- Codependent/collateral—Must meet all of the following criteria:
  - Has no alcohol or drug related problem
  - Is seeking services because of problems arising from his or her relationship with an alcohol or drug user
  - Has been formally admitted for service to a treatment unit
  - Has his or her own client record or has a record within a primary client record

Guidelines: Reporting of data for *Codependent/collaterals* is optional. If the state opts to report codependent/collateral clients, the mandatory fields are *State code*, *Provider identifier*, *Client identifier*, *Client transaction type*, *Codependent/collateral*, and *Date of admission*. Reporting of the

remaining fields in the TEDS Minimum and Supplemental Data Sets is optional. For all items not reported, the data field should be coded with the appropriate “Not collected” or “Not applicable” code.

If a substance abuse client with an existing record in TEDS becomes a codependent, a new client record should be submitted indicating that the client has been admitted as a codependent, and vice versa.

If a record does not include a value for this field, it is assumed to be a substance abuse client record.

### *Date of admission*

The day when the client receives his or her first direct treatment or recovery service. For transfers, this is the date when client receives his or her first direct treatment after the transfer has occurred.

## **Demographics**

### *Age*

Identifies client’s age at admission. Derived from client’s date of birth and date of admission.

- 0—Indicates a newborn with a substance dependency problem
- 1-95—Indicates the age at admission

### *Education*

Specifies the highest school grade (number of school years) completed by the client.

- 0—Less than one grade completed
- 1-25—Years of school (highest grade) completed. For General Equivalency Degree, use *12*.

Guidelines: States that use specific categories for designating education level should map their codes to a logical number of years of school completed. For Associate’s Degree, use *14*. For Bachelor’s Degree, use *16*.

### *Employment status*

Identifies the client’s employment status at the time of admission or transfer.

- Full time—Working 35 hours or more each week, including active duty members of the uniformed services
- Part time—Working fewer than 35 hours each week
- Unemployed—Looking for work during the past 30 days, or on layoff from a job
- Not in labor force—Not looking for work during the past 30 days, or a student, homemaker, disabled, retired, or an inmate of an institution. Clients in this category are further defined in the TEDS Supplemental Data Set item Detailed not in labor force.

Guidelines: Seasonal workers are coded in this category based on their employment status at admission.

### *Ethnicity*

Identifies client's specific Hispanic origin.

- Cuban—Of Cuban origin, regardless of race
- Hispanic (specific origin not specified)—Of Hispanic origin, but specific origin not known or not specified
- Mexican—Of Mexican origin, regardless of race
- Not of Hispanic origin
- Other specific Hispanic—Of known Central or South American or any other Spanish cultural origin (including Spain), other than Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Cuban, regardless of race
- Puerto Rican—Of Puerto Rican origin, regardless of race

Guidelines: If a state does not collect specific Hispanic detail, code *Ethnicity* for Hispanics as *Hispanic (specific origin not specified)*.

### *Race*

Specifies the client's race.

- Alaska Native (Aleut, Eskimo, Indian)—Origins in any of the original people of Alaska
- American Indian (other than Alaska Native)—Origins in any of the original people of North America and South America (including Central America) and who maintain cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community attachment
- Asian or Pacific Islander—Origins in any of the original people of the Far East, the Indian subcontinent, Southeast Asia, or the Pacific Islands
- Asian—Origins in any of the original people of the Far East, the Indian subcontinent, or Southeast Asia, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam
- Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander—Origins in any of the original people of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands
- Black or African American—Origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa
- White—Origins in any of the original people of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East
- Other single race—Client is not classified in any category above or whose origin group, because of area custom, is regarded as a racial class distinct from the above categories
- Two or more races—For use when the state data system allows multiple race selection and more than one race is indicated

Guidelines: If a state does not distinguish between *American Indian* and *Alaska Native*, both should be coded as *American Indian*. If a state does not distinguish between *Asian* and *Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander*, both should be coded as *Asian or Pacific Islander*. For states that collect multiple races: a) when a single race is designated, the specific race code should be

used; b) if the state collects a primary or preferred race along with additional races, the code for the primary/preferred race should be used; c) if the state uses a system such as an algorithm to select a single race when multiple races have been designated, the same system may be used to determine the race code for TEDS. When two or more races have been designated and neither (b) nor (c) above apply, the TEDS code for *Two or more races* should be used.

### *Sex*

Identifies client's gender.

- Male
- Female

### **Substance Abuse and Treatment Characteristics**

#### *Frequency of use (primary, secondary, and tertiary substances)*

These fields identify the frequency of use of the respective *Substance problems*.

- No use in the past month
- 1-3 times in the past month
- 1-2 times in the past week
- 3-6 times in the past week
- Daily

#### *Medication-assisted opioid therapy*

Identifies whether the use of methadone or buprenorphine is part of the client's treatment plan.

- Yes
- No

#### *Number of prior treatment episodes*

Indicates the number of previous treatment episodes the client has received in any drug or alcohol program. Changes in service for the same episode (transfers) should *not* be counted as separate prior episodes.

- 0 previous episodes
- 1 previous episode
- 2 previous episodes
- 3 previous episodes
- 4 previous episodes
- 5 or more previous episodes

Guidelines: It is preferred that the number of prior treatments be a self-reporting field collected at the time of client intake. However, this data item may be derived from the state data system if the system has that capability and episodes can be counted for at least several years.

### *Principal source of referral*

Describes the person or agency referring the client to the alcohol or drug abuse treatment program.

- Alcohol/drug abuse care provider—Any program, clinic, or other health care provider whose principal objective is treating clients with substance abuse problems, or a program whose activities are related to alcohol or other drug abuse prevention, education, or treatment
- Court/criminal justice referral/DUI/DWI—Any police official, judge, prosecutor, probation officer, or other person affiliated with a federal, state, or county judicial system. Includes referral by a court for DWI/DUI, clients referred in lieu of or for deferred prosecution, or during pretrial release, or before or after official adjudication. Includes clients on pre-parole, pre-release, work or home furlough, or TASC. Client need not be officially designated as “on parole.” Includes clients referred through civil commitment. Client referrals on this category are further defined in the TEDS Supplemental Data Set item Detailed criminal justice referral.
- Employer/EAP—A supervisor or an employee counselor
- Individual (includes self-referral)—Includes the client, a family member, friend, or any other individual who would not be included in any of the following categories; includes self-referral due to pending DWI/DUI
- Other community referral—Community or religious organization or any federal, state, or local agency that provides aid in the areas of poverty relief, unemployment, shelter, or social welfare. Self-help groups such as Alcoholics Anonymous (AA), Al-Anon, and Narcotics Anonymous (NA) are also included in this category. Defense attorneys are included in this category.
- Other health care provider—A physician, psychiatrist, or other licensed health care professional; or a general hospital, psychiatric hospital, mental health program, or nursing home
- School (educational)—A school principal, counselor, or teacher; or a student assistance program (SAP), the school system, or an educational agency

### *Substance problem (primary, secondary, or tertiary)*

These fields identify the client’s primary, secondary, and tertiary substance problems. Each *Substance problem* (primary, secondary, and tertiary) has associated fields for *Route of administration*, *Frequency of use*, *Age at first use*, and the TEDS Supplemental Data Set item *Detailed drug code*.

- Alcohol
- Barbiturates—Amobarbital, pentobarbital, phenobarbital, secobarbital, etc.
- Benzodiazepines—Includes alprazolam, chlordiazepoxide, clonazepam, clorazepate, diazepam, flunitrazepam, flurazepam, halazepam, lorazepam, oxazepam, prazepam, temazepam, triazolam, and other unspecified benzodiazepines
- Cocaine/crack

- Heroin
- Inhalants—Includes chloroform, ether, gasoline, glue, nitrous oxide, paint thinner, etc.
- Marijuana/hashish—Includes THC and any other cannabis sativa preparations
- Methamphetamine
- Non-prescription methadone
- Other amphetamines—Includes amphetamines, MDMA, phenmetrazine, and other unspecified amines and related drugs
- Other hallucinogens—Includes LSD, DMT, STP, hallucinogens, mescaline, peyote, psilocybin, etc.
- Other non-barbiturate sedatives or hypnotics—Includes chloral hydrate, ethchlorvynol, glutethimide, methaqualone, and other non-barbiturate sedatives or hypnotics
- Other non-benzodiazepine tranquilizers—Includes meprobamate and other non-benzodiazepine tranquilizers
- Other opiates and synthetics—Includes buprenorphine, codeine, hydrocodone, hydromorphone, meperidine, morphine, opium, oxycodone, pentazocine, propoxyphene, tramadol, and any other drug with morphine-like effects
- Other stimulants—Includes methylphenidate and any other stimulants
- Over-the-counter medications—Includes aspirin, cough syrup, diphenhydramine and other antihistamines, sleep aids, and any other legally obtained nonprescription medication
- PCP—Phencyclidine
- Other—Includes diphenylhydantoin/phenytoin, GHB/GBL, ketamine, etc.
- None

Guidelines: Substance problems are further defined in the TEDS Supplemental Data Set item *Detailed drug code*. For guidance on which specific substances to include in the substance categories, please refer to the detailed drug categories listed for *Detailed drug code*.

Data set considerations for *Substance problem* and *Route of administration*:

- For states that do collect *Detailed drug code*—Records may have duplicate *Substance problems* and identical *Route of administration* if the corresponding *Detailed drug codes* are different or are “multiple” drug codes.
- For states that do not collect *Detailed drug code*—A record may not have duplicate *Substance problems* with identical *Routes of administration*.

### *Transaction type*

Identifies whether a record is for an initial admission or a transfer/change in service. Note: Some states may use other terminology such as “initial admission” and “transfer admission” in place of “admission” and “transfer.”

- A—Admission
- T—Transfer/change in service

Guidelines: For TEDS, a treatment episode is defined as that period of service between the beginning of treatment for a drug or alcohol problem and the termination of services for the prescribed treatment plan. The episode includes one admission (when services begin) and at least one discharge (when services end). Within a treatment episode, a client may transfer to a different service, facility, provider, program, or location. Each admission and transfer record should have an associated discharge record.

When it is feasible for the state to identify transfers, they should be reported as transfers in admissions data submissions. When admissions and transfers cannot be differentiated in a state data system, such changes in service or facility should be reported to TEDS as admissions.

Data set considerations for transfers:

- All fields from the transfer record should be updated to reflect values at the time of transfer except the following fields, which must have the same values as in the associated (preceding) admission record: *Client ID*, *Codependent/collateral*, *Date of birth*, *Sex*, *Race*, and *Ethnicity*. If a field cannot be updated, it should be transmitted to TEDS with its value from the associated (preceding) admission record.
- *Date of admission* is defined as the date services begin after the transfer to another service or facility.

### *Type of treatment service*

Describes the type of service and treatment setting in which the client is placed at the time of admission or transfer.

- Ambulatory, detoxification—Outpatient treatment services providing for safe withdrawal in an ambulatory setting (pharmacological or non-pharmacological)
- Ambulatory, intensive outpatient—As a minimum, the client must receive treatment lasting two or more hours per day for three or more days per week
- Ambulatory, non-intensive outpatient—Ambulatory treatment services including individual, family, and/or group services, and may include pharmacological therapies
- Detoxification, 24-hour service, free-standing residential—24-hour per day services in a non-hospital setting providing for safe withdrawal and transition to ongoing treatment
- Detoxification, 24-hour service, hospital inpatient—24-hour per day medical acute care services in a hospital setting for detoxification of persons with severe medical complications associated with withdrawal

- Rehabilitation/residential, hospital (other than detoxification)—24-hour per day medical care in a hospital facility in conjunction with treatment services for alcohol and other drug abuse and dependency
- Rehabilitation/residential, short-term (30 days or fewer)—Typically, 30 days or less of non-acute care in a setting with treatment services for alcohol and other drug abuse and dependency
- Rehabilitation/residential, long-term (more than 30 days)—Typically, more than 30 days of non-acute care in a setting with treatment services for alcohol and other drug abuse and dependency; this may include transitional living arrangements such as halfway houses

*Usual route of administration (primary, secondary, and tertiary substances)*

These fields identify the usual route of administration of the respective *Substance problems*.

- Inhalation
- Injection (IV or intramuscular)
- Oral
- Smoking
- Other

## TEDS SUPPLEMENTAL DATA SET

### *Days waiting to enter treatment*

Indicates the number of days from the first contact or request for service until the client was admitted and the first clinical service was provided.

- 0-996—Number of days waiting

Guidelines: This item is intended to capture the number of days the client must wait to begin treatment because of program capacity, treatment availability, admissions requirements, or other program requirements. It should not include time delays caused by client unavailability or client failure to meet any requirement or obligation.

### *Detailed criminal justice referral*

This item gives more detailed information about those clients who are coded as “Court/criminal justice referral/DUI/DWI” in the TEDS Minimum Data Set item *Principal source of referral*.

- Diversionary program (e.g., TASC)
- DUI/DWI
- Other court (not state or federal)
- Other recognized legal entity (e.g., local law enforcement agency, corrections agency, youth services, review board/agency)
- Prison
- Probation/parole
- State/federal court
- Other
- Not applicable

### *Detailed drug code (primary, secondary, and tertiary)*

These fields identify, in greater detail, the drug problems recorded in the TEDS Minimum Data Set item *Substance problem*.

- Aerosols
- Alcohol
- Alprazolam (Xanax)

- Amphetamines
- Anesthetics
- Chlordiazepoxide (Librium)
- Clonazepam (Klonopin, Rivotril)
- Clorazepate (Tranxene)
- Codeine
- Crack
- Diazepam (Valium)
- Diphenhydramine
- Diphenylhydantoin/phenytoin (Dilantin)
- Ethchlorvynol (Placidyl)
- Flunitrazepam (Rohypnol)
- Flurazepam (Dalmane)
- GHB/GBL (gamma-hydroxybutyrate, gamma-butyrolactone)
- Glutethimide (Doriden)
- Heroin
- Hydrocodone (Vicodin)
- Hydromorphone (Dilaudid)
- Ketamine (Special K)
- Lorazepam (Ativan)
- LSD
- Marijuana/hashish
- Meperidine (Demerol)
- Meprobamate (Miltown)
- Methadone (non-prescription)
- Methamphetamine/speed
- Methaqualone
- Methylenedioxymethamphetamine (MDMA, Ecstasy)
- Methylphenidate (Ritalin)
- Nitrites

### *Detailed not in labor force*

This item gives more detailed information about those clients who are coded as “Not in labor force” in the TEDS Minimum Data Set item *Employment status*.

- Disabled
- Homemaker
- Inmate of institution (prison or institution that keeps a person, otherwise able, from entering the labor force)
- Retired
- Student
- Other
- Not applicable

### *DSM criteria diagnosis*

The diagnosis of the substance abuse problem from the American Psychiatric Association’s *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders*. DSM-IV is preferred, but use of the Third Edition or ICD codes is permissible.

### *Expected/actual primary source of payment*

Identifies the primary source of payment for this treatment episode.

- Blue Cross/Blue Shield
- Medicaid
- Medicare
- Other government payments
- Other health insurance companies
- Self-pay
- Worker’s compensation
- No charge (free, charity, special research, or teaching)
- Other

### *Frequency of attendance at self-help programs*

This field records the number of times the client has attended a self-help program in the 30 days preceding the date of admission to treatment services.

- No attendance in the past month
- 1-3 times in the past month

- 4-7 times in the past month
- 8-15 times in the past month
- 16-30 times in the past month
- Some attendance in the past month, but frequency unknown

#### *Health insurance*

Specifies the client's health insurance (if any). The insurance may or may not cover alcohol or drug treatment.

- Blue Cross/Blue Shield
- Health maintenance organization (HMO)
- Medicaid
- Medicare
- Private insurance (other than Blue Cross/Blue Shield or an HMO)
- Other (e.g., TRICARE)
- None

#### *Living arrangements*

Specifies whether the client is homeless, living with parents, in a supervised setting, or living on his or her own.

- Dependent living—Clients living in a supervised setting such as a residential institution, halfway house, or group home, and children (under age 18) living with parents, relatives, or guardians, or in foster care
- Homeless—Clients with no fixed address; includes shelters
- Independent living—Clients living alone or with others without supervision

#### *Marital status*

Describes the client's marital status. The following categories are compatible with the U.S. Census.

- Divorced
- Never married—Includes clients whose only marriage was annulled
- Now married—Includes those living together as married
- Separated—Includes those separated legally or otherwise absent from spouse because of marital discord
- Widowed

*Number of arrests in 30 days prior to admission*

This field records the number of arrests in the 30 days preceding the date of admission to treatment services.

- 00-96—Number of arrests

*Pregnant at time of admission*

Specifies whether the client was pregnant at the time of admission.

- Yes
- No
- Not applicable—Use this code for male clients

*Psychiatric problem in addition to alcohol or drug problem*

Identifies whether the client has a psychiatric problem in addition to his or her alcohol or drug use problem.

- Yes
- No

*Source of income support*

Identifies the client's principal source of financial support. For children under 18, this field indicates the parents' primary source of income/support.

- Disability
- Public assistance
- Retirement/pension
- Wages/salary
- Other
- None

*Veteran status*

Identifies whether the client has served in the uniformed services (Army, Navy, Air Force, Marines, Coast Guard, Public Health Service Commissioned Corps, Coast and Geodetic Survey, etc.).

- Yes
- No



## **APPENDIX C.**

### **LIST OF CONTRIBUTORS**

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